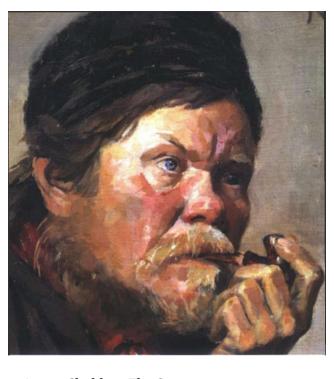
, 0101 FB2: Anton Chekhov, 21.5.2017, version 1.0 UUID: 6e1b24dd-45a6-427a-96eb-523dd35938ab PDF: fb2pdf-j.20180924, 29.02.2024

Anton Chekhov

The Steppe and Other Stories



Anton Chekhov The Steppe and Other Stories OXFORD WORLD'S CLASSICS

THE WORLD'S CLASSICS THE STEPPE AND OTHER STORIES

Anton Chekhov was born in i860 in south Russia, the son of a poor grocer. At the age of 19 he followed his family to Moscow, where he

he followed his family to Moscow, where he studied mcdicine and helpcd to support the household by writing comic sketches for popu-

household by writing comic sketches for popular magazines. By 1888 he was publishing in the prestigious literary monthlies of Moscow and St Petersburg: a sign that he had already attained

maturity as a writer of serious fiction. During the next 15 years he wrote the short stories—50 or

more of them—which form his chicf claim to world pre-eminence in the genre and are his main achieve- ment as a writer. His plays are almost cqually important, especially during his last years. He was closely associated with the

Moscow Art Theatre and married its leading lady, Olga Knipper. In 1898 he was forced to move to Yalta, where he wrote his two greatest plays, Three Sisters and Tht Cherry Orchard. The premiere of the latter took place on his forty-fourth birthday. Chekhov died six months later, on 2 July 1904.

Ronald Hingley, Emcritus Fellow of St

by Oxford University Press). Hc is the translator of four other volumes of Chekhov stories in the World's Classics: The Russian Master and Other Stories, Ward Number Six and Other Stories, A Woman's Kingdom and Other Stories, and The Princess and Other Stories. His transla-tions of all Chckhov's drama will be found in two World's Classics volumes, Five Plays and (forthcoming) Twelve Plavs. THE WORLD'S CLASSICS ANTON CHEKHOV The Steppe and Other Stories Translated with an Introduction and Notes by RONALD HINGLEY

Antony's College, Oxford, edited and translated The Oxford Chekhov (9 volumes), and is the author of *A Life of Anton Chekhov* (also published

Oxford New York OXFORD UNIVERSITY
PRESS i I

University Press, Walton Street, Oxford 0x2 6dp
Oxford New York Toronto Delhi Bombay
Collegeted Madrae KM, bi Petalinia Java Singaf University

Cdlcutfd Madras KM«hi Pttalinjg Jaya SingafH'rr Hong Kong Tokyo Nairobi Dar ts Salaam Capt Town MriiHournt Auckland and assoeiattd tomptmits in Brrlin Ibad4n Oxford is a tradt marlt of Oxford Univtr\$itv Prtss Trinslations and rditorial matrrial © Ronald Hinglty 196\$, t\$70, i97t, 197.1, 1978, 1980 Introduction © Ronald Hinglty i99t Chronology (D Oxford University PrtSI 1984 This stltctionfirst issutd as a Wor!d's Classics paptrback t99t AH rights rtstrvtd. **No** part of this publication may br rrprodwrd, Stortd in d rttritva! systtm, (lr transmitttd, in ferm or by any mtans, tltctronic, mtchanical, photMt[pyinf!f!, rtcording, or itihtrwist, without thr prior ptrmission of Oxjord University Prrss This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way tff tr. Idt or otht'f'wiM, bt ltnt, rr^sold, hirtd out or othtrwisr circulattd without tht publishtr's prior consent in any form of binding or cov" other th1111 that in which it is published and witht^ut a sintilar condition including this condition btitig impostd on thr suhHqunt purchascr British Library Catal"Juing in Puhlication Data Chtkhov, A. P. (Anton Pavlovich) 18^1904 Tht Titlt II. Hingky, Ronald fi9'-7W ISBN Library \$f Congress Cataloging in Publication Data Chtkhov. Anton Pavlovifh, /0(^^1904. Tlrt sttppt, and other storirsfAnton Chrkhov: translattd with an introduction and notts by Ronald Hittglty. p. cm.—(Tht World's classics) Includrs bihliiographical rtfrrtncrs. r. Chtlthov, Anton Pavlovich, 18^^1904— Translations, English I. Tillt H. Srrits. I'GJ4J6.A tjH.16 1991 &9i.7j3—dcio ISBN

sttppt and othrr storits.-(Tht World's classics). I.

Printtd in Grtat Britain by BPCC Haztll BMlts Ayksbury, Buclts **CONTENTS**

—tij-jitj66}4

GUSEV (1890)I34

Introductionvii Select Bibliographyxv

A Chronology of Anton Chekhovxvi

THE STEPPE (1888)I

AN AWKWARD BUSINESS (1888)82

THE BEAUTIES (1888)99

THE COBBLER AND THE DEVIL (1888)I07

THE BET (1889)113

THIEVES (1890)I20

PEASANT WOMEN (1891)146 IN EXILE (1892)159 rothschild's fiddle (1894)167 THE STUDENT (1894)176 THE HEAD GARDENER'S STORY (1894) I80 PATCH (1895)185 THE SAVAGE (1897)190 IN THE CART (1897)199 NEW VILLA (1899)207 ON OFFICIAL BUSINESS (1899)220 AT CHRISTMAS (1900)234 **FRAGMENT (1892)239** THE STORY OF A COMMERCIAL VENTURE (1892) 24I viCONTENTS FROM A RETIRED TEACHER'S NOTEBOOK (1892)244A FISHY AFFAIR (1892)245 Nfltfi247 INTRODUCTION The present volume is the fifth selection of Chekhov's short stories to be brought out in The World's Classics, and it completes the paperback publication for this series of his entire CFuvre as

a mature fiction-writer. This means that the five volumes contain all those stories which received

their first publication between March 1888 and the author's death in 1904. The text is that of the original hardback translation, The Oxjord Chekhov, except that the stories are grouped differently and that textual variants have been omitted, as has much other scholarly apparatus.' The five volumes contain sixty titles altogether, and they maintain so high a level of excellence that many readers will rate them as the finest collection of short stories which any of the world's literatures has to offer. This high standard is maintained in the present volume, with a few minor reservations indicated below, and with the obvious exception of four trifles from the year 1892 which Chekhov himself excluded from his first Collected Works of 1899-1901; these are admitted here more for the sake of completeness than for their literary qualities.² It is hoped that the completed paperback publication of these stories will help to correct the common view of Chekhov as a dramatist whose other work is comparatively unimportant. A playwright of genius he certainly was. But he surely deserves even greater admiration for what he achieved with the short story.

selection should begin with, and take its title from, The Steppe, since it was the appearance of that renowned saga of the prairies which marked and brought about Chekhov's elevation from the minor to the major league among Russian writers. Its publication in the St The Oxford Chekhov (London and Oxford, 1965-80), vols. iv-ix. ² See pp. 239-46. Petersburg monthly Scverny vestnik ('The Northern Herald') in March 1888 remains the most important single landmark in the creative evolution of its author, then 28 years old. Chekhov had begun his literary career in 1880 as the author of short comic items possessing little artistic merit. They were written for money (but then, all Chekhov's work was written for money) and published in various humorous magazines of the pcriod. He felt obliged to maximize such earnings by churning out more and more 'balderdash', as he himself later called it. But a more serious sense of purpose was sometimes dimly discernible even at the outset, and this asserted itself increasingly. The result

It is especially appropriate that this final

was that Chekhov, chiefly popular in his early twenties as a lightweight humorist, had nevertheless already begun—during the two or three years preceding the publication of The Steppe—to attract the attention of influen- tial Russian critics and litterateurs. Older writers, of whom D. V. Grigorovich was the best known, began lecturing him on the need to take his talent more scriously, and to write less hasti Iy. The first fruit of this advice was The Steppe, and particular significance attaches to the status of the publication in which it appeared. Scvcrny vestnik was onc of the revered 'thick journals' in which almost all scrious Russian literary works were first offered to readers. Now, nothing of Chekhov's had ever previously featured in any of these august literary monthlies, and so the importance of this promotion — from the pages of sundry despised or scmi-despised weeklies and dailies—could be lost on no one. Everyone knew that if the young man was ever to rival his great predecessors—Dostoyevsky, Tolstoy, and the others—Thick Journal status was indispensable. Hc now had 'lift-off'. This is at once evident from the quality of the story itself—written, insistence of Chekhov's seniors that he should pace himself. His reward was the immediate ecstatic reception accorded by ordinary readers, as well as by his self-appointed senior mentors and various influential reviewers, to a work which so cle.irly surpassed his most promising previous achievements. In the sixteen years of life remaining to him he was indeed to pace himself as he had been advised, becoming only a quarter as prolific-in terms of pages of fiction pub- lished per annum—as he had been during his eight-year-long immature phase. But the main point is that he first hit the highest level of the short-story writer's art with The Steppe, and that he afterwards rarely descended from it-even then for no more than the odd page or two. Though The Steppe clearly pointed to Chekhov's future it is also important for its links with his past, since the background is that of his boyhood summer holidays—the Ukrainian and South Russian plains. The Chekhovs would camp there en Jamille on their way by horse- or ox-cart to visit the future author's paternal grandfather, Yegor, who had been a serf in youth, but who

curiously, enough, at high speed despite the

freedom, and who had also become the manager of a vast Ukrainian estate. These details help to explain why Chekhov chose to make the central character of The Steppe a 9-year-old boy, and to present the world through the eyes of this youthful hero who is in many ways the author himself as a child. Here he was repeating on a larger scale the success of such early stories as Boys, Grisha, Volodya, An Incident, and Sleepy, which all centred, with varying degrees of humour and tragedy, on the lives of children. Perhaps Chekhov felt that The Steppe summed up all he had to say in fiction about children, for there were to be no comparable juvenile heroes in the fiction which followed. This is, incidentally, a substantial story by his standards, belonging in bulk as well as quality to a small group of later masterpieces of similar length: The Duel, An Anonymous Story, Three Years, and My Life. It is also remarkable for describing the most extensive journey in Chekhov's fiction. In 1887, some months before writing The Steppe, Chekhov had revived memories of his native prairies by revisiting his birthplace, Taganrog on the Sea of

had since purchased his own and his family's

burial mounds) and *kamennyye baby* (menhirs), the *buryan* (coarse grass and wecds), the oxcn, the water-towers, the windmills, the kites, the Ukrainian peasants, the Cossacks, and above all the im- mense expanse of the seemingly endless plains. No other work of Chekhov's is so saturated with landscape.

Other noteworthy stories in this volume take us back again into southern landscapes familiar to the author. One of them, *The Beauties*, contains

Azov, and by touring the surrounding area so familiar to him from childhood. Hence the echoes in the story of such characteristic features as the archaeologically significant *kurgany* (ancient

a recognizable portrait of his grandfather Yegor among other colourful locals. *Thieves* and *Peasant Women* too have their southern coloration, while *The Savage* evokes the Don Cossacks of the area in all the picturesque barbarity for which they were notorious, and

Cossacks of the area in all the picturesque barbarity for which they were notorious—and which is often amusingly portrayed in Chckhov's correspondence.³ Yet more exotic

autobiographical resonances echo from *ln Exile* and *Cusev*. These draw on the adventurous journey undertaken by Chekhov in 1890 across

returned by ship via the Indian Ocean, which becomes the last resting place of the Gusev who gives his name to the story. Otherwise the settings of the scorics in this volume are somewhat vaguer, in Chckhov's more characteristic manner—rural, for the most part, and evoking atmosphere of the ccntral Russian countryside south of Moscow where he owned an estate in the 1890S. Ry that time Chckhov himself had, in effect, become a member of Russia's social elite through his prowess in two of the liberal professions—the medical as well as the literary, for he was a qualified and sporadically practising doctor; he also became a landowner on a more than modest scalc. Yet he never formally acquired the lcgal status of *dvoryanin* (member of the gcntry) normal for a successful professional man or country squire. Moreover, a.s the stories in this volume so richly illustrate, he never forgot his origins as the son of a failed provincial grocer and grandson of a onc-time peasant and serf. In his work as a wholc hc chicfly focuses on

Siberia (the location of /n Exile) to the Island of Sakhalin, an unsavoury penal colony; he

as an outsider—that of the 'Scu Thi' O.v/iirI ClieHinv, iv. j; v. 4-5. landed gentry, officials, and professional people; and also of the 'intelligentsia', a notoriously elusive group overlapping those previously mentioned. Eternal students, ailing university professors, bankrupt landowners, incompetent architects, fuddy-duddy grammar school masters, overworked doctors, consciencestricken industrialists, self-deprecating, pompous, or ironical higher bureaucrats: for all their pathetic attributes (in much of Chekhov) these were yet members of the upper crust—as one look at the typical Russian peasant would at once make clear. Typical of Chekhov such upper-crust characters indeed are, but just how far they are from exhausting his social range the present volume richly illustrates. It consists almost exclusively of stories in which the emphasis lies on characters from the less privileged levels of society. The Russian underclass included principally, and at the lowest level, the peasantry, which

the privileged class which he himself had joined

consisting mostly of illiterate, poor, and downtrodden individuals who retained the status of peasant in law without necessarily being employed on the land. As for the intermediate area between peasant and elite, one despairs of finding the right nomenclature, since 'middle class' suggests something foreign to Russian conditions. To the higher part of this intermediate stratum belonged the merchants and the clergy—as represented in The Steppe by Father Christopher and Kuzmichov. To the humbler class of intermediates belonged what might be called the junior NCOs of society—petty officials, artisans, parish clerks, hospital orderlies, and the like. Old-fashioned in their dress and customs, in which they often resembled the peasants rather than the gentry, and often speaking an 'earthy' form of substandard Russian, such persons also tend to adopt on Chekhov's pages a form of comic, pseudo-sophisticated speech which presents considerable prob- lems to those translators who are aware of its special nuances. It is persons of this social category that the judge in An Awkward

accounted for four-fifths of the population,

belong to neither of 'the two poles of society . . . professional people and peasants'. Elscwhere in the samc story they are described as 'neither peasant nor master, neither fish nor fowl'. An Awku>ard Story presents what The Steppe lacks: a clash of social classes. The obstreperous hospital orderly Smimovsky, an 'in-betwccner' if there ever was one, is locked in conAict with his superior oRicer, the doctor, who falls over himself trying to be fair to this appalling lout, but who is comically doomed by Russian conditions to win the contest, however hard he tries, in effect, to lose it. It is one of Chckhov's most acute comments on the Russian class system. On rcreading it I fcel that I did it less than justice in my second biography of Chekhov, where its inefectiveness is stressed—as I now think, wrongly. As for what rings like a dismissive scntence ('seldom did evcn Chekhov write so inconclusive a study of incon-clusiveness'), that still scems to be true, but is surely a compli-ment to the story rather than the reverse.4 For a very

different confrontation, lacking the element of

Business calls 'in-betweeners' — those who

betweener', readers may tum to the haunting In the Cart and to the relationship or nonrelationship between Squire Khanov and thc unfortunate schoolmistress Mariya. If a Smirnovsky, if a Mariya can rate as Russian 'in- betweeners', what of the real social drcgs? We shall mcct them in plcnty-not his horse rustlers (who formed a special clite of their own), but his Siberian exilcs, his poor cobblers, his struggling coffin-makers, and their ilk. In At Christmas we sink to the 1-'athetic world of the village woman Vasilisa so cruelly defrauded of hcr fifteen copecks by the scoundrelly Yegor. And in *Patch* our protagonist is a mcrc quadruped. In three particularly eloquent stories Chckhov explores the gulf which separates the clite from this social stratum even lower than that of Hospital Orderly Smirnovsky. The coony- mous hcro ofGusev is an innocent, if somcwhat brutal, pcasant soldier, and is shown in contrast with the cmbittcred intcllcc- tual Paul Ivanovich-by no mcans a privileged member of • n. Hingley. A New Life of Anton Ckekhtiv (London, 11175); ri-pr. in pnpcrb.irk .is A Life of

open conAict, between a gentleman and an 'in-

Anlnn Cliekhvv (Oxford, iyXy). p. 115. society, but emphatically on the other side of the educational, linguistic, and class barrier to the dying soldier-hcro. This plain tale of a ship's sick bay in the tropics ends with a burial of both men at sea, and consists of death-bcd conversations that are characterized by the lack of cffective communication between human beings which so fascinated Chekhov as a theme. Despite Paul Ivanovich's insistence on travelling third-class, and on airing his views in some splendid harangues, the rift between first- and third-class Russian remains unbridged at the time when both bodics are consigned to the occan. Two further stimulating variants on this theme are presented by New Villa and On Official Business. In the first, an engineer successfully bridges a river ncar a village. But his wellmeaning wife can build no bridge at all between herself and the local villagers, for all her attempts to fraternize with Rodion, Stepanida, and their kind. A bemused and sorry crew—some kindhearted, men and women, some malicious hooligans— Chekhov's muzhiks, as always in his

work, are presented in a manner militantly

and Slavophile literature about the noble peasant. He had many times flouted these canons before, and most notoriously in his story Peasants (which will be found in the World's Classics volume The Russian Master and Other Stories), but he evidently felt that the point was worth making again and again. Howls of anguish from Russia's embattled pseudo-progressive and trendy peasant-fanciers might annoy him, but he always stuck to telling the truth as he saw it. A similar rift is that portrayed in On Official Business. A magistrate and a coroncr have been summoned to conduct an inquest in a village. Here they make memorable contact with the local constable, or sotsky, a downtrodden elderly messenger whose life consists largely of trudging through snow drifts to deliver official forms. The sotsky of this story was modelled on the real-life sotsky of Melikhovo, where Chekhov had his estate. The two least typical items represented here are, probably, The Bet and The Head Gardener's Story. With their discmbodied settings and their powerful moralizing pretensions they might

contrary to the stereotype of Russian popu-list

But they do have their parallels, reminding us of his experimental attempts of the late i88os to purvey Tolstovan messages in fiction, as also does Rothschild's Fiddle. These are not vintage Chekhov, per- haps, but they are more than mere curiosities. To this same small group may be assigned a better-known item— The Student, that tantalizing, brief, plotless study which Chekhov once puzzlingly described as his own favourite among all his works, and which he also claimed as a manifesto in favour of optimism. It is, like Beauties, one of the items which most appeal to those who like to discourse on Chekhov's 'lyricism'; 'for sheer lyricism this takes the biscuit', as I seem to remember one reviewer writing. But The Student also has its charm for those who, like myself, prize Chekhov more for his inimitable astringency. As this brief survey indicates, the stories in this volume are not quite what many readers of Chekhov may have come to expect. As studies of the Russian underclass they are typical, perhaps, of an important minor enclave within his work

rather than of his work as a whole. But they have

seem as far from Chekhov as it is possible to go.

it, while also providing eloquent testimony to the power and flexibility of an art which everywhere transcends its sociological, its geographical, its psychological, and any other of its analysable or classifiable aspects. SELECT BIBLIOGRAPHY W. H. Bruford, Chekhov and his Russia: A Sociological Study (London, 1948). The Oxford Chekhov, Tr. and ed. Ronald Hingley. Nine vols. (London, 1964—80). Letters of Anton Chekhov. Tr. Michael Henry Heim in collab- oration with Simon Karlinsky. Selection, Commentary and Introduction by Simon Karlinsky (New York, 1973). Letters of Anton Chekhov. Selected and edited by A vrahm Yarmolinsky (New York, 1973). T. Eekman, ed., Anton Chekhov, i860-ig60 (Leiden, 1960). Ronald Hingley, Chekhov: A Biographical and Critical Study (London, 1950). A New Life of Anton Chekhov (London, 1976); also, the same in paperback, A Life of Anton Chekhov

nothing to lose from comparison with more familiar material. On the con-trary, they enhance

(Oxford, 1989). Robert Louis Jackson, ed., Chekhov: A Collection of Critical Essays (Englewood Cliffs, NJ, 1967). Karl D. Kramer, The Chameleon and the Dream: The Image of Reality in Cexov's Stories (The Hague, 1970). Virginia Llewellyn Smith, Anton Chekhov and the Lady with the Dog. Foreword by Ronald Hingley (London, 1973). A CHRONOLOGY OF ANTON CHEKHOV All dates are given old style. 186016 or 17 January. Born in Taganrog, a port on the Sea of Azov in south Russia. 1876His father goes bankrupt. The family moves to Moscow. leaving Anton to finish his schooling. Joins family and enrols in the Medical Faculty of Moscow University. Begins to contribute to Strekoza ('Dragonfly'), a St Petersburg comic weekly. 1882Starts to write short stories and a gossip column for

Oskolki ('Splinters') and to depend on writing for an income. 1884Graduates in medicine. Shows early symptoms of tuberculosis. 1885--6 Contributes to Peterburgskaya gazeta ('St Petersburg Gazette') and Novoye vremya ('New Time'). March. Letter from D. V. Grigorovich encourages him to take writing seriously. First collection of stories: Motley Stories. Literary reputation grows fast. Second collection of stories: In the Twilight. 19 November. First Moscow performance of Ivanov: mixed reception. First publication (The Steppe) in a serious literary journal, Severny vestnik ('The Northern Herald'). 3 I January. First St Petersburg performance of Ivanov: widely and favourably reviewed. June. Death of brother Nicholas from tuberculosis. April-December. Crosses Siberia to visit the penal settle- ment on Sakhalin Island. Returns via Hong Kong, Singapore, and Ceylon.

18191First trip to western Europe: Italy and France. 1892March. Moves with family to small country cstate at Melikhovo, 50 miles south of Moscow. 1895First meeting with Tolstoy. 189617 October. First—disastrousperformance of The Seagull in St Petersburg. [897Suffers severe haemorrhage. 1897-8 Winters in France. Champions Zola's defence of Drevfus. Beginning of collaboration with the newly founded Moscow Art Theatre. Meets Olga Knipper. Spends the winter in Yalta, where he meets Gorky. 17 December. First Moscow Art Theatre performance of *The Seagull*: successful. Completes the building of a house in Yalta, where he settles with mother and sister. 26 October. First performance by Moscow An Theatre of *Uncle Vanya* (written ?i896).

1899-1901 First collected edition of his works

A CH RONOLOG Y OF ANTON CHEKIIOVxvii

(10 volumes). 1901j 1 January. Three Sisiers fim performed. 25 May. Marries Olga Knipper. 190417 January. First performance of The Cherry Orchard. 2 July. Dies in Badenweiler, Germany. THE STEPPE THE STORY OF A JOURNEY I On an early July morning a dilapidated springless carriage—one of those antediluvian britzkas now used in Russia only by merchants' clerks, cattle-dealers and poor priests^^rove out of N., a sizeable townwn in Z. County, and thundered along the post road. It rumbled and squeaked at the slightest movement, to the doleful accompaniment of a pail tied to the backboard. These sounds alone, and the wretched leather tatters flapping on the peeling chassis, showedjust how decrepit, how fit for the scrap heap it was. Two residents of N. occupied the britzka. One was Ivan Kuzmichov, a clean-shaven, bespectacled merchant in a straw hat, who looked more like a civil servant than a trader. The other was Father Christo- pher Siriysky, long-haired old man wearing a grey canvas caftan, a broad-brimmed top hat and a brightly embroidered belt. The former was absorbed in his thoughts, and kept tossing his head to keep himself awake. On his face a habitual businesslike reserve was in conflict with the cheerfulness of one who has just said good-bye to his family and had a drop to drink. The other man gazed wonderingly at God's world with moist eyes and a smile so broad that it even seemed to take in his hat brim. His face was red, as if from cold. Both Kuzmichov and Father Christo- pher were on their way to sell wool. They had just been indulging in cream doughnuts while taking farewell of their households, and they had had a drink despite the early hour. Both were in excellent humour. Besides the two already described, and the coachman Deniska tire-lessly whipping his pair of frisky bay horses, the (\^mage had another occupant: a boy of nine with a sunb^nt, tearstained face. This was Kuzmichov's nephew Yegorushka. With his uncle's permission and Father Christopher's bletting he was on his way

principal priest at St. Nicholas's Church—a short,

sons. His mother Olga-Kuzmichov's sister and widow of a minor official-adored educated people and refined society, and she had begged her brother to take the boy on his wool- selling trip and deliver him to this institution. Understanding neither where he was going nor why, the boy sat on the box by Deniska's side, holding the man's elbow to stop himself falling, and bobbing about like a kettle on the hob. The swift pace made his red shirt balloon at the back, and his new coachman-style hat with the peacock feather kept slipping to the back of his neck. He considered himself extremely unfortunate, and was near to tears. As they drove past the prison Ycgorushka looked at the sentries slowly pacing near the high white wall, at the small barred windows, at the cross glittering on the roof, and remembered the day of Our Lady of Kazan, a week earlier, when he and his mother had attended the celebrations at the prison church. Before that he had visited the gaol at Easter with Dcniska and Lyudmila the cook, taking Easter cakes, Easter eggs, pies and roast beel The convicts had thanked them and

to a school of the type intended for gentlemen's

crossed themselves, and one had given the boy some tin studs of his own manufacture. While the boy gazed at the familiar sights the hateful carriage raced on and left them all behind. Beyond the prison black, smoke-stained forges flashed past, and then the tranquil green cemetery with the stone wall round it. From behind the wall cheerful white crosses and tombstones peeped out, nestling in the foliage of cherry trees and seen as white patches from a distance. At blossom time, Ycgorushka remembered, the white patches mingled with the cherry blooms in a sea of white, and when the cherries had ripened the white tombs and crosses were crimson-spotted, as if with blood. Under the cherries behind the wall the boy's father and his grandmother Zinaida slept day and night. When Grandmother had died she had been put in a long, narrow coffin, and five-copeck pieces had been placed on her eyes, which would not stay shut. Before dying she had been alive, and she had brought him soft poppy-seed bun rings from the market, but now she just slept and slept. Beyond the cemetery were the smoking brickyards. From long thatched roofs, huddling smoke rose and floated lazily upwards. The sky above the brickyards and cemetery was dark, and the great shadows of the smoke clouds crept over the fields and across the road. In the smoke ncar the roofs moved people and horses covered with red dust. With the brickyards the town ended and open country began. Ycgorushka took a last look back at the to\wn, pressed his face against Dcniska's elbow and wept bitterly. 'What, still howling, you old cry-baby?' asked Kuzmichov. 'Still snivelling, you mother's darling. If you don't want to come, stay bchind—nobody's forcing you.' 'Never mind, Yegorushka, old son, it's all right,' Father Christopher rapidly muttered. 'Never mind, my boy. Call on God, for you seek not evil but good. Learning is light, they say, and ignorance is darkness. Verily it is so.' 'Do you want to go back?' Kuzmichov asked. 'Yes, I d-do,' sobbed the boy. 'Then you may as well. There's no point in

your coming anyway— it's a complete fool's

errand.'

close to the ground, great puffs of thick black

'Never mind, son,' Father Christopher went on. 'Call on God. Lomonosov once travelled just like this with the fishermen, and he became famous throughout Europe. Le; arning conjoined with faith yields fruit pleasing to God. What does the prayer say? "For the glory of the Creator, for our parents' comfort, for the benefit of church and country." That's the way of it.' 'There's various kinds of benefit.' Kuzmichov lit a cheap cigar. 'There's some study for twenty years, and all to no purpose.' 'That does happen.' 'Some benefit from book-learning, others just get their brains addled. She has no sense, my sister—wants to be like gentlefolk, she does, and make a scholar of the boy. And she can't see that I could set him up for life, doing the business I do. The point is that if everyone becomes a scholar and gentleman there won't be anyone to trade and sow crops. We'll all starve.' 'But if everyone trades and sows crops there won't be anyone to master learning.' Thinking they had each said something weighty and cogent, Kuzmichov and Father Christopher assumed a serious air and coughed simultaneously. Having heard their talk but making nothing of it, Deniska toued his head, sat up and whipped both bays. Silence followed. By now a plain—broad, boundless, girdled by chain of hills—lay stretched before the travellers' eyes. Huddling together and glancing out from behind one another, the hills merged into rising ground extending to the very horizon on the right of the road, and disappear- ing into the lilac-hued far distance. On and on you travel, but where it all begins and where it ends you just cannot make out. Behind them the sun was already peeping out over the to^ and had quietly. unfussily set about its work. First, far ahead where the sky met the earth—near some ancient burial mounds and a windmill resembling from afar a tiny man waving his arms—a broad, bright yellow band crept over the ground. Then, a minute later, another bright strip appeared a little nearer, crawled to the right and clasped the hills. Something warm touched Yegorushka's back as a stripe of light stole up behind him and darted over britzka and horses, soaring to meet other bands until the whole wide prairie suddenly flung off the penum- bra of da^, smiled and sparkled with dcw. Mown rye, coarse steppe grass, milkwort, wild hem^—all that the heat had bro^ed, everything reddish and half dead-was now drenched in dew and caressed by the sun, and was reviving to bloom again. Arctic petrels swooped over the road with happy cries, gophers called to each other in the grass, and from somewhere far to the left came the plaint of lapwings. Scared by the carriage, a covey of partridges sprang up and flew off to the hills, softly trilling. Grasshoppers, cicadas, field crickets and mole crickets fiddled their squeaking, monotonous tunes in the gras. But time passed, the dew evaporated, the air grew still and the dis-illusioned steppe assumed itsjadedJuly aspect. The grass drooped, the life went out of everything. The sunburnt hills, brown-green and—in the distance—mauvish, with their calm, pastel shades, the plain, the misty horizon, the sky arching overhead and appearing so awesomely deep and transparent here in the stcppe, where there are no woods or high hills-it all seemed boundless, now, and numb with misery.

hills. The music in the grau was hushed, the petrels had flown away, the partridges had vanished. Over the faded grass rooks idly hovered—all alike, making the steppe more monotonous still. A kite ski^med the earth with even sweep of wings, suddenly paused in mid-air, as if pondering the tedium of existence, then fluttered its wings and sped over the prairie like an arrow. Why did it fly? What did it want? No onc knew, and far away the mill flapped its sails. Now and then, to break the monotony, came the glimpse of a white skull or boulder in the tall graa. A grey menhir loomed for a moment, or a parched willow with a blue crow on its top branch. A gopher ran across the road, and once again grass, hills and rooks flitted before the eyes. But now, thank God, a wagon approached—loaded with sheaves of com, with a peasant girl lying on top. Sleepy, exhausted by thc heat, she lifted her head to gaze at the travellers.

Deniska gaped at her, die bays craned at the

How sultry and forlorn! As the carriage raced on Yegorushka saw only the same old sky, plain,

'Look where you're going, dumpling!' shouted Deniska. 'Hey, balloon-face! Stung by a bumble bee, was you?' The girl smiled sleepily, moved her lips and lay back again. Then a lone poplar appeared on a hill. Who planted it? Why was it there? God alone

knows. It was hard to tear one's eyes away from the graceful form and green drapery. Was that beautiful object happy? There is summer's heat, there are winter's frosts and blizzards, and there

sheaves, the carriage screeched as it kissed the wagon, and the prickly ears of com brushed

Father Christopher's hat.

are terrible autu^al nights when you see nothing but blackneu, and hear only the wayward, furiously howling wind. Worst of all, you are alone, alone, all your life. Beyond the poplar bands of wheat stretched their bright yellow carpet from the roadside to the top of the hill. The com had already been cut and gathered

into stooks on the hill, but at the bottom they were still reaping. Six reapers swung their scythes side by side, and the scythes cheerfully glittered, shrieking in shrill unison. The movements of the women binding the sheaves,

the reapers' faces, the gleaming scythes—all showed how burning and still.ing the heat was. A black dog, its tongue hanging out, ran from the reapers towards the carriage, probably meaning to bark, but stopped half way and cast a bored glance at Deniska, who shook his whip at it. It was too hot for barking. A woman straightened up, clutched her tormented back with both hands and followed Yegorushka's red shirt with her eyes. Pleased by the colour or remembering her o^ children, she stood motionless for a while, staring after him. But then, after the glimpse of wheat, came another expanse of scorched plain, burnt hills, sultry sky. Again a kite hovered over the ground. Far away the mill still whirled its sails, still resembling a tiny man waving his arms. What a tedious sight! It seemed that they would never reach it, that it was running away from the carriage. Father Christopher and Kuzmichov said nothing. Deniska whipped up his horses and shouted. Yegorushka had stopped crying and gazed listleuly about him. The heat, the tedium of the prairie had exhausted him. He seemed to with the sun baking his back for a very long time. They had not done seven miles yet, but he already felt that it was time for a rest. The cheerful expression had gradually disappeared from his uncle's face, leaving only the businesslike reserve that lends an implacably inquisi- torial air to a gaunt, clean-shaven face-epecially if bespectacled, and with nose and temples covered with dust. But Father Christopher still gazed admiringly at God's world and smiled. Not speaking, he was thinking some screne, checrful thought, and a kindly, goodhumourcd smile was stamped on his face. It also looked as if that screne, checrful thought had becn stamped on his brain by the heat. 'Well, Deniska, shall we overtake the wagons soon?' asked Kuzmichov. Deniska looked at the sky, rose in his seat and whipped his horses. 'By nightfall, God willing.' Barks were heard, and half a dozen huge prairie shecpdogs suddenly pounced at the carriage with ferocious howls as if from ambush. Extremely vicious, red-eyed with malice, their shaggy muzzles rcsem- bling enormous spiders,

have been travelling and bobbing up and do^

bellow, jealously jostling each other, imbued with utter loath- ing, and seeming ready to rend horses, vehicle and people asunder. Deniska, who liked teasing and whipping, and who was glad of his opportunity, bent over with an expression of unholy glce, and lashed one dog with his whip. The dogs growled more loudly than ever and the horses rushed on. Hardly able to keep his seat, Yegorushka realized, as he looked at the dogs' eyes and teeth, that he would be torn to pieces at once if hc fcll off. Yet he felt no fear, and looked on with malicious glec like Deniska, sorry to have no whip in his hands. The carriage drew level with a drove of sheep. 'Stop!' shouted Kuzmichov. 'Pull up! Whoa!' Dcniska flung his whole body back and pulled the horses up. The carriage stopped. 'Come here, man!' shouted Kuzmichov to the drover. 'And call your bloody dogs off!' The old drover, ragged and barcfoot, in a warm cap with a dirty sack on his hip and a long crook—a regular Old Testament figure— called off the dogs, doffed his cap and came up to the

carriage. At the other end of the flock another no

they surrounded the britzka and set up a hoarse

'Whose sheep are these?' Kuzmichov asked.
'Varlamov's,' the old man answcred loudly.
'Varlamov's,' repcated the shcpherd at the other cnd of the flock.
'Now, did Varlamov pau this way yesterday or didn't he?'
'No, sir. 'Twas his bailiff as camc past, and that's a fact.'
'Drive on!'
The carriagc rolled on and the drovers were left behind with their vicious dogs. Yegorushka looked glumly ahead at the mauve horizon, and

leu patriarchial figure stood motionless, staring

unconcernedly at the travellers.

until it was quite large and its two sails were clearly distinguishable. One was old and patched, but the other had been made with new wood only recently, and shone in the sun.

The carriage drove srraight on while the windmill for some reason began moving to the left. On and on they travelled, and it kept moving

'A fine windmill Boltva has made for his son,'

to the left while remaining in view.

he now began to feel that the whirling windmill w:^s corning nearer. It grew bigger and bigger

'But why can't we see his farm?'
'It's over there, beyond the dip.'
Soon Boltva's farm did indeed appear, but the windmill still failed to retreat. Kceping pace with them, it watched Yegorushka, waving its shiny sail like some wizard of the steppes.

remarked Deniska.

II Towards midday the britzka turned off the road to the right, went on a little at walking pace, then stopped. Yegorushka heard a quiet, a most

delectable gurgling, and felt a different air brush his face with its cool velvety touch. From the hill,

that nature had glued together out of monstrous boulders, a thin stream of water jetted through a little pipe of hernlock wood put in by some unknown benefactor. It hit the ground, and—limpid, sparkling merrily in the sun, quietly murmuring as if fancying itself a mighty, turbulent torrent—swiftly ran away to the left.

Not far from the hill the little brook broadened into a pool. The hot rays and parched soil thirstily drank it in, sapping its srrength. But it must have merged with another similar stream a little further on, because dense, green, lush sedge was

visible along its course about a hundred yards from the hill. As the carriage approached three snipe flew up from there with a cry. The travellers settled do^ by the brook to rest and feed the horses. Kuzrnichov, Father Christopher and Yegorushka sat on a felt rug in the sparse shadow cast by the britzka and the unharnessed horses, and began eating. After Father Christopher had drunk some water and eaten a hard-boiled egg the serene, cheerful thought—stamped on his brain by the heat^<raved utterance. He looked at Yegorushka affec-tionately and chewed. 'I myself have studied, son,' he began. 'From my earliest years God imbued me with sense and understanding. And so, unlike other boys, I was rejoicing my parents and teachers by my comprehension when I was only your age. Before I was fifteen I could speak Latin, and write Latin verse, as well as Rusian. I remember being crozier-bearer to Bishop Christopher. After service one day, as I recall, on the saint's day of our most pious Sovereign Alexander the First of blessed memory,

he unrobed in the chancel, looked at me kindly

and asked: "Puer bont, quam appcllaris?" And I answcred: "Christophorus sum." And he said: "Ergo connominati sumus"—we were namesakes, that is. Then he asked me in Latin whose son I was. I answered, also in Latin, that my father was Deacon Siriysky of Lcbedinskoye village. Noting the celerity and clarity of my answers, the Bishop blessed me, saying: "Write and tell your father that I shall not forget him and shall keep you in mind." Hearing this exchange in Latin, the priests and fathers in the chancel were also no little amazed, and each expresed his plcasure by praising me. Before I had gro\ whiskers, my boy, I could read Latin, Greek and French, I knew philosophy, mathematics, secular history and all branches of learning. God gave me a wonderful memory. Time was, if I'd read something once or twicc I could remember it by heart. My preceptors and patrons were amazed, expecting me to be- come a great scholar and a church luminary. I did think of going to Kiev to continue my studies, but my parents disapproved. "You'll be studying all your life," said my father. "We'll ncver see the end of it." Hearing these words, I gave up Icarning and took an appointment. Aye, I never became a scholar, of course, but at least I didn't disobey my parents. I was a comfort to them in their old age, gave them a decent funeral. Obedience is more blessed than fasting and prayer.' 'I bet you've forgotten all you ever learnt,' Kuzmichov remarked. 'Of course I have. I'm past seventy now, praise be. I can still remem- ber a scrap or two of philosophy and rhctoric, but languages and mathematics—I've quite forgotten them.' Father Christopher frowicd and pondcrcd. 'What is a being?' hc asked in a low voice. 'A being is an integral entity sufficient unto it-self.' He flexcd his neck and laughed delightedly. 'Food for the soul,' said he. 'Verily, matter nourisheth the flesh and spiritual sustenance the soul.' 'Learning's all very well,' sighed Kuzmichov. 'But if we don't over- take Varlamov we'll be taught a lesson we'll never forgct.' 'He's not a necdle in a ha; :ack. We'll fmd him—hc's knocking around in the arca.' The same three snipe flcw over the sedge, their squeaks betraying alarm and vexation at being driven off the brook. The horses steadily trying to demonstrate his utter indifference to the cucumbers, pics and eggs that his masters were eating by plunging into the slaughter of the flies and horse-flies clinging to the animals' bellies and backs. Uttering a peculiar, venom- ously exultant guttural sound, he swatted his victims with gusto, grunting with annoyance when he missed and following each lucky fly that escaped death with his eves. 'Deniska, what are you up to? Come and eat.' Kuzmichov sighed deeply—a sign that he was replete. Deniska approached the mat diffidently and picked out five large yellow cucumbers-what they called 'yolkies'—not venturing to choose smaller, fresher specimens. He then took two black, cracked hard-boiled eggs, and—hesitantly, as if afraid of someone slapping his outstretched hand—touched a pie with his finger. 'Go on, help yourself,' urged Kuzmichov. Deniska seized the pie decisively, went off far

to one side and sat on the ground, his back to the carriage. There ensued a chewing noise so loud that even the horses turned round and looked at

munched and whinnied. Dcniska attended them,

After his meal Kuzmichov got a bag containing something out of the carriage. 'I'm going to sleep,' he told Yegorushka. 'You mind no one takes this bag from under my head.' Father Christopher removed his cassock, belt and caftan, seeing which Yegorushka was do^right astounded. That priests wore trousers he had had no inkling, and Father Christopher was wearing real canvas trousers tucked into his high boots, and a short cotton jacket. With his long hair and beard, and in this costume so unsuited to his calling, he looked to the boy very like Robinson Crusoe. Having disrobed, Father Christopher and Kuzmichov lay in the shade under the britzka facing each other, and closed their eyes. Deniska, who had finished chewing, stretched out belly upwards in the sun's heat and also closed his eyes. 'Make sure no one steals the horses,' he told Ycgorudika and fell asleep at once. Quictness ensued. Nothing was heard but the horses' whinnying and chewing, and some snorcs

from the sleepers. A little way off a single lapwing wailed, and there was an occasional

Deniska sus-piciously.

squeak from the thrcc snipe, which had flo\ up to see if the uninvited guests had left. The brook softly lisped and gurgled, but none of thesc sounds tres- paued on the silence or stirred the sluggish air. Far from it, they only made nature drowsier still. Panting in the heat, which was panicululy oppre^ive after the meal, Yegorushka ran to the sedge and surveyed the l^lity from there. He saw exactly what he had seen that morning: plain, hills, sky, purple horizons. But the hills were nearer and there was no ^mdmill, for that had been left far behind. From behind the rocky hiU where the stream flowed another-smoother and broader—hill loomed, with a small hamlet of five or six homesteads clinging to it. Near the huts neither people, trees nor shadows could be seen-Ae settlement might have choked in the hot air and withered away. To pass the time the boy caught a grasshopper in the herbage, held it to his ear in his closed hand, and listened to its pizzicato for some time. Bored with that music, he chased a flock of yellow butterflies flying up to the sedge to drink, and somehow found limselfnear the carriage again. His uncle and Father Christopher were fast asleep—a sleep that was sure to last two or three hours, to let the horses rest. How was the boy to get through all that time? Where could he escape the heat? No easy problem, that. Without thinking, Yegorushka put his lips under thejet 'ning out of the pipe. His mouth felt cold, and there was a smell ofhemlock. He drank thirstily at first, and then forced himself to go on till the sharp cold had spread from his mouth throughout his body and water had spilt on his shirt. Then he went to the carriage and looked at the sleepers. His uncle's face still expressed businesslike reserve. Obsessed with his business, Kuzmichov was always brooding on it—even in his sleep, and in church during the anthem 'And the Cherubims'. Not for a minute could he forget it, and at this moment he was probably dreaming of bales of wool, wagons, prices and Varlamov. But Father Chris- topher—gentle, lighthearted, always ready to laugh—had never in his life kno-wn anything capable of taking a stranglehold on his entire being. In the many deals he had embarked on in his time he had been le[^] attracted by the business side than by part of any undertaking. For instance, what interested lim about their presentjourney was less the wool, Varlamov and the prices than the long road, conversation on the way, sleeping under the carriage and eating at the wrong times. From his expression he must be dreaming of Bishop Christopher, the Latin conversation, his wife, cream doughnuts and everything that Kuzmichov could not possibly be dreaming oJ Watching their sleepy faces, the boy unexpectedly heard someone quietly singing. It was a woman's voice—not near, but just where it came from and from what direction it was hard to tell. Despondent, dirgelike, scarcely audible, the guiet song droned on. Now it came from the right, now from the left, now from above, now from under- ground, as if an invisible spirit floated, chanting, above the steppe. Looking around him, Yegorushka could not tell where the strange song originated, but as his ears became attuned he fancied that the grass must be the singer. Half dead, already perished, it was ^^ngwordlessly, but plaintively and earnestly-to

plead that it was guilty of no crime and that it

the bustle and contact with other people that are

and, but for the heat and drought, potentially beautiful. Guiltless, it yet begged forgiveness, swearing that it was suffering agonies of grief and self-pity. Ycgorushka listened for a while, until the lugubrious chant began to make the air seem more suffocating, hot and stagnant than ever. To drown the sound he hummed to himself and ran to the sedge, trying to bring his feet down noisily. Then he looked all around and found the singer. Near the last hut in the hamlet stood a woman in a short petti- coat, long-legged like a heron. She was sowing, and white dust floated languidly down the hillock from her sieve. That she was the singer was now patently obvious. Two paces from her a small bareheaded boy, wearing just a smock, stood stock-stili. As if bewitched by the song, he remained immobile, looking downhill—probably at Yego-rushka's red shirt. The singing ceased. Yegorushka made his way back to the carriage and, having nothing else to do, started playing with the jet of water again.

Once again the song droned out. It was the

was unfair for the sun to scorch it. It asserted the passionate love of life of a creature still young

hill. Suddenly Yegorushka felt bored again, left the water-pipe and cast his eyes aloft. What he saw was so unexpected that he was a little frightened. On one of the large, awkward boulders above his head stood a chubby little boy wearingjust a smock. It was the same boy—with large, protruding stomach and thin legs-who had been with the woman. Open-mouthed, unblinking, with a blank stare and in some fear—as if contemplating a ghost—he inspected Yegorushka's crimson shirt and the britzka. The red colour attracted and beguiled him, while the carriage and the men asleep under it stirred his curiosity. Perhaps he himself had not been aware that the agreeable red colour and his own inquisitiveness had lurcd him down from the hamlet, and by now he was probably amazed at his o^ boldness. Yegorushka and he surveyed each other for a while, neither speaking, and both feeling slight embarrassment. 'What's your name?' Yegorushb askcd, after a long silence. The stranger's checks puRcd out still more. He

braced his back against the rock, opened his eyes

same long-legged woman in the hamlet over the

wide, moved his lips and answered in a husky bass, 'Titus,' That was all the boys said to each other. After more silence the mysterious Titus lifted one foot, foimd a heelhold and climbed up the boulder backwards without taking his eyes off Yegorushka. Backing away, while staring at Yegorushka as ifafraid of being hit from behind, he clambered on to the next rock and so made his way up till he vanished altogether behind a crest. Watching him out of sight, Ycgorushka clasped his knecs and bowed forward. The hot rays burnt the back of his head, neck and spine. The melancholy song now died away, now floated again in the still, stifling air, the stream gurgled monotonously, the horses munched, and time sccmcd to drag on for ever, as if it too had stagnated and congealed. A hundred years might have passed since morning. Perhaps God wanted Yegorushka, the carriage and the horses to come to a standstill, turn to stone like the hills, and stay in the same place for ever? The boy raised his head and looked ahead with glazed cyes. The distant, lilac-coloured background, hitherto motionless, lurched and further beyond, dragging the bro-wn grass and sedge behind it, while Yegorushka hurtlcd after the retreating perspective with phenomenal spced. An unknown force silently drew him along with the heat and the weari- some song careering in his wake. He bowed his head, closing his eyes. Deniska was the first to awake. Something must have bitten him, for he jumped up and quickly scratched his shoulder with a 'damn you, blast you and perdition take you!' Then he went over to the brook, drank and slowly washed. His snorting and splashing roused Yegorushka from oblivion. The boy looked at the man's \vet face, covcred with drops and large freckles that created a mottlcd effect. 'Shall wc be leaving soon?' he asked. Deniska checked the sun's height. 'Soon, that's for sure.' He dried himself on his shirt tail, assumed an air of the utmost gravity and began hopping on one foot. 'Come on, hop! Race you to the sedgc!' Yegorushka was drowsy and ediausted by the heat, but hopped after him all the same. Deniska was about twenty, a working coach- man, and

soared off, together with the sky, into the even

was going to be married. But he was still a boy at heart. He was fond of flying kites, of racing pigeons, of playing knuckle-boncs and tag, and he was always taking part in children's games and quarrels. His employers only had to go away or fall asleep for him to start hopping, throwing stones and similar antics. Noting his genuine enthusiasm when cavorting in juvenile company, adults found it hard not to remark what a 'great oaf' he was. But children saw nothing odd in their domain being invaded by a large coachman-let him play so long as he wasn't too rough. Similarly, small dogssee nothing strange in an ^ophisticated big dog intruding on them and playing with them. Deniska overtook Yegorushka, obviously delighted to do so. He winked, and—to show that he could hop any distance on- one foot proposed that the boy should hop along the road with him, and then back to the carriage without stopping. This proposal Yegorushka declined, being out of breath and exhausted. Suddenly asstuming an air even graver than that which he wore when Kuzmichov rebuked him or threatened him with his stick, Deniska cocked his ears and dropped guietly on one knee. A stem and fearful expresion, as of someone hearing heretical talk, appeared on his face, and he fixed his eyes on one spot, slowly raised his hand— holding it like a scoop—and then suddenly flopped on his stomach and slapped the scoop on the grass. 'Got him!' he hoarsely gloated, rising to his feet and presenting a big grasshopper to the boy's gaze. T^^^g to please the grasshopper, Yegorushka and Deniska stroked its broad green back with their fingers and touched its whis- kers. Then Deniska caught a fat, blood-gorged fly and offered it to the grashopper. With sublime nonchalance—as if it were an old friend of Deniska's—the creature moved its large, visorshaped jaws and bit off the fly's belly. They let the grasshopper go, and it flashed the pink lining of its wings, landed on the grass, and at once resumed trilling. They let the fly go too. It preened its wings and flew off to the horses minus a stomach. From beneath the carriage a deep sigh

proceeded—Kuzmichov had woken up. He

the distance, a look that slid unconcernedly past Yegorushka and Deniska and showed that his waking thoughts had been ofwool and Varlamov. 'Father Christopher, get up—time to start,' he said anxiously. 'We've slept enough, we'll have missed our deal as it is. Hitch up the horses, Deniska.' Father Christopher woke up, smiling the smile with which he had dozed off. Sleep had so creased and wrinkled his face that it seemed half its usual size. He washed, drnsed, unhurriedly took a small, greasy psalter out of his pocket, faced east and began a whispered recital, croaing hi^^lf. 'Time to be off, Father Christopher,' Kuzmichov reproached him. 'The horses are ready. Now, look here')ust a minute,' muttered Father Christopher. 'Must read my doxG- Iogy. Didn't do it earlier.' 'Your doxology can wait.' 'I have to do one section every day, Kuzmichov, I really do.' 'God would forgive you.' For a full quarter of an hour Father

quickly raised his head, cast a troubled look into

almost with hatred, his shoulders fidgeting impatiently. He was par- ticularly enraged when—after each 'Glory!'—Father Christopher took a deep breath, quickly crossed himself and thrice intoned his 'Hal- leluja, halleluja, halleluja, glory be to Thee, O Lord!' in a deliberately loud voice so that the others had to cross themselves too. At last he smiled, looked at the sky, put the psalter in his pocket, and said 'Finis'. A minute later the britzka was under way. It might have been going back instead of preKing on, for the travellers saw the same scene as before noon. The hills still swam in the lilac-hued distance and there still seemed to be no end to them. High weeds and boulders flined past and strips of stubble sailed by, while the same rooks, and the same kite with its steadily flapping wings, flew over the steppe. More and more the air seemed to congeal in heat and silence, submissive nature became petrified and soundless. There was no wind, no cheering fresh sound, no cloud. But then at last, as the sun began setting in the

Christopher stood stock-still, facing east and moving his lips, while Kuzmichov looked at him

the strain and torment no longer, lost patience and tried to cast off the burden. Behind the hills, a fleecy ash- grey cloud unexpectedly appeared. It exchanged glances with the steppe, as if to say 'I'm ready', and fro^ed. In the stagnant air something suddenly snapped, and a violent squall of wind swirled, roaring and whistling, about the area. At once the graK and last year's vegetation raised a murmur, while a dust spiral eddied over the road and sped along the prairie, swecping straw, dragonflies and feathers behind it in a gyrating black column, soarcd up into the sky, and obscured the sun. Hither and thither over the heath tufts of loose herbage raced off, stumbling and bobbing. One of them was caught by the whirlwind, pirouetted like a bird, flew aloft, t^ned into a black speck and van- ished. After it swept another, and then a third. Yegorushka saw two such tufts clash and grapple like wrestlers in the azure heights. Right by the roadside a bustard flew up. Bathed in sunshine, wings and tail gleaming, it looked like an angler's artificial fly or a pond moth whose wings, as it darts over the water,

west, the prairie, the hills and the air could stand

sprouted in front, behind and on all sides. Vibrating in the air like an insect, the bird soared vertically aloft with a shimmer of bright colours, and then-probably scared by a dust cloudsw^ed aside, the glint of it remaining visible for a long time. Then, alarmed and baffled by a whirlwind, a corncrake sprang up from the gras. It flew with the wind, not against it like other birds, and so its feathers were ruffled, puffing it out to a hen's size, and giving it a furious, imposing look. Only the rooks—grownwn old in the steppe and accustomed to its upsets—calmly floated over the grass, or pecked non-chalantly and heedlessly at the hard earth with their thick beaks. There was a dull growl ofthunder from beyond the hills, and a puff of fresh air. Deniska whistled cheerfully, belabouring his horses, while Father Christopher and Kuzmichov held their hats and stared at the hills. A shower would not come amiss. With a little more effort, with one more heave, the steppe would assert itself, it seemed. But an invisible, oppressive force gradually i^mobilized

merge with the whiskers that seem to have

reigned again as if it had never been broken. The cloud vanished, the scorched hills frownwned, and the subdued air was still, with only the troubled lapwings somewhere weeping and bemoaning their fate. Soon evening came on. III A large bungalow with a rusty iron roof and dark windows showed up in the gloaming. It was called a posting in, though it had no stableyard, and it stood in the middle of the prairie with no fencing round it. A wretched little cherry orchard and some hurdles made a dark patch somewhat to one side, and under the windows stood sleepy sunflowers, their heavy heads drooping. In the orchard a miniature windmill rattled, having been put there to scare the hares. Near the house there was nothing to see or hear but the prairie. Barely had the britzka halted at the porch, which had an a^wning, when delighted voices were heard from inside—a man's and a woman's. The door squeaked on its counterweight, and a tall, scraggy figure inst:ntly loomed up by the carriage in a flurry of arms and coat-skirts. It was

wind and air, laying the dust, until stillness

with a handsome jet-black beard, hc wore a threadbare black frock-coat that dangled from his narrow shoulders as from a coat-hanger, flapping its wing- like skirts whenever he threw his hands up in joy or horror. Besides the coat he wore broad whitc trousers not tucked into his boots, and a velvet waistcoat with .t pattern of reddish Aowers like gigantic bugs. Recognizing the new arrivals, Moses was first rooted to the spot by the onrush of emotion, then flung up his arms and uttcred a groan. His frockcoat flapped its skirts, his back curved into bow, and his pale face twisted into a smile, as if seeing the carriage was no mere pleasure but excruciating cestasy. 'Oh, goodness me, what a happy days this is for me!' he reedily intoncd, gasping, bustling and hindering the travellers from getting out of their carriage by his antics. 'Ah, what, oh what, to do next? Mr. Kuzmichov! Father Christopher! And what a pretty little gentle- mans that is sitting on the box, or may God punish me! Goodness me, but why am I standing here? Why am I not asking the guests into the parlour? Come in, I bcg you

the innkeeper Moses. Eldcrly, very pale-faced,

most humbly. Make yourselves at home. Give me all your things. Goodness gracious me!' Ferreting in the carriage and helping the visitors out, Moses sud- denly tumed back. 'Solomon, Solomon!' he bellowed in a frantic, strangled voice like a drowning man calling for help. In the house a woman's voice repeated the 'Solomon, Solomon!' The door squeaked on its counterweight, and on the threshold appeared a young Jew-short, with a large, beaked nose and a bald patch surrounded by coarse, curly hair. All his clothes were too short —his exceedingly shabby cutaway jacket, his sleeves and the woollen trousers that made him seem :Is docked and skimpy as a plucked bird. This was Moses' brother Solomon. Silently, with no greeting but a rather weird smile, hc approached the carriage. 'Mr. Kuzmichov and Father Christopher are hcre.' Moscs' tone hinted at a fear of being disbelicvcd. 'Aye, aye, and such a wonder it is that these good peoples are paying us a visit. Well, Solomon, take their things. This way, my honoured guests.'

and Ycgorushka were sitting at an old oak table in a large, gloomy, empty room. The table was almost isolated, since there was no other furniture in the room except for a broad sofa covered with tattcred oilcloth and three objects that not everyone would have ventured to call chairs. They were a pathetic simulacr^ of fiurniture, with oilcloth that had seen better days, and with backs canted unnaturally far back so that they closely resembled children's toboggans. It was hard to see what amenity the unkno-wn carpenter had envisaged when giving those chair backs that pitileu curve, and one might have thought that it was not his doing but the work of some itinerant Hercules who had bent the chairs to show his strength and had then offered to put them right, only to make them even worse. The room had a lugubrious air. The walls were grey, the ceiling and cornices were smoke-stained, and there were long cracks and yawnwning holes of mysterious provenance on the floor, as if that same strong man had kicked them in with his heel. The room looked as if it would still have been dark even with a dozen lamps hanging in it.

A little later Kuzmichov, Father Christopher

resembling decoration. On one wall, though, a list of regulations under the Two-Headed Eagle hung in a grey wooden frame, and on another wall was some engraving in a similar frame. It was inscribed 'Man's Indifference'. But to what man was indifferent was not clear since the engraving had faded considerably in course of time and was profusely fly-blown. The room smelt musty and sour. After bringing his guests in, Moses went on twisting, gesticulating, cringing and uttering ecstatic cries, believing all these antics essential to the display of supreme courtesy and affability. 'When did our wagons go by?' Kuzmichov asked 'One lot pawed this morning, Mr. Kuzmichov, and the others rested here at dinner time and left in late afternoon.' 'Aha! Has Varlamov been b) or not?' 'No, he hasn't. But his bailiffGregory drove past yesterday morning, and he reckoned Varlamov must be over at the Molokan's farm.' 'Good. So we'll first overtake the wagons, and then go on to the Molokan's.'

Neither walls nor windows boasted anything

up his arms in horror. 'Where can you go so late in the days? You enjoy a bite of supper and spend the night, and tomorrow morning, God willing, you can go and catch anyone you like.' 'There's no time. I'm sorry, Moses-some other day, not now. We'll stay a quarter of an hour and then be off. We can spend the night at the Molokan's.' 'A guarter of an hour!' shrieked Moses. 'Why, have you no fear of God? You will be making me to hide your hats and lock the door. At least have a bite to eat and some tea.' 'We've no time for tea, sugar and the rest of it,' said Kuzmichov. Moses leant his head to one side, bent his knees, and held his open hands before him as if warding off blows. 'Mr. Kuzmichov, Father Christopher, be so kind as to take tea with me,' he implored with an excruciatingly sweet smile. 'Am I really such a bad mans that Mr. Kuzmichov cannot take tea with me?' 'All right then, we'll have some tea.' Father Christopher gave a sympathetic sigh. 'It won't take long.'

'Mercy on us, Mr. Kuzmichov!' Moses threw

warm, and ran to the door. 'Rosa, Rosa! Bring the samovar,' he shouted in the frantic, strangled voice with which he had previously called Solomon.

A minute later the door opened and in came Solomon carrying a large tray. He put it on the table, gave a sarcastic sidelong look, grinned the same weird grin. Now, by the light of the lamp, it was po^ible to see that smile distinctly. It was

highly complex, expressing a variety of feelings, but with one predominant—blatant contempt. He seemed to be brooding on something both fi^y and silly, to feel both repugnance and scorn, to be

Moses, flustered, gave a joyful gasp, cringed as ifhe had just jumped out of cold water into the

'Very weii then,' agreed Kuzmichov.

rejoicing at something or other, and to be waiting for a suitable moment to launch a wounding sneer and a peal of laughter. His long nose, thick lips and crafty, bulging eyes seemed tense with the urge to cachinate. Looking at his face, Kuzmichov smiled sardonically.

'Why didn't you come over to the fair at N. and do us yourJewish impressions?' he asked. Two years previously, as Yegorushka well performing scenes of Jewish life in a booth at the N. fair. But the allusion made no impression on him. He went out without answering and came back with the samovar a little later. Having finished serving, Solomon stepped to one side, folded his arms on his chest, thrust one leg out in front of him and fixed Father Christopher with a derisive stare. There was something dcfiant, arro- gant and contemptuous about his pose, yet it was also highly pathetic and comic because the more portentous it became the more vividly it threw into relief his short trousers, docked jacket, grotesque nose :and his whole plucked, bird-like fi.gure. Moses brought a stool from another room and sat a little way from the table. 'Good appetite! Tea! Sugar!' He began to entertain his guests. 'Enjoy your meal. Such rare, oh, such rare guests, and I haven't seen Father Christopher these five years. And will no one tell me who this nice little gentlemans is?' He looked tenderly at Yegorushka. 'It's my sister Olga's son,' answered Kuzmichov.

remembered, Solomon had had great success

'To school. We're taking him to the high school.' Out of politeness Moses registered surprise, sagely twisting his head. 'Is very good.' He wagged his finger at the samovar. 'And such a fme gentlemans you'll be when you leave school, we'll all take our hats off to you. You'll be clever, rich, and oh so grand. Now, won't your Mummy

'Where is he going then?'

be pleased? Is good, good.'

'Forgive me, Father Christopher.' He spoke with a deferential, jocular air. 'I'm going to report you to the Bishop for robbing the merchants of their living. I'll get an official application form, and write that Father Christopher can't have much

He was silent for a while and stroked his knee.

moneys of his if he has turned to trade and started selling wool.' 'Yes, it's a notion I've taken in my old age,' Father Christopher laughed. 'I've turned from priest to merchant, old son. I should be at home

saying my prayers, but here I am galloping about in my chariot, even as a very Pharaoh. Ah, vanity!'

'Still, you will make much moneys.'

'A likely tale. I'll get more kicks than halfpence. The wool isn't mine, you know, it's my son-in-law Michael's.' 'Then why hasn't he gone himself?' 'Why, because—. He's only a young shaver. He bought the wool all right, but as for selling it—he has no idea, he's too young. He spent all his money, counted on making a packet and cutting a bit of a dash, but he's tried here and he's tried there, and no one will even give him what he paid for it. Well, the lad messes around with it for a twelve-month, and then he comes to me. "Dad," says he, "you sell the wool, be so kind. I'm no good at these things." Well, that's true enough. As soon as things go wrong he runs to his dad, but till then he could manage without his dad. Doesn't consult me when buying it, oh no, but now things have come unstuck it's daddy this and daddy that. But what can daddy do? If it wasn't for Ivan Kuzmichov daddy could have done nothing. What a nuisance they are.' 'Yes, childrens are a lot of trouble, believe me,' sighed Moses. 'I have six mysel] It's teach the one, dose the other, carry the third round in your arms, and when they grow up they're even more nuisance. There ain't nothing new about it, it was the same in Holy Scripture. When Iacob had small childrens he wept, but when they grew up he wept more than ever.' Father Christopher agreed, looking pensively at his glas. 'H'm, yes. Now, me, I haven't really done anything to anger God. I've lived out my span as lucky as could be. I've found good husbands for my daughters, I've set my sons up in life, and now I'm free, I've done my job, I can go where I like. I live quietly with my wife, eat, drink, sleep, enjoy my grandchildren, say my prayers—and that's all I need! Live on the fat of the land I do, and I don't need any favours. There has been no griefin my life. Suppose the Tsar asked me what I needed and wanted now-there isn't anything! I have ev^^^mg, thanks be to There's no happier man in all our True, I'm a great sinner, but then—only God's without sin, eh?' 'Aye, true enough.' 'I've lost my teeth ofcourse, my poor old back aches and so on, I'm shon of breath and all that. I fall ill, the flesh is weak, but I have lived, haven't I? You can see that for yourselJ In my seventies,

Struck by a sudden thought, Father Christopher snorted into his glaw, and then laughed himselfinto a coughing fit. Moses, too, laughed and coughed out of politenes. 'It was so funny!' Father Christopher made a helples gesture. 'My eldest son Gabriel comes to stay with me. He's in the medical line, a doctor with the rural council downwn Chernigov way. Well, now. "I'm short of breath and so on," I tell him. "Now, you're a doctor, so you cure your father." So he undresses me there and then, he does a bit of tapping and listening—the usual trick—squeezes my stomach. "Com- preHed air treatment's what you need, Dad," says he.' Father Christopher laughed convulsively until he cried, and stood up.' "Confound your compressed air," says I. "Confound your air!" ' He laughed as he brought out the words and made a derisive gesture with both hands. Moses also stood up, clutched his stomach and uttered a shrill peal of minh like the yap of a pekinese.

'Confound your compr^«d air!' the chortling

I am. You can't go on for ever—mustn't outstay

vour welcome.'

cackle so explosive that he almost lost his footing. 'Oh, my God,' groaned he in mid-guffaw. 'Let me get my breath back. Oh, such a scream you are—you'U be the death of me, you will.' While laughing and speaking he cast apprehensive, suspicious glances at Solomon, who stood in his former posture, smiling. To judge from his eyes and grin his scorn and hatred werc genuine, but so incompatible were they with his plucked-hen look that Yegorushka interpreted the ch:^llenging mien and air of blistering contempt as buffoonery deliberately designed to amuse the honoured giests.

Laughing two notes higher, Moses unered a

Father Christopher repeated.

After silently drinking half a dozen glasses of tea Kuzmichov cleared a space on the table in front of him, took his bag—the same one that he had kept under his head when sleeping beneath the carriage—untied the string and shook it. Bundles ofbanknotes tumbled out on the table.

'Let's count them while there's time, Father,'

said Kuzmichov.

On seeing the money Moses showed embarrassment, stood up, and —as a sensitive

man not wanting to know others' secrete—tiptoed from the room, balancing with his arms. Solomon stayed where he was. 'How much in the one-rouble packets?' began Father Christopher. 'They're in fifties, and the three-rouble notes are in ninety-rouble packets. The twenty-fives and the hundreds come in thousands. You count out seven thousand eight hundred for Varlamov and I'll count Gusevich's. And mind you get it right.' Never in his life had Yegorushka seen such a pile of moncy as that on the table. It must have been a vast amount indeed, because the bundle of seven thousand eight hundred put aside for Varlamov seemed so small compared to the pile as a whole. All this money might have impressed Yegorushka at any other time, moving him to ponder how many bagels, dough rolls and poppyseed cakes you could buy with it. But now he looked at it unconcernedly, aware only of the foul smcll of rotten apples and paraffin that it gave off. Exhausted by the jolting ride in the britzka, he was worn out and sleepy. His head felt heavy, his eyes would scarcely stay open, and his thoughts were like tangled threads. Had it been possible he would have been glad to lay his head on the table and close his eyes to avoid seeing the lamp and the fingers moving above the heap ofnotes, and he would have allowed his listless, slecpy thoughts to become more jumbled still. As he struggled to stay awake he saw everything double-lamplight, cups, fingers. The samovar throbbed, and the smell of rotten apples seemed vet more acrid and foul. 'Money, money, money!' sighed Father Christopher, smiling. 'What a nuisance you are! Now, I bet young Michael's asleep, dream-ing of me bringing him a pile like this.' 'Your Michael has no sense.' Kuzmichov spoke in an undertone. 'Right out ofhis depth, he is. But you are sensible and open to reason. You'd better let me have your wool, like I said, and go back home. Very well, then—1'd give you half a rouble a bale over and above your price, and that just out of respect' 'No thanks,' Father Christopher sighed. 'I'm grateful for your con- cern, and I wouldn't think twice about it, of course, ifl had the choice. But you see, it's not my wool, is it?' In tiptoed Moses. Trying not to look at the heap of money out of delicacy, he stole up to Yegorushka and tugged the back of his shin. 'Come on, little gentlemans,' said he in a low voice. Tll show you such a nice little bear. He's oh such a fierce, cross little bear, he is.' Sleepy Yegorushka stood up and sluggishly plodded after Moses to look at the bear. He entered a small room where his breath was caught, before he saw anything, by the sour, musty smell that was much stronger than in the big room, and was probably spreading through the house from here. One half of the room was dominated by a double bed covered with a greasy guilt, and the other by a chest of drawers and piles of miscellaneous clothing, beginning with stiffly starched skirts and ending with children's trousers and braces. On the chest of drawers a tallow candle b^rct, but instead of the promised bear Yegorushka saw a big fatJewess with her hair hanging loose, wearing a red fl^rnel dre» with black dots. She had difficulty in throng in the narrow space between bed and chest of drawers, and emitted protracted groaning sighs as if from toothache. Seeing Yegorushka, she assumed a woebegone air, heaved a lengthy sigh, and-before he had time to look round-put a slice of bread and honey to his lips. 'Eat, sonny, eat. Your Mummy's not here, and there's no one to feed you. Eat it up.' Yegorushka did so, though after the fruitdrops and honey cakes that he had at home every day he thought little of the honey, half of which was wax and bees' wings. While he ate, Moses and the Jewcss watched and sighed. 'Where are you going, sonny?' she asked. 'To school.' 'And how many childrens d^ your M^my have?' 'Only me, there's no others.' 'Ah me!' sighed the Jewess, turning up her eyes. 'Your poor, poor Mummy. How she will mis you, how she will cry! In a year we shall be taking our Nahum to school too. Ah me!' 'Oh, Nahum, Nahum!' sighed Moses, the loose skin ofhis pale face twitching nervously. 'And he is so poorly.' The greasy quilt moved, and from it emerged a child's curly head on a very thin neck. Two black eyes gleamed, staring quizzically at Yegorushka. Still sighing, Moses and the Jewess went up to the chest of drawers and began a discussion in Yiddish. Moses spoke in a deep undertone, and his Yiddish sounded like a nonstop boom, boom, booming, while his wife answered in a thin voice like a turkey hen's with a twitter, twitter, twitter. While they were conferring a second curly head on a thin neck peeped out from the greasy quilt, then a third, then a fourth. Had Yegorushka possessed a vivid imagination he might have thought that the hundred-headed hydra lay beneath that quilt. 'Boom, boom,' went Moses. 'Twitter, twitter, twitter,' answered his wife. The conference ended with her diving with a deep sigh into the chest of drawen, unwrapping some kind of green rag there, and taking out a big, heart-shaped honey-cake. 'Take it, sonny.' She gave Yego- rushka the cake. 'You have no Mummy now, isn't it? Is no one to give you nice things.' Yegorushka put the cake in his pocket and backed towards the door, unable to continue keeper aind his wife lived. Going back to the big room, he comfortably installed himself on the sofa and let his thoughts wander.

Kuzmichov had just finished counting the banknotes and was put-ting them back in his bag. He treated them with no particular respect, stuffmg them in the dirty bag without ceremony, as unconcernedly as if they had been so much

waste paper.

breathing the musty, sour air in which the inn-

made the sign of the cross over his mouth. 'How's business?'

'To what business do you allude?' Solomon stared at him as viciously as if some crime had been implied.

'Things in general What are you up to?'

Father Christopher was talking to Solomon. 'Well, now, Solomon the Wise.' He yawned and

'Things in general. What are you up to?'
'Up to?' Solomon repe.ited the question with a shrug. 'Samc as everyone else. I am, you see, a servant. I am my brother's servant. My brother is

his visitors' servant. His visitors are Varlamov's servants. And ifl had ten million Varlamov would be my servant.'

'But why should that be?'

'Why? Because ihere's no gentleman or millionaire who wouldn't lick the hand of a dirty Yid to make an extra copeck. As it is I'm a dirty Yid and a beggar, and everyone look at me as if I was a dog. But if I had moneys, Varlamov would make as big a fool ofhimself for me as Moses docs for you.' Father Christopher and Kuzmichov looked at each other, neither of them understanding Solomon. 'How cancan you compare yourselfto Varlamov, you idiot?' Kuzmichov gave Solomon a stcni, dour look. 'I'm not such an idiot as to compare myself to Varlamov.' Solomon looked at the others scornfully. 'Varlamov may be a Rusian, but he's a dirty Yid at heart. Moneys and gain are his whole life, but I b^t mine in the stove. I don't need moneys or land or sheep, and I don't need people to fear me and take off their hats when I pau. So I am wiser than your Varlamov and more of a man.' A little latcr Yegorushka, half asleep, heard Solomon discussing Jews in a hollow, lisping, rapid voice hoarse from the hatred that choked him. Having begun by speaking correctly, he had later lapsed into the style of a raconteur telling Iewish fi^v stories, employing the same exaggerated Yiddish accent that he had used at the fair. Father Christopher inte^pted him. 'Just one moment. If your faith displeases you, change it. But to laugh at it is sinful. The man who mocks his faith is the lowest of the low.' 'You don't understand,' Solomon ruddy cut him short. 'That has nothing to do with what I was saving.' 'Now, that just shows what a stupid fellow you are.' Father Christo-pher sighed. 'I instruct you as best I can and you become angry. I speak to you as an old man, quietly, and you go off like a turkey— cackle, cackle, cackle. You really are a funny chap.' In came Moses. He looked anxiously at Solomon and his guests, and again die loose skin on his face twitched nervously. Yegorushka shook his head and looked around him, catching a glimpse of Solomon's face just when it was turned three-quarters towards him and when the shadow of his long nose bisected his whole left glittering, sncering cycs, the arrogant ex-preuion and the whole plucked hen's figure^^oubling and dancing before Yegorushka's eyes, they made Solomon look less like a clown than some nightmare fantasy or evil spirit. 'What a devil of a fellow he is, Moses, God help him.' Father Chris- topher smiled. 'You'd better get him a job, find him a wife or some-thing. He's not human.' Kuzmichov frownwned angrily while M^^ cast another apprehensive. quizzical look at his brother and the guests. 'Lcave the room, Solomon,' he said sternly. 'Go away.' And he added something in Yiddish. With a brusque laugh Solomon went out. 'What was it?' Moses fcarfully asked Father Christopher. 'He forgets himself,' Kuzmichov ^wered. 'He is rude and thinks too highly ofhimselJ' 'I knew it!' Moses threw up his arms in horror. 'Oh, goodness gracious me!' he muttered in an undertone. 'Be so kind as to forgive him, don't be angry. That's what he's like, he is. Oh, goodness me! He's my ■ brothers, and he's been nothing but trouble to me, he

cheek. The scornful smile half in shadow, the

Moses tapped his forehead. 'He's out of his mind—a hopeless casc, he is. I really don't know what I'm to do with him. He cares for no one, respects no one, fears no one. He laugh at everybody, you k:tow, he say silly things, he get on people's nerves. You'll never believe it, but when Varlamov was here once, Solomon made some remark to him and he gave us both a taste of his whip! What for he whip me, eh? Was it my fault? IfGod has robbed my brother ofhis wits, it must be God's will. How is it my fault, eh?' About ten minutes passed, but Moses still kept up a low muttering and sighing. 'He doesn't sleep of a night, he keeps thinking, thinking, thinking, but what he thinks about, God knows. If you go near him at night he get angry and he laugh. He doesn't like me either. And there's nothing he wants. When our Dad dicd he left us six thousand roubles apiece. I bought an iim, I married, and now I have childrens, but he burnt his moneys in the stove. Such a pity. Why he burn it? If he not need it, why he not give it me? Why he burn it?' Suddenly the door squeaked on its counterweight, and the floor vibrated with

has. Why, do you know, he'

had the impression of a big black bird swooping past and beating its wings right by his face. He opened his eyes. His uncle had his bag in his hand, and stood near the sofa ready to lcave. Holding his broad-brimmed top hat, Father Christopher was bowing to somcone and smiling—not softly and tenderly as was his wont, but in a respectful, strained fashion that ill suited him. Meanwhile Moses was doing a sort of balancing act as if his body had been broken in three parts and he was trying his best not to disintegrate. Only Solomon seemed unaffected, and stood in a corner, his arms folded, his grin as disdainful as cver. 'Your Ladyship must forgive the untidinc»,' groaned Moses with an excruciatingly sweet smile, taking no more notice of Kuzmichov or Father Christopher, but just balancing his whole body so as not to disintegrate. 'We're plain folk, my lady.' Yegorushka rubbed his eyes. In the middle of the room stood what indeed was a ladyship—a very beautiful, buxom young woman in a black dres and straw hat. Before Yegorushka could

footsteps. Yegorushka felt a draught of air and

poplar he had seen on the hill that day somehow came into his mind. 'Was Varlamov here today?' a woman's voice asked

make out her features the solitary graceful

'If you see him tomorrow ask him to call at my place for a minute.' Suddenly, quite unexpectedly, about an inch

'No, my lady,' Moses answered.

from his eyes Yego- rushka saw velvety black eyebrows, big bro^ eyes and well-cared-for feminine cheeks with dimples from which smiles seemed to irradiate the whole face like

sunbeams. There was a whiff of some splendid scent.

'What a pretty little boy,' said the lady. 'Who is he? See, Kazimir, what a charming child. Good heavens, he's asleep, the darling wee poppet!'

The lady firmly kissed Ycgorushka on both cheeks. He smiled and shut his eyes, thinking he

was asleep. The door squeaked and hurried footsteps were heard as someone came in and went out.

Then came a deep whisper from two voices.

'Yegorushka, Yego-rushka, get up. We're leaving.'

Someone, Deniska apparently, set the boy on his feet and took his arm. On the way he half opened his eyes and once again saw the beautiful woman in the black dres who had kissed him. She stood in the middle of the room, watching him leave with a friendly smile and a nod. As he came to the door he saw a handsome, heavily built, dark man in a bowler hat and leggings. He must be the lady's escort. From outside came a cry. 'Whoa there!' At the front door Yegorushka saw a splendid new carriage and a pair of black horses. On the box sat a liveried groom holding a long whip. Only Solomon came out to see tl— departing guests off, his face tense with the urge to guffaw, as if he was waiting impatiently for them to leave so that he could laugh at them to his heart's content. 'Countess Dranitsky,' whispered **Fadier** Christopher as he mounted the britzka. 'Yes, Countess Dranitsky,' repeated Kuzmichov, also in a whisper. The impression made by the Countess's arrival must have been considerable, for even Deniska

spoke in a whisper, not venturing to whip his

hundred yards and nothing could be seen of the inn but a faint light.

IV

Who on earth was the elusive, mysterious Varlamov of whom so much was said, whom Solomon dcspised, whom even the beautiful Countess had need of? Sitting on the box by Deniska, the dozing Yegorushka thought about that personage. He had never set eyes on Varlamov, but he had often heard of him and imagined him. He knew that Varlamov ownwned acres by their scores of thousands, about a

bays and shout until the britzka had gone several

money. Of his life and activities the boy only knew that he was always 'knocking around' in the area, and that he was always in demand.

At home the boy had heard much of Countess Dranitsky too. She also owned acres by their scores of thousands, many sheep, a stud farm and

hundred thousand head of sheep and a lot of

a lot of money. Yct *she* did not 'knock around', but lived on a prosperous estate about which people he knew—including Kuz- michov, who often called there on business—told many a fabulous tale. For instance, it was said that in the

Countess's drawing-room, which had the portraits of all the Kings of Poland hanging on the waU, there was a big, rock-shaped table-lock surmounted by a rampant gold horse with jewelled eyes and a gold rider who swung his sabre from side to side whenever the clock struck. The Countess was also said to give a ball twice a year. The gentry and officials of the county were invited, and even Varlamov attended. The guests all drank tea made from water boiled in silver samovars, ate the oddest dishes—for instance, raspberries and strawberries were served at Christmas-and danced to a band that played day and night. 'And how beautiful she is,' thought Yegorushka, remembering her face and smile. Kuzmichov must have been thinking about the Countess too, because he spoke as follows when the carriage had gone about a mile and a half. 'Yes, and doesn't that Kazimir rob her! Two years ago I bought some wool from her, remember? And he picked up three thousand on that deal alone.' 'Just what you'd expect from a wretched Pole,'

Father Christopher said.

'But she doesn't let it bother her. Young and foolish she is, with something missing in the top storey, as folks say.' Somehow Yegorushka wanted to think only of Varlamov and the Countess, especially the Countess. His drowsy brain utterly rejected mundane thoughts and became fuddled, retaining only such magical and fantastic images as have the advantage of somehow springing into the mind automatically without taxing the thinker, but vanish without trace of their own accord at a mere shake of the head. In any case the surroundings did not encourage ordinary thoughts. On the right were dark hills, seeming to screen off something mysterious and terrifying, while on the left the whole sky above the horizon was steeped in a crimson glow, and it was hard to tell whether there was a fne some- where or whether it was the moon about to rise. The distant prospect was visible, as by day, but now the delicate lilac hue had disappeared, obscured by the gloaming in which the whole steppe hid like Moses' children under the guilt. On July evenings and nights quails and comcrakes no longer call, nightingales do not sing in wooded gullies, and there is no scent of flowers. But the steppe is still picturesque and full of life. Hardly has the sun gone downwn, hardly has darkness enfolded the earth when the day's misery is forgotten, all is forgiven, and the prairies breathe a faint sigh from their broad bosom. In the grass—as if it can no longer tell how old it is in the dark—a merry, youthful trilling, wikno^ by day, arises. The chattering, the whistling, the scratching, the bass, tenor and treble voices of the steppe—all blend in a continuous monotonous boom, a fme background to memories and mclancholy. The mono-tonous chirring soothes like a lullaby. You drive on, feeling as if you are dozing, but the brusque alarm call of a wakeful bird comes from somewhere, or a vague noise resounds, like a human voice uttering a surprised, protracted sigh, and slumber closes your eyelids. Or you may drive past a bushy gully and hear the bird that prairie folk call a 'sleeper', with its cry of 'sleep, sleep, sleep'. Or another bird guffaws, or weeps in hysterical peals—an owl. Whom do they cry for? Who hears them in the steppe? God alone knows, but their crics arc most mo^ful anel voluptuous.

Everything is visible through the haze, but colours and outlines are hard to make out. All seems other than it is. As you journey onward you suddenly see a silhouette like a monk's on the roadside ahead of you. It does not move, but waits, holding something. A highwayman

perhaps? The fi.gure approaches, swells, draws level with the britzka, and you see that it is a solitary bush or boulder, not a man. Such immobile, waiting figures stand on the hills, hide behind the ancient barrows, peep out from the.

plaintive. There is a scent of hay, dry grass and late flowers—a scent dense, sickly-sweet,

grass, all resembling human beings, all arousing suspicion.

When the moon rises the night grows pale and languid. It is as ifthe haze had never been. The air is limpid, fresh and warm, everything is clearly seen, and one can even make out individual blades of grau by the road. Stones and skulls

stand out a long way of The suspicious monk-like figures look blacker and gloomier against the night's bright background. The surprised sighing resounds more and more often amid the

monotonous chatter, troubling the still air, and you hear the cry of a wakeful or delirious bird. Broad shadows move over the plain like clouds acrou the sky, and in the mysterious distance, if you peer into it for a while, grotesque, misty images loom and tower behind each other. It is a little eerie. And if you gaze at the pale, green, star- spangled sky, free of the smallest cloud or speck, you will know why the warm air is still, and why nature is alert, fearing to stir. It is afr.aid and reluctant to lose one second's life. Of the sky's unfathomable depth, of its boundlessness, you can judge only at sea and on the moon- lit steppe by night. It is frightening and picturesque, yet kindly. Its gaze is languorous and magnetic, but its embraces make you dizzy. You drive on for an hour or two. On your way you meet a silent barrow or menhir—God knows who put them up, or when. A night bird silently skims the earth. And the prairie legends, the travellers' yarns, the folk tales told by some old nurse from the steppes, together with whatever you yourself have contrived to see and to grasp in spirit—you gradually recall all these things. And then, in the insects' twittering, in the sinister sky, in the moonlight, in the flight of the night bird, in everything you see and hear, you seem to glimpse the triumph of beauty, youth in the prime of strength, a lust for life. Your spirit responds to its mag-nificent, stern homeland and you long to fly above the steppe with the night bird. In this triumph of beauty, in this exuberance ofhappi- ness, you feel a tenseness and agonized regret, as if the steppe knew how lonely she is, how her wealth and inspiration are lost to the world —vainly, unsung, unneeded, and through the joyous clamour you hear her anguished, hopeless cry for a bard, a poet ofher own. 'Whoa! Halla there, Panteley. All well?' 'Thanks to God, Mr. Kuzmichov.' 'Seen Varlamov, lads?' 'No, we ain't.' Ycgorushka awoke and opened his eyes. The britzka had stopped. A long way ahead on the right extended a train of wagons, and men were scurrying about near them. The huge bales of wool made all the wagons seem very tall and bulging, and the horses small and short-legged.

figures and ancient barrows, in the depths of the

'So we're to visit the Molokan's farm next.' said Kuzmichov in a loud voice. 'The Jew reckoned that Varlamov was staying the night there. Good-bye then, lads. Best of luck.' 'Good-bye, Mr. Kuzmichov,' answered several voices. 'I tell you what, lads,' said Kuzmichov briskly. 'You might take my boy with you. Why should hc traipse around with us? Put him on your bales, Pantcley, and let him ride a bit, and we'll catch you up. Off you go, Ycgorushka. Go on, it'll be all right.' Ycgorushka climbed down from his box scat, and several hands picked him up. They raised him aloft, and he found himself on some-thing big, soft and slightly wet with dew. He felt close to the sky and far from the ground. 'Hey, take your coat, old chap,' shouted Dcniska far below. The boy's overcoat and bundle were thrown up from below and fell near him. Quickly, wishing to keep his mind a blank, he put the bundle under his head, covered himself with his coat, stretched his legs right out, shivering a little because of the dew, and laughed with pleasure.

'Don't you do him no harm, you devils.' It was Dcniska's voice from below. 'Good-bye, lads, and good luck,' shouted Kuzmichov. 'I'm relying on you.' 'Never fear, mister.' Dcniska shouted to his horses as the britzka creaked and rolled off, no longer along the road but somewhere off to one side. For a minute or two the wagons all seemed to have fallen asleep, since no sound was heard except the gradually expiring distant clatter of the pail tied to the britzka's back-board. Then cam.e a muffled shout from the head of the convoy. 'On our way, Kiryukha!' The foremost wagon creaked, then the second and the third. Yego- rushka felt his own vehicle

'Sleep, sleep,' he thought.

He took a firmer grip on the cord round his bale, gave another happy laugh, shifted the honey cake in his pocket, and fell asleep just as he did in his bed at home.

When he awoke the sun was already rising.

jerk and creak as well—they were on the move.

Screened by an ancient burial mound, it was trying to sprinkle its light on the world, urgently

thrusting its rays in all directions and flooding the horizon with gold. Yegorushka thought it was in the wrong place because it had risen behind his back on the previous day, and was further to the left now. But the whole landscape had changed. There were no more hills, and the bleak bro\wn plain stretched endlessly in all directions. Here and there arose small barrows, and rooks flew about, as on the day before. Far ahead were the white belfries and huts of a village. As it was a Sunday the locals were at home cooking-witness the smoke issuing from all the chimneys and hanging over the village in a transparent blue-grey veil. In the gaps between the huts and beyond the church a blue river could be seen, and beyond that the hazy distance. But nothing was so unlike yesterday's scene as the road. Straddling the prairie was something less a highway than a lavish, i^rnensely broad, positively heroic spread of tract—a grey band, much traversed, dusty like all roads and several score yards in width. Its sheer scale baffled the boy, ronjuring up a fairy-tale world. Who drove here? Who needed all this space? It was strange and unc^my. One might suppose, indeed, that side like some he had seen in drawings in books of Bible stories. Those chariots had each been drawn by a team of six wild and furious horses, their high wheels raising clouds of dust to the sky, while the horses were driven by men such as one might meet in dreams, or in reveries about the supernatural. How well they would have fitted the steppe and the road, these figures, had they existed!

Telegraph poles carrying two wires ran on the right-hand side of the road as far as eye could

giants with seven-league boots were still among us, and that the heroic horses of folk myth were not extinct. Looking at the road, Yegorushka pictured half a dozen tall chariots racing side by

little sticks resembling pencils stuck in the ground. On the wires sat hawks, merlins and crows, gazing unconcernedly at the moving wagons.

Lying on the last wagon of all, the boy had the whole convoy in view. There were about twenty

wagons or carts, with one wagoner to three

see. Ever dwindling, they vanished behind the huts and foliage near the village, only to reappear in the lilac-coloured background as thin line, walked an old, grey-bearded man, as shon and gaunt as Father Christopher, but with a bro^, sunb^nt face, stem and contemplative. The old man may have been neither stem nor contemplative, but his red eye- lids and long, sharp nose gave his face the severe, reserved air of those accustomed to brood in solitude on serious matters. Like Father Christopher, he wore a broad-b^^med top hat—a bro^wn, felt affair more like a truncated cone than a gentleman's topper. His feet were bare. He kept slapping his thighs and stamping his feet as he walked probably a habit contracted in the cold ^rnters, when he must often have come near to freezing beside his wagons. Noticing that Yego- rushka was awake, he looked at him. 'So you're awake, young man.' He was hunching his shoulders as if from cold. 'Mr. Kuzmichov's son, might you be?' 'No, his nephew.' 'His nephew, eh? Now, I've just taken off me boots, I'm bobbing along barefoot. There's something wrong with me legs, the frost got to them, and things is easier without boots. Easier,

vehicles. Near Yegorushka's wagon, the last in

boy. Without boots, I mean. So you're his nephew, then? And he's a good son, he is. May God grant him health. A good sort. Mr. K^mchov, I mean. He's gone to see the Molokan. O Lord, have mercy on us!' Tlte old man even spoke as if he was frozen, spacing out the words and not opening his mouth properly. He mispronounced his labial consonants, stuttering on them as if his lips were swollen. When addressing Yegorushka he did not smile once, and seemed severe. Three wagons ahead of them walked a man in a long reddish-brownwn topcoat, carrying a whip. He wore a peaked cap and riding boots with sagging tops. He was not old^^nly about forty. When he 'roed round the boy saw a long red face with a thin goatee and a spongy swelling under the right eye. Besides this hideous swelling he had another specially striking peculiarity—while holding the whip in his left hand, he s-wung the right as if conducting an ^^en choir. Occa- sionally he tucked the whip under his arm and conducted with both hands, humming to hi^^lf. The next caner was a tal upstanding fi^-e with as a board. He hdd hi^^lf erect as if he was marching or had swallowed a ramrod, his arms not s^uging but hanging straight do^ like sticks as he walked in a sort of clockwork fashion like a toy soldier, scarcely bending his knees and trying to take the longest stride pouible. Where the old man or the o-wner of the spongy swelling took two steps he contrived to take only one, so that he seemed to be moving more slowly than anyone and to be falling behind. His face was bound with a piece of cloth, and on his head sprouted something resembling a monk's cap. He was dressed in a short Ukrainian coat all covered with patches and in dark bluc oriental trousers over bast shoes. Yegorushka could not make out the more distant carters. He lay on his stomach, picked a hole in his bale, and began twisting some wool into threads, having nothing better to do. The old man striding away below turned out less severe and serious than his face suggested. Having

started a conversation he did not let it drop.

stamping his feet.

'Where are you going, then?' he asked,

noticeably sloping shoulders and a back as flat

'To school? Aha! Well, may Our Blessed Lady help you! Aye, one brain's good, but two is better. God gives one man one brain, and another man two brains, and another gets three, that's for sure. One's the brain you're born with, another comes from learning, and the third from living a good life. So it's a good thing for a man to have three brains, son. Living's easier for him, it is, and so is dying too. Dying-aye, we'll al of us come to it.' After scratching his forehead the old man looked up, red-eyed, at Yegorushka, and went on. 'Maxim Nikolayevich, the squire from down Slavyanoserbsk way—he took his lad to school last year, he did. I don't know what he might be

'To school,' answered Yegorushka.

like in the book-lea^rng line, but he's a good, decent lad, he is. And may God prosper them, the fine gentle- folk that they be. Aye, so he takes the lad to school, like you, since they don't have no establishment—not for learning proper, like—in them parts, that they don't. But it's a good, decent to^. There's an ordinary school for the common folk, but for them as wants to be scholars there ain't nothing, there ain't. What's your name?'

'Yegorushka.' 'Yegorushka—"George", properly speaking. So your name-day's the twenty-third of April, seeing as how that's the day of the holy martyr St. Georgie-Porgie what killed the Dragon. Now, my name's Panteley—Panteley Kholodov. Aye, Kholodov's the name. I come from Tim in Kursk County myself, you may have heard tell of it. My brothers registered themselves as to^sfolk—they're craftsmen in the town, they are. But I'm a countryman, and a countryman I've remained. Seven years ago I visited there, home that is. I've been in my village and in the town—in Tim, I've been, say I. They were all alive and well then, thank God, but I don't know about now. A few ofthem may have died. And time it is for them to die—they're all old, and some is older than me. Death's all right, nothing wrong with it. But you mustn't die without repenting, stands to reason. Ain't nothing worse than dying contumacious-o-oh, it's a joy to the devil is a contumacious death. But if you want to die penitent, so they won't forbid you to enter the mansions of the Lord like, you pray to the martyred St. Barbara. She'll intercede for you, she will, you take it from me. That's her place in heaven that God gave her so everyone should have the right to pray to her for repentance, see?' ri?anteley muttered away, obviously not caring whether the boy heard him or not. He spoke listlessly, mumbling to himself, neither raising nor dropping his voice, but managing to say a great deal in a short time. His talk, all fragmentary and largely incoherent, lacked any interest for Yegorushka. Perhaps he spoke only to call the roll of his idcas—make sure that all were present and correct after tKe nlgEt .spent in silence. Having finishe d talking about repentance, he went ott again about tnis Maxim Nikolayevich from do^ Slavyanoserbsk way. 'Yes, he took the lad to school, he did, true enough.' One of the carters walking far in front gave a sudden lurch, darted to one side, and began lashing the ground with his whip. He was a burly, broad-shouldered man of about thirty, with fair, curly hair and a healthy, vigorous look. From the motions of his shoulders and whip, from the eagerness of his posture, he was beating some live creature. A second carter ran up--a short, thick-set fellow with a full black beard, in a broke out in a deep, coughing laugh. 'Dymov has killed a snake, lads, as God's my witnes.' There are people whose intellect can be accurately gauged from their voice and laugh,

and it was to this lucky category that the black-

waistcoat with his shirt outside his trousers. He

bearded man belonged, his voice and laugh betraying abysmal stupidity. The fair-haired Dymov had stopped lashing, picked **his** whip from the ground and laughed as he hurled

something resembling a bit of rope towards the carts.

'It ain't a viper, 'tis a grass snake,' someone shouted.

The man with the clockwork stride and

The man with the clockwork stride and bandaged face quickly strode up to the dead snake, glanced at it and tlrew up his stick-like arms. 'You rotten scum!' he shouted in a hollow, tearful voice. 'Why kill the little grass snake? What had he done to you, damn you? Hey, he's

killed a grass snake! How would you like to be treated like that?'
'Grau snakes oughtn't to be killed, that's true

enough,' muttered
Panteley placidly. 'It ain't a viper. Look like

a snake it may, but 'tis a quiet, innocent creature. A friend of man, it be, your grass snake' Dymov and the black-bearded man were probably ashamed, for they gave loud laughs and sauntered back to their wagons without answering these grumbles. When the hindmost wagon drew level with the place where the dead grass snake lay, the man with the ban-daged face stood over the creature and addressed Pameley. 'Now, why did he kill the grass snake, old man?' he inquired plaintively. Yegoruslka could now see that the speaker's eyes were small and lack-lustre. His face looked grey and sickly, also seeming lustreless, while his

chin was red, appearing extremely swollen.

'Now, why did he kill the grass snake?' he repeated, striding by Panteley's side.

'A fool has itchy hands, that's why,' the old man said. 'But you shouldn't kill a grass snake,

true enough. He's a trouble-maker is that Dymov,

see, he'll kill anything that comes his way. But Ki^kha didn't stop him when he should have, but just stood there a-chuckling and a-cackling. Don't take on, though, Vasya, don't let it anger you. They killed it, but never mind. Dymov's a

matter. Folks are stupid, folks don't understand, so let them be. Now, Yemelyan won't never touch any- thing he shouldn't. Never, that's true enough, seeing as how he's educated and they're stupid. He won't touch anything, not Yemelyan wont.' The carter with the reddish-bro^ topcoat and the spongy swelling —the one who liked conducting the unseen choir—stopped when he heard his name spoken, waited for Panteley and Vasya to catch up, and fell in beside them. 'What are vou on about?' he asked in a hoarse, strangled voice. 'Well, Vasya here's angry,' said Panteley. 'So I said a few things to stop him taking on. Oh, my poor legs, they're so cold. ft's because it's Sunday, the Lord's Day, that's why they're playing up.' 'It's the walking,' remarked Vasya. 'No, lad, no. It ain't the walking. When I walk it seems easier, it's when I lie do^ and warm meself—that's what does for me. Walking's easier like.' Yemelyan, in his reddish-brown topcoat, took station between Panteley and Vasya, waving his

mischief-maker and Ki^^kha's just silly like. No

hand as if that choir was about to sing. After a bit of a swing he lowered his arm and gave a grimt of despair. 'My voice has gone,' he said. 'Diabolical, it is. All night and all morning I've been haWlted by the triple "Lord Have Mercy" that we sang at the Marinovsky wedding. I've got it on me brain and I've got it in me gizzard. I feel I could sing it, but I <can't. I ain't got the voice.' He brooded silently for a while and then went on. 'Fifteen years in the choir I was, and in all Lugansk no one had a better voice than me, belike. But then I have to go and bloody bathe in the Doncts two year ago, and not one proper note have I sWig since. A chill in the throat it was. Without me voice I'm like a workman with no hand.' 'True enough,' Panteley agreed. 'What I say is, I'm done for, and that's that.' At that moment Vasya chanced to catch sight of Yegorus^u. His eyes glittcred and seemed even smaller. 'So there's a yoWlg gentleman a-driving with us,' he said, hiding his nose with his sleeve as if from shyness. 'Now, that's what I call a real 'igh-clas cabbie! You stay with us riding the wagons and carting wool.'

The incongruity of one person combining the functions of yoWig gentleman and cabbie must have struck him as most curious and witty, for he gave a loud snigger and continued to develop the idea. Yemelyan looked up at Yegorushka too, but cursorily and coldly. He was ob- sessed with thoughts of his own, and would not have noticed the boy, had it not been for Vasya. Not five minutes had paued before he was waving his arms again. Then, as he described to his companions the beauties of the wedding anthem 'Lord Have Mercy' that he had remembered in the night, he put his whip under his arm and started conducting with both his hands. Nearly a mile from the village the convoy stopped by a well with a sweep. Lowering his pail into the well, black-bearded Kiryukha lay stomach downwn on the framework and thrust his mop of hair, his shoulders and part of his chest into the black hole so that Yegorushka could see only his short legs, which barely touched the groWld. Seeing his head reflected from afar do^ at the well bottom, he was so pleased that he let off a cascade of stupid, deepvoiced laughter, and the well echoed it back. When he stood up his face and neck were red as a beetroot. The f rst to up and drink was Dymov. He laughed as he drank, frequently lifting his head from the pail and saying something funny to Kiryukha. Then he cleared his throat and bellowed out half a dozen swear words for all the steppe to hear. What such words meant Yegorushka had no idea, but that they were bad he was well aware. He knew of the Wlspoken revulsion that they evoked in his friends and relations, he shared their feelings himself without knowing why, and he had come tothat only the drunk and disorderly enjoyed the privilege of speaking these words aloud. He remembered the killing of the gras snake, listened to Dymov's laughter, and felt something like hatred for the man. At that moment, as ill luck would have it, Dymov spotted Yegorushka, who had climbed do^wn from his cart and was on his way to the well. 'Lads, the old man gave birth in the night!' shouted Dymov with a loud laugh.' 'Tis a baby boy.' IGryukha gave his deep-throated laugh til he coughed. Someone else laughed too, while Yegorus^^ blushed and conclusively decided that Dymov was a very bad man. Bareheaded, fair, 'ly hair and his shirt unbuttoned, Dymov seemed handsome and extremely strong, al his movements being those of the reckless bully who knows his worth. He flexed his shoulders, put his hands on his hips, talked and laughed louder than the others, and looked ready to lift with one hand some weight so pro- digious as to astound the entire world. His roving, ironical glance slid over the road, the string of wagons and the sky, never resting, and he seemed to be seeking something else to kill—as a pastime, just for a joke. He obviously feared no one, would stick at nothing, and probably cared not a rap for Yegorushka's opinion. But the boy now wholeheartedly detested his fair head, his clean-cut face, his strength, list/wg to his laughter with fear and loathing and trying to think of a suitable insult to pay him back with. Panteley too went up to the pail. He took a green lamp-glass from his pocket, wiped it with a cloth, scooped water from the pail, drank it, then scooped again before wrapping the glass in the cloth and replac-ing it in his pocket.

Yegorushka was astonished. 'Why do you drink from a lamp?' he asked the old man. The answer was evasive. 'Some drinks from a pail and some from a lamp. It's every man to his own taste. If you're one as drinks from a bucket, then drink away, and much good may it do you.' Suddenly Vasya gave tongue in a tender, plaintive voice. 'Oh, the darling, oh, you beauty, oh, the lovely creature!' His eyes, glinting and smiling, stared into the distance, while his face took on the expres- sion with which he had previously looked at Yegorushka. 'Who's that?' IGryukha asked. 'A vixen, that be—a-lying on her back, playing like a dog.' All peered into the distance, all looking for the vixen, but no one spotted her. Only Vasya—he of the lack-lustre, grey eyo—could see anything, and he was entranced. His sight, as Yegorushka later dis- covered, was remarkably acute—so much so that the bro^ wastes of the prairie were always full of life and content for him. He had only to look into the distance to see a fox, a hare, a great bustard, or some other creature that sh^ humanity. To spot a hare ^^ing or a bustard in saw those— but it is not given to everyone to detect wild creatures in their domestic habitat, when they are not ^^ing, hiding or looking about them in alarm. Now, Vasya could see the at play, the hare washing him- self with his paws, the great bustard preening his ^mgs, and the little bustard doing his courtshiJH!ance. Thanks to vision so keen, Vasya possesed, besides the world that everyone else sees, a whole world of his o^-inaccessible to others and most delectable, presumably, for it was hard not to envy him when he went into raptures over what he beheld. the convoy resumed its jo^roey church bells had started ringing for service. The wagon line was dra\ up on a river bank to one side of a village. As on the previous day the sun blazed away, and the air was stagnant and despondent. There were a few willows on the bank, their shadows not falling on the earth but on the water where they were wasted, while the shade under the wagons was stifling and oppresive. Azure from the reflected sky, the

water urgently beckoned.

flight is not hard—anyone crossing the steppes

and in broad trousers worn outside his boots and flapping like flags as he walked. He quickly undressed, ran do-wn the steep bank and dived into the water. After plunging three times he floated on his back and shut his eyes in his delight. He smiled and wrinkled his face as if from a combination of being tickled, hurt and amused. On a hot day, when there is nowhere to hide from the stifling heat, splashing water and a bather's heavy breathing are music in the ears. Looking at Styopk.a, Dymov and Kiryukha quickly undressed, laughed loudly with anticipated joy, and flopped into the water one after the other. The quiet, humble brook bombinated with their mort- ing, splashing and shouting. Kir^^a coughed, laughed and yelled as if someone was trying to drownwn ^m, while Dymov chased him and tried to grab his leg. 'Hey there!' shouted Dymov. 'Catch him, hold

Kiryukha was laughing and enjoying himself,

^m!'

Styopka, a carter whom Yegorushka now noticed for the first time, was an eighteen-yearold Ukrainian lad in a long shirt without a belt but his expression was the same as on dry land: a stupid, flabbergasted look, as if someone had sneaked up from behind and clouted him on the head with a blunt instrument. Yegorushka also undressed. He did not lower himselfdo\ the bank. but took a run and a flying leap from a ten-foot height. Describing an arc in the air, he hit the water and sank deep, yet without reaching the bottom. Some power, cold and agreeable to the touch, seized him and bore him back to the surface. Snorting and blowing bubbles, he came up and opened his eyes, only to find the sun reflected on the stream close by his face. First blinding sparks, then rainbow colours and dark patches twitched before his eyes. He hurriedly plunged again, opened his eyes under water and saw something dull green like the sky on a moonlit night. Once more the same power would not let him touch the bottom and stay in the cool, but bore him aloft. Up he popped, and heaved a sigh so deep that he had a feel-ing of vast space and freshness, not only in his chest but even in his stomach. Then, to make the most of the water, he indulged in every extravagance. He lay on his back and basked, he splashed, he turned somersaults, he swam on his face, on his side, on his back, standing up—just as he pleased till he grew tired. Glinting gold in the sun, the other bank was thickly grownwn with reeds, and the handsome tassels of their flowers drooped over the water. At one point the reeds guivered and nodded their flowers, which gave out a crackling noise—Styopka and Kiryukha were 'tickling' cravfish. 'Here's one! Look, lads, a crayfish!' shouted Kiryukha triumphantly, displaying what indeed was a crayfish. Yegorushka swam up to the reeds, dived, and began grubbing among the roots. Burrowing in slimy liquid mud, he felt something sharp and unpleasant. Perhaps it really was a crayfish, but at that moment someone grabbed his leg and hauled him to the surface. Gulping, coughing, he opened his eyes and saw the wet, grinning face of the mischievous Dymov. The rascal was breathing heavily, seeming bent on further tomfoolery from the look in his eyes. He held the boy tightly by the leg, and was lifting the other hand to take hold of his ne^ when Yegorushka broke away with revulsion and panic, shrinking from his touch as if afraid of the bully drownwning him. 'Idiot!' he pronounced. Tll bash your face in.' Then, feeling that this was inadequate to express his detestation, he paused in thought and spoke again. 'Swine! Son of a bitch!' But this had no effect on Dymov, who ignored the boy and swam towards Kiryukha. 'Hey there!' he shouted. 'Let's catch some fish. Let's fish, lads!' Kiryukha agreed. 'All right. There must be lots here.' 'Nip over to the village, Styopka, and ask the men for a net.' 'They won't lend us none.' 'They will, you ask them. Tell them it's their Christian duty, seeing as we're pilgrims, or as near as don't matter.' 'Ave, 'tis true.' Styopka climbed out of the water, quickly dr^»d :and ran—bare- headed, his wide trousers flapping—to the village. As for Yegor^Ma, the water had lost all charm for ^m after the clash with Dymov. He climbed out and dressed. Pantdey and Vasya sat on the steep bank,

dangling their legs, and watched the bathers.

hand to stop himself falling over and stroked his body with the other. Bending do^, obviously frightened of the water, he cut a comic figure with his bony shoulder-blades and the swelling under his eye. His face was grave and severe, and he looked angrily at the water as if about to curse it for once having given him that chill in the Donets and robbed ^m of his voice. 'Why don't you go in?' Yegorushka asked Vasya. 'Oh, er—I don't care to.' 'Why is your chin swollen?' 'It hurts. I used to work at a match factory, young sir. The doctor did say as how that was what made me jaw swell. The air ain't healthy there, and there were three other lads beside me had swollen jaws, and one of them had it rot right away.' Styopka soon came back with the net. After so long in the water Dymov and Kiryukha had become mauve and hoarse, but set about fishing with gusto. They first stalked the deep part near the reeds. Here Dymov was up to his neck and

Close to the bank stood Yemelyan, naked and up to his knees in water, as he held the gras with one

the squat Ki^^kha out of his depth. The latter gasped and blew bubbles, while Dymov bumped into prickly roots, kept falling, and got tangled in the net. Both thrashed about noisily, and all that came oftheir fishing was horseplay. 'It ain't half deep,' croaked Kiryukha. 'We won't catch nothing here.' 'Don't puU, blast you!' shouted Dymov, trying to work the net into position. 'Hold it where it is.' 'You won't catch nothing here,' shouted Panteley from the bank. 'You be only scaring the fish, you fools. Go to the left, 'tis shallower there.' Once a huge fish gleamed above the net. Everyone gasped, and Dymov punched the spot where it had va^&ed, his face a picture of vexation. Panteley g^mted, stamping his feet. 'We've miued a perch—got away, he did.' Moving off to the left, Dymov and ^^^a gradually worked their way to the shallows, and fishing began in earnest. Having gone about three hundred yards from the wagons, they were seen hauling the net silently, scarcely moving their feet, while trying to get as deep and close to the reeds as they could. To frighten the fish and looking disappointed and lifting their knees high. They were discussing something, but what it was no one could hear. The sun scorched their backs, insects bit them, and their bodies had turned from mauve to crimson. Styopka followed, carrying a bucket—his shirt was tucked up under his armpits, and he held it in his teeth by the hem. After each successful catch he raised a fish aloft and let it glitter in the sun. 'How about that for a perch?' he shouted. 'And we've fi.ve like that!'

Every time Dymov, Kiryukha and Styopka

drive them into the net they flogged the water with their fists and raised a crackle in the reeds. Making for the other bank from the reeds, they trawled there, and then went back to the reeds,

other things out. Sometimes they passed something that had got into the net from hand to hand, scrutinized it keenly, and then threw that out too.

'What have you got?' shouted voices from the bank.

pulled the net out they were seen grubbing in the mud, putting things in the bucket and throwing

eank.
Styopka gave some answer, but it was hard to

gripped the bucket with both hands and ran to the wagons, forgetting to let his shirt drop. 'This one's full,' he shouted, panting hard. 'Let's have another.' Yegorushka looked at the full bucket. A voung pike poked its ugly snout out of the water, with crayfish and small fry swarming aroimd it. The boy put his hand down to the bottom and stirred the water. The pike disappeared beneath the crayfish, a perch and a tcnch floating up instead. Vasya also looked at the bucket. His eyes gleamed and his expresion became as tender as it had when he had seen the vixen. He took something from the bucket, put it in his mouth and staned to chew, making a c^nching noise. Styopka was amazed. 'Vasya's eating a live gudgeon, mates-ugh!' 'It ain't no gudgeon, 'tis a chub,' Vasya calmly answered, still munching. He took the tail from his mouth, looked at it dotingly, and stuck it back again. While he chewed and ^rached his teeth Yegorushka felt that what he saw was not a h^an being. Vasya's swollen chin, his lustreles eyes, his phenomenal

tell what. Then he climbed out of the water,

affectionate air with which he chewed the 'gudgeon'—it all made him look like an animal. Yegorushka was beg^mng to find Vasya irksome, and in any the fishing was over. The boy walked about by the cans, thought for a while and then plodded off to the village out of boredom. A little later he was standing in the church, leaning his forehead on someone's back—it smelt of hem^-and list^rng to the ^oir. The service was nearly over. He knew nothing about ^urch singing and did not care for it. After listening a while he va^ed and began examin- ing people's necks and backs. In one head, reddish-bro^ and wet from recent bathing, he recognized Yemelyan. The back of his hair had been cropped in a straight line, higher than was ^al. The hair on his temples had also been cut back higher than it should have been, and Yemelyan's red ears stuck out like two burdock leaves, looking as if they felt out of place. Watching the back ofhis head and ears, the boy somehow felt that Yemdyan must be very unhappy. He remembered the man 'conducting' with his hands, his hoarse voice, his

eyesight, the fuh tail in his mouth and the

timid look during the bathing, and felt intensely sorry for him. He wanted to say something friendly. 'I'm here too.' He tugged Yemelyan's sleeve. The tenors and bases of a choir, especially those who have ever chanced to conduct, are accustomed to looking at boys in a stem and forbidding way. Nor do they lose the habit even when they come to leave the choir. Turning to Yegorushka, Yemelyan looked at him rancorously and told him not to 'lark around' in church. Yegorushka next made his way forward, closer to the icon-stand, where he saw some fascinating people. In front, on the right-hand nde, a lady and gentleman stood on a carpet with a chair behind each of them. Wearing a freshly ironed tussore suit, the gentleman stood stockstill like a soldier on parade, and held his bluish, shaved chin aloft. His stiff collar, blue ^rn, bald patch and cane—all conveyed great dignity. From exces of dignity his neck was tensed, and his chin was pulled upward with such force that his head seemed ready to snap off and soar into the air at any moment. As for the lady, she was stout and dderly, and wore a white silk shawl. She inclined done someone a favour and wanted to say: 'Don't trouble to th^i me, please—I dislike that sort of thing.' Al round the carpet stood a dense array of locals. Yegorushka went up to the icon-stand and began kissing the local icons, slowly bowing to the ground before each one, looking back at the congregation without getting up, and then standing to apply his lips. The contact of his forehead with the cold floor was most gratifying. When the verger came out of the chancd with a pair of long muffers to put the candles out, the boy jumped quickly up from the floor and ran to him. 'Has the co^munion bread been given out?' he asked. 'There is none,' muttered the verger gruffly. When the service ^^ over the boy unhuriedly

her head to one ade, looking as if she had just

'And it's no use you'

When the service ^^ over the boy unhuriedly left the church and strolled round the market place. He had seen a good many villages, villagers and village greens in his time, and the present scene hdd no interest for him. Having nothing to do, he called—just to pass the time of day—at a shop with a broad strip of red calico over the

door. It consisted of two spacious, badly lit rooms. In one drapery and gro- ceries were sold, while in the other were tubs of tar and horse-collars hanging from the ceiling. From the second room iuued the rich tang of leather and tar. The shop floor had been watered—by some great visionary and original ^^er, evidently, for it was sprinkled with embeUishments and cabbalistic signs. Behind the counter, leaning his stomach on a sort of desk, stood a well upholstered, broad-faced shop- keeper. He had a round beard, obviously came from the north, and was ^^^bg tea through a piece of sugar, sighing after each sip. His face was a mask of indifference, but each sigh seemed to say: just you wait—. You're for it!' Yegorushka addresed him. 'A copeckworth ofsunflower seed.' The shopkeeper raised his eyebrows, came out from the counter and poured a copeckworth of s^^ower seed into the boy's pocket, using an empty pomade jar as measure. Not wanting to leave, the boy spent a long time examining the trays of cakes, thought a little, and pointed to some small Vyazma gingerbreads rusty with antiquity. 'How much are those?'

'Two a copeck.' Yegorushka took from his pocket the honey cake given to him by the Jewes on the previous day. 'How much are cakes like this?' The shopkeeper took the cake in his hands, e^^^ed it from al sides and raised an eyebrow. 'Like this, eh?' Then he raised the other eyebrow and thought for a while. 'Two for three copecks.' Silence e^ed. 'Where do you come from?' The shopkeeper poured himself some tea from a copper teapot. 'I'm Uncle Ivan's nephew.' 'There's aU sorts of Uncle Ivans.' The shopkeeper sighed, glanced at the door over Yegorushka's head, paused a moment, and asked if the boy would 'care for a drop of tea'. 'I might.' Yego^^a made a show of relui^rnce, though he was dying for his usual mo^rng tea. The shopkeeper poured a glass and gave it to him with a nibbled-looking piece of sugar. Yegorushka sat on a folding chair and drank. He also wanted to ask what a pound of sugared almonds cost, and had just broached the matter when in came a customer, and the shop-keeper ^m. The customer^<vidently a most obstinate man with ideas of his —kept ^^^g his head in disagreement and backing towards the door, but the shopkeeper gained his point and began pouring oats into a large sack for him.

'Cal them oats?' asked the customer mournfully. 'Them ain't oats, they'm chaff. 'Tis enough to make a cat laugh. I'm going to Bondarenko's, I am.'

When the boy got back to the rivcj a smaU camp-fire was smoking on the bank—the caners were cooking their meal. In the smoke stood

put **his** glass to one side to attend to business. He took the customer into the part of the shop smelling of **tar** and had a long dis- cussion with

little to one side, cleaning fish. Before them lay the net, covered with slime and water weeds, and with gleaming fish and crawling cra^^ on it. Yemelyan had just ret^^ed from church and was sitting next to Panteley, waving his arm and hununing 'We sing to Thee' just audibly in a

Styopka sti^mg the pot with a large, jagged spoon. K.iryukha and Vasya, eyes red from smoke, sat a

hoarse voice. Dymov pottered near the horses.

After cleaning the fish Kiryukha and Vasya

put them and the live crayfish in the pail, rinsed them, and slopped the lot into boiling water. 'Shall I put in some fat?' asked Styopka, skimming off the froth with his spoon. 'No need—the fish will provide their o^ juice,' replied Kiryukha. Before taking the pot off the fire Styopka put in three handfuls of millet and a spoonful of salt. Finally he tried it, smacked his lips, licked the spoon and gave a complacent g^t to signify that the stew was cooked. All except Panteley sat round the pot plying their spoons. 'You there! Give the lad a spoon!' Panteley sternly remarked. 'He's surely hungry too, I reckon.' ' 'Tis plain country fare,' sighed Kiryukha. 'Aye, and it don't come amis ifyou've the relish for it.' Yegorushka was given a spoon. He started to eat, not sitting downwn but standing near the pot and looking into it as if it was a deep pit. The brew smelt of fishy wetnes, with a fish-scale popping up now and again in the millet. The crayfish slid off their spoons, and so the men simply picked them out of the pot with their hands. Vasya was par- ticularly unconstrained, wetting his sleeves as well as his hands in the stew. Yet it tasted very good to Yegorushka, reminding him of the crayfish soup that his mother cooked at home on fast-days. Panteley sat to one side chewing bread. 'Why don't you eat, old 'un?' Yemelyan asked him. The old man 'raed squeamishly aside. 'I eat crayfish, rot 'em!' During the meal general conversation took place. From this Yego- rushka gathered that, despite differences of age and temper^ent, his new acquaintances al had one thing in common—each had a glorious past and a most unenviable present. To a man, they all spoke of their past enthusiastically, but their view of the present was almost con-temptuous. Your Russian prefers talking about his life to living it. But the boy had yet to le^ this, and before the stew was finished he fi.rmly believed that those sitting round the pot were injured victims of fate. Panteley told how, in the old days before the railway, he had served on wagon convoys to so much that he hadn't knownwn what to do with his money. And what merchants there had been in those days! What fish! How cheap everything was! But now the roads had shr^^, the merchants were stingier, the co^rnon folk were poorer, bread was dearer, and eve^^mg had di^^shed and dwindled exceedingly. Yemelyan said that he had once been in the choir at Lugansk, had possessed a remark- able voice, and had read music excellently, but had now become a b^pkin living on the charity of his brother, who sent him out with his horses and took half his earnings. Vasya had worked in his **match** factory. Kiryukha had been a coachman to a good family, and had been rated the best troika driver in the district. Dymov, son of a well- t^Jo peasant, had enjoyed hi^^lf and had a good ^me without a care in the world. But when he wasjust twenty his stem, harsh father— wanting to teach him the job and afraid of his becoming spoilt at hom^-had begun sending him out on carer's work like a por peasant or hired labourer. Only Styopka said nothing, but you could tell from his clean-shaven face that for him too the past had b\ far better

Moscow and Nizhny Novgorod, and had earned

than the present. Recalling his father, Dymov stopped eating, frownwned, looked sullenly at his mates, and then let his glance rest on'Take yer cap off, you heathen,' he said rudely. 'Eating with yer cap on—I must say! And you a gentleman's son!' Yegorushka did take his hat off, not saying a word, but the stew had lost al relish for him. Nor did he hear Panteley and Vasya standing up for him. Anger with the bully rankled inside ^m, and he decided to do him someat all costs. After dinner they all made for the <carts and collapsed in their shade. 'Are we starting soon, Grandad?' Yegorus^u asked Panteley. 'We'll start in God's good time. We leave now, 'tis too hot. O Lord, Thy will be done, O Holy Mother. You lie do-wn, lad.' Soon snoring proceeded from under the wagons. The boy m^At to go back to the village, but on reflection he yawnwned and lay do^wn by the old man. VI The wagons stayed by the river all day and left

Once more the boy lay on the bales while his wagon quietly squeaked and swayed, and downwn below walked Panteley-stamping his feet, slapping his thighs, muttering. In the air, as on the day before, the prairie music trilled away. The boy lay on his back with his hands behind his head, watching the sky. He saw the sunset blaze up and fade. Guardian angels, covering the horizon with their golden wings, had lain downwn to sleep—the day had passed serenely, a calm, untroubled night had come on, and they could stay peacefully at home in the sky. Yegorushka saw the heavens gradually darken. Mist descended on the earth, and the stars came out one after the other. When you spend a long time gazing unwaveringly at the deep sky your thoughts and spirit somehow merge in a scnse of loneline^. You begin to feel hopelessly isolated, and all that

at sunset.

unwaveringly at the deep sky your thoughts and spirit somehow merge in a scnse of loneline. You begin to feel hopelessly isolated, and all that you once thought near and dear becomes infinitely remote and worthless. The stars that have looked do. from the sky for thousands of years, the mysterious sky itself and the haze, all so unconcerned with man's brief life—when you

despair and horror.

The boy thought of his grandmother, now sleeping under the cherry trees in the cemetery. He remembered her lying in her coffin with copper coins on her eyes, remembered the lid being shut and her being lowered into the grave. He remembered, too, the hollow thud of earth

clods against the lid. He pictured G^^e in the dark, cramped coffin—abandoned by all, helpless. Then he imagined her suddenly waking up, not knowing where she was, knocking on the lid, calling for help and—in the end, faint with

are confronted with them, and try to grasp their meaning, they oppress your spirits with their silence, you think of that solitarineu awaiting us all in the grave, and life's essence seems to be

horror—dying a second death. He imagined his mother, Father Christopher, Countess Dranitsky and Solomon as dead. But however hard he tried to see himself in a dark grave—far from his home, abandoned, helpless and dead—he did not succeed. For himself personaUy he could not admit the possibility of death, feeling that it was not for ^m.

Panteley, whose time to die had already come,

walked by the wagon taking a roll-call of his thoughts. 'They was all right, proper gentle- folk they was,' he muttered. 'They took the little lad to school, but how he's doing—that we don't hear. At Slavyanoserbsk, as I say, they don't have no establishment—not for book-learning proper like. Nay, that they don't. But the lad's all right he is. When he grows up he'll help his dad. You're just a little lad now, son, but you'll grow up and keep your father and mother. That's how 'tis ordained of God— "'Honour thy father and thy mother". I had children meself, but they died in a fire, me wife and kids too. Aye, that they did. Our hut b^rot downwn on Twelfth Night eve. I weren't at home, having gone to Oryol. Aye, to Oryol. Marya—she j^ped out in the street, but she remem- bered the children asleep in the hut, she ran back and she was burnt to death along with the little ones. Aye, next day all they could find were the bones.' About midnight Yegorushka and the wagoners once more sat by a small camp-fire. While the prairie brushwood blazed up, Ki^^kha and Vasya were fetching water from a gully. They vanished in the dark- ness, but could be heard clanking their pails and talking all the time, which meant that the gully must be near by. The firelight was a large, flickering patch on the ground, and though the moon was bright, everything beyond that red patch seemed black as the pit. The light was in the wagoners' eyes, and they could see only a small part of the road. In the darkness wagons, bales and horses were barely visible in outline as vague mountainous hulks. About twenty paces from the fire, where road and prairie met, a wooden grave ctok sl^ped. Before the fire had been lit, while he could still see a long distance, the boy had spotted another such ramshackle old ctoh on the other side of the road. Coming back with the water, Kiryukha and Vasya filled the pot and fixed it on the fire. Styopka took his place in the smoke near by, holding the jagged spoon, looking dreamily at the water and waiting for the scum to rise. Panteley and Yemelyan sat side by ride silently brooding, while Dymov lay on his stomach, his head propped on his fists, and watched the fire with Styopka's shadow dancing over ^m so that his handsome face darkened and lit up by t^ns. Yegorushka put his hands in his pockets, stood near Panteley and watched the flame devour the fuel. Everyone was resting, reflecting and glancing cursorily at the cros with the red patches flickering on it. There is something poignant, wistful and highly romantic about a lonely grave. You feel its silence, sensing in it the soul of the unkno-wn beneath the cross. Is his spirit at ease in the steppe? Or docs it grieve in the moonlight? The prairie near the grave seems mournful, despondent and lost in thought, the grass is sadder, and the crickets appear to chatter with less abandon. Every passer-by spares a thought for the lonely spirit and turns to look at the grave until it is behind him and veiled in mist.

Kiryukha and Vasya were wandering a little way off gathering weeds and brush- wood for die fire.

until it is behind him and veiled in mist.

'Why is the cross there, Grandad?' Yegorushka asked Panteley.

Panteley looked at the cross and then at Dymov. 'Nicholas, might that be where the reapers murdered them merchants?'

Dymov reluctantly raised himself on an elbow and looked at the road. 'Aye, that it be.'

it under the pot. The fire blazed up, enveloping Styopka in black smoke, and the shadow of the cross darted do^ the road near the wagons. 'Aye, they were killed,' said Dymov reluctantly. 'The merchants, father and son, were travelling icon-seUers. They put up near here in the inn that Ignatius Fomin now keeps. The old man had had a drop too much, and he started bragging about having a lot of cash on him —they're a boastful lot, of course, are merchants, God help us, and they needs must show off to the likes of us. Now, some reapers was staying at the in at the time. Well, they heard the merchant's boasts and they took due note of'em.' 'O Lord, mercy on us!' sighed Pantelev. Dymov continued. 'Next day, soon as it was light the merchants got ready to leave and the reapers tagged along. "Let's travel together, mister. It's more cheerful and leu risky like, seeing as these be lonely parts." The merchants had to travel at walking pace to avoid breaking their icons, and that just suited them reapers.' Dymov rose to a kneeling position, stretched

Silence followed. Kiryukha bundlcd some dry graK together with a crackling sound, and thrust

and ya-wned. 'Well, ev^^^mg went off all right, but no sooner had the merchants reached this spot than them reapers laid into 'em with the scythes. The son, good for ^m, grabbed a scythe from one of them and did a bit of reaping on 'is account. But the reapers got the best of it ofcourse, seeing there was about eight of 'em. They hacked at them merchants till there weren't a sound place on their bodies. They fiinished the job and dragged 'em both off the road, the father one side and the son the other. Opposite this crou there's another on the other side. Whether it still stands I don't know. You can't see from here.' 'It's there,' said ^^^a. 'They do say as how they found little money on 'em.' 'Aye,' confirmed Panteley. 'About a hundred roubles it were.' 'Aye, and three of them died later on, seeing the merchant cut 'em so bad with the scythe. 'Twas by the blood they tracked 'em. The merchant cut the hand off one, and they do say he ran three miles without it, and was found on

a little h^^ock right by Kurikovo. He was asquatting with his head on his knees as if he was 'They traced him by his bloody tracks,' said Panteley.

All looked at the cross and again there was a hush. From some- where, probably the gully, floated a bird's mournful cry: 'Sleep, sleep, sleep!'

'There's lots of wicked folks in the world,' said Yemelyan.

'Aye, that there is,' agreed Panteley, moving closer to the fire and looking overcome by dread. 'Lots of 'em,' he went on in an undertone. 'I've

seen enough of them in my time—beyond numbering, they've been, the bad 'uns. I've seen many a saintly, righteous man, too, but the sinful

a-^^mg, but when they looked at him the ghost

had left ^m like, and he was dead.'

ones are past counting. Save us, Holy Mother, have mercy! I remember once—thirty years ago, maybe more—I was driving a merchant from Morshansk. He was a grand fellow, a striking-looking man he was, that merchant, and he weren't short of money. He was a good man, no harm to him. Well, we're a-going along like, and we puts up at an inn for the night. Now, i^u in the north ain't like those in these parts. Their yards

are roofed in, same as the cattle sheds and

threshing barns on big southern estates-only them barns would be higher. 'Well, we put up there, and it's all right. My merchant has a room, and I'm with the horses, and everything's proper like. Well, I says my prayers before going to sleep, lads, and I goes out for a walk in the yard. But the night's pitch black—not a blind thing can you see. I walks up and downwn a bit till I'm near the wagons like, and I sees a light a-twinkling. Now that's a bit rum, that is. The landlord and his lady have long been abed, it seems, and there ain't no other guests, barring me and the merchant. So what's that light doing? I don't like the look of things. So I goes up to it, and—Lord have mercy on us, Holy Mother save us! Right downwn on ground level I sees a little win- dow with bars on it—in the house, that is. I get downwn on the ground for a look, and a cold chill runs right through me.' Kiryukha thrust a bundle of brushwood into the fire, trying to do so quietly, and the old man waited for it to stop crackling and hiuing before going on. 'I look in there and I see a big cellar—all dark and gloomy. There's a lamp a-burning on a shirts with rolled-up sleeves, a-sharpening of long knives. "Oho!" thinks I. "We've fallen in with a gang of highwaymen." So what's to be done? I run to the merchant, I wake him guiet like. "Don't be afeared, Mister Merchant," says I, "but we're in a bad way, we are. We're in a robbers' den." His face changes. "What shall we do, Pan-teley?" he asks. "I've a lot of money with me—' tis for the orphans. As for my soul," says he, "that's in the Lord's hands. I ain't afeared to die. But," says he, "I am afeared of losing the orphan fund." Well, I'm proper flummoxed. The gates are locked, there's no getting out by horse or by foot. If there'd been a fence you could have climbed over, but the yard has a roof to it. "Well, Mister Merchant," says I. "Never you fear, you say your prayers. Happen the Lord won't harm them orphans. Stay here," says I, "and don't let on, and happen I'll hit on something in the meantime." 'So far so good. I says a prayer, and the good Lord enlightens me mind. I climb on me carriage and, quiet as could be so no one will hear, I start stripping the thatch from the eaves, I make a hole and out I crawl. Then, when I'm outside, I jwnp

barrel, and there's a dozen men in there in red

carry me—run, ^m, till I'm worn to a frazzle. Happen I do three miles in one breath, or more. Then, praise the Lord, I see a village. I rush to a hut, bang on the window. "Good people," says I, and I tells them the tale. "Don't you let 'em destroy a Christian soul." I wake them all up, the villagers gather and off we go together. Some take rope, some cudgels, some pitchforks. We break the in gate do-wn and straight to the cellar we go. 'By now them robbers have finished sharpening their knives, and they're just going td cut the merchant's throat. The peasants grab the lot of them, tie them up and take them to the authorities. The mer- chant's so pleased he gives them three hundred roubles and me five gold coins-and he writes my name do^ so he can remember me in his prayers. They do say a mighty lot of human bones was found in that cellar later. Ave, bones. They'd been a-robbing of people and then bu^rog them to cover the traces, see? Aye, and later on the Morshansk executioners has the flogging of 'em.'

His story finished, Panteley surveyed his

off the roof and do^ the road I as fast as me legs'll

audience while they said nothing and looked at him. The water was boiling now, and Styopka was skimming off the froth. 'Is the lard ready?' whispered ^^^a. 'In a minute.' Styopka—fixing his eyes on old Pantdey, as if fearing to miss the beginning of another story before he got back-ran to the wagons, but soon re^med with a small wooden bowl and began rubbing pork fat in it. 'I went on another journey with a merchant,' continued Panteley in the same low voice, not blinking his eyes. 'Name of Peter Grigor- yevich, as I now mind. A decent fellow he were, the merchant. 'We stay at an inn, same as before—him in a room, me with the horses. The landlord and his wife seem decent folks, kindly like, and their workers seem all right too. But I can't sleep, lads, there's some-thing on me mind. A hunch it were, no more to be said. The gates are open and there's lots of folk about, but I'm kind of frightened, I don't **ffed** right at all. Everyone has long been asleep, it's far into the night and it'll soon bt; time to get up, but I just lie alone there in me covered wagon, and I don't close me eyes no more than an owl do. And I can hear this tapping noise, lads: tap, tap, tap. Someone steals up to the wagon. I stick out me head for a look and there's a woman in nothing but a shift, barefoot. "What do you want, missus?" Iask and she's all of a dither, she looks like nothing on earth. "Get up, my good man!" says she. "It's trouble. The inn folks are up to no good, they want to do your merchant in. I heard it with me o^ ears—the landlord and his wife a-whispering together." Well, no wonder I'd had that feeling inside me. "And who might you be?" I asked. "Oh, I'm the cook," says she. So far so good. I get out of the carriage, go to the merchant, wake him up. "There's mischief afoot, Mister Merchant," says I, and so on and so forth. "There'll be time for sleep later, sir," says I. "But you get dressed now, before it's too late, and we'll make ourselves scarce while the going's good." 'Barely has he started dressing himself when-mercy on us!-the door opens, and blow me downwn if I don't see the landlord, his missus and three workmen come in. So they'd talked their workmen into joining in. "The merchant has had. The landlord locks the door. "Say your prayers, travellers," says he. "And if so be you start shouting," says he, "we shan't let you pray before you die." As if wc could shout! We're achoking with fear, we ain't up to shouting. The merchant bursts into tears. "Good Christian folk," says he, "you've decided to murder me because you've taken a fancy to my money. Well, so be it. I ain't the first, and I shan't be the last. Not a few of us merchants have had our throats cut in inns. But why kill my driver, friends? Why must he suffer for my money?" And he says it all pathetic like. "If we leave him alive, he'll be the first to bear witness against us," says the innkeeper. "We c;in just as well kill two as one—may as well hang for a sheep as a lamb," says he. "You say your prayers and that's that, it ain't no use talking." 'The merchant and I kneel downwn together, weeping like, and we start praying. He remembers his children, while I'm still young, I am, I want to live. We look at the icons and we pray—so pathetic like, it makes me cry even now. And the landlord's missus looks at us. "Don't bear

a lot of money, and we'll go shares." Every one of the five holds a long knife—a knife apiece they people," says she. "And don't pray to God for us to be punished, for 'tis poverty as drove w to it." Well, we're a-praying and a-weeping away, and God hears us-takes pity on w, He do. Just when the innkeeper had the merchant by the beard—so he could cut **his** throat, see ?—suddenly there's no end of a knock on the window from outside. We cower do and the ^eeper lets his hands fall. Someone bangs the window. ' "Mister Peter, are you there?" a voice shouts. "Get ready, it's ^me we left." 'The landlord and his missw see that someone's come for the mer- chant, they're afeared and they take to their heels. We hurry into the yard, hitch up the horses and make ourselves scarce.' 'But who was it banged the window?' asked Dymov. 'Oh, that. Some saint or angel, I reckon, for there weren't no one else. When we drove out of the yard there weren't no one in the street. 'Twas God's doing.' Panteley told a few more 'long knives' figuring in al ofthem, and ;^ll having the same ring of

a grudge against us in the other world, good

else, or had he made them up himself in the distant past, and then, be^^mg to lose his memory, conftued fact and fiction til he could no longer tell one from the other? All things are po^ible. It is odd, though, that whenever he happened to tell a story, now and throughout the joiurney, he clearly favoured fantasy and never recounted his actual experiences. Yegorushka took it all at face value at the time, believing every word, but he wondered afterwards that one who had travelled the length and breadth of Ruwia in his time— who had seen and kno^wn so much, whose wife and children had been burnt to death—should so disparage his eventful life that when he sat by the camp-fire he either said nothing or spoke of what had never been. Over the stew all were silent, thinking of what they had just heard. Life is frightening and marvellow, and so whatever fearful stories you may tell in Russia, and however you embellish them with highway- men's lairs, long knives and such wonders, they will always ring true to the listener, and only a profoundly literate person will look askance, and even he will not say

fiction. Had he heard these tales from someone

element in fiction and folk-tale paled and became indistinguishable from reality. Everyone ate out of the pot, but Panteley sat apart eating his stew from a wooden bowl. His spoon was different from the others', being of cypress wood with a little crou on it. Looking at him, Yegorushka remembered the lamp glass and quietly asked Styopka why the old fellow sat by himself. 'He's a Di^enter,' whispered Styopka and Vasya, looking as if they had mentioned a weakness or a secret vice. All were silent, thinking. After the frightening tales they did not feel like talking about everyday things.

anything. The croa by the road, the dark bales, the vast expanse around them, the fate of those round the camp- fre—all this was so marvellow and frightening in itself that the fantas- tic

and pricked up his ears.

'What **is** it?' Dymov asked.

'Someone's coming this way,' answered Vasya.

'Where do you see him?'

Suddenly in the silence Vasya drew himself upright, fixed his lustre- less eyes on one point

'There he is. A faint white shape.' In the direction in which Vasya was looking nothing could be seen but darkness. All listened, but no steps were heard. 'Is he on the road?' asked Dymov. 'No, he's coming across country. He's coming this way.' A minute paued in silence. 'Well, perhaps it's the merchant haunting the steppe, the one that's buried here,' said Dymov. All cast a sidelong glance at the cross, but then they looked at each other and broke into a laugh, ashamed of their panic. 'Why should he haunt the place?' asked Panteley. 'The only ghosts are them that the earth don't accept. And the merchants were all right. They received a martyr's cro^wn, them merchants did.' But then hurrying footsteps were heard. 'He's carrying something,' said Vasya. They could hear the grass rustle and the coarse weeds crackle under the walker's feet, but could see no one because of the fire's glare. At last the steps sounded close by and someone coughed. The flickering light seemed to yield, the veil fell from their eyes, and the carters suddenly saw before them a man. Whether it was due to the flickering light, or because all were keen to make out the man's face, it turned out-oddly enough-that it was neither his face nor his clothes that struck everyone first, but his smile. It was an unco^ionly good-natured, broad, gentle smile, as of a waking babv-infectious and tending to evoke an answering smile. When they had looked him over the stranger turned out to be a man of thirty, ugly and in no way remarkable. He was a southerner—tall, with a long nose, long arms and long legs. Everything about him seemed long except his neck-so short that it gave him a stooped look. He wore a clean white shirt with an embroidered collar, baggy white trousers and new riding boots, seeming quite a dandy by comparison with the carters. He was carrying a large white object, mysterious at fmt sight, and from behind his shoulder peeped out a ^rn barrel, also long. Emerging from darkness into the circle of light, he stood stock- still and looked at the carters for half a minute as if calling on them grinned even more broadly and asked if a stranger might claim their hospitality, 'country fashion'. 'You're welcome indeed,' Panteley answered for everyone. The stranger laid the object he was carrying near the fire—a dead bustard—and greeted them again. All went up and examined the bustard. 'A fine big bird—how did you get it?' asked Dymov. 'Buckshot, Small shot's no use, you can't get near enough. Like to buy it, lads? It's yours for twenty copecks.' 'It ain't no use to us. 'Tis good enough roasted, but stewed—powerful tough it be, I reckon!' 'Oh, bother it. I could take it to the squire's lot on the estate. They'd give me halfa rouble, but that's a way off—ten mile, it be.' The stranger sat downwn, unslung his gun

to admire his smile. Then he went to the fire,

The stranger sat downwn, unslung his gun and put it by him. He seemed torpid and sleepy as he smiled and squinted in the light, evi-dently thinking agreeable thoughts. They gave him a spoon and he started eating.

Not hearing the question, the smiler neither answered nor even looked at Dymov. He probably could not taste the stew either, for he chewed lazily and rather automatically, his spoon sometimes chock full and sometimes quite empty as he raised it to his mouth. He was not drunk, but he did seem a trifle unhinged. 'I asked you who you were,' Dymov repeated. 'Me?' The stranger gave a start. 'I'm Constantine Zvonyk from Rovnoye, about three miles from here.' To make it clear from the beginning that he was a cut above your average peasant, he hastened to add that he kept bees and pigs. 'Do you live with your father or in a place of vour ownwn?' 'Oh, I'm by myself now, set up on me I have. I was married ^^ month after St. Peter's Day. So now I'm a husband. 'Tis the eight'nth day since we was wed.' 'That's a fine thing,' said Panteley. 'No harm in having a wife. God has bl^ttd you.' 'His young wife sleeps at home while he's awandering the steppes,' laughed Ki^^^a. 'Strange

'And who might you be?' asked Dymov.

doings!' Constantine winced as though pinched in a sensitive place, laughed and flared up. 'Lord love us, she ain't at home,' he said, quickly taking the spoon from his mouth and s^^eying everyone with glad surprise. 'That she ain't. She's gone to her mother's for two days. Ave, off she's gone, and I'm a bachelor, like.' Constantine dismissed the subject with a gesture and flexed his ne^, wanting to go on th^&ng but hindered by the joy irradiating his face. He shifted his position, as if sitting was uncomfortable, laughed and then made another dismissive gesture. He was ashamed to betray his pleasant thoughts to strangers, yet felt an irresistible urge to share his happiness. 'She's gone to her mother's at Demidovo.' He blushed and moved his gun to another place. 'She'll be back tomorrow, she said she'd be back for diner.' 'Do you mi« her?' Dymov asked. 'Lord, yes—what do you think? I ain't been wed but a few days and she's already gone. See what I m^rn? And she's a little bundle of mischief, Lord love us. Aye, she's m^ellous she is, marvellous, always a-laughing and a-singing, a know whether I'm on me head or me heels, and without her I feel as how I've lost something and I wander over the steppe like a fool. I've been at it since diner—past praying for, I Constantine rubbed his eyes, looked at the fire and laughed. 'You must love her then,' said Panteley, but Constantine did not hear. 'She's marvellous, m^ellous,' he repeated. 'She's such a good housewife, so clever, so intelligent—you couldn't find another woman like her in the whole county, not among us co^rnon folk you couldn't. She's gone away. But she misses me, I know. Aye, that she does, the naughty little thing. She said she'd be back by dinner tomorrow. But what a business it was.' Constantine almost shouted, suddenly pitching his voice higher and shifting his position. 'She loves me and miues me now, but she never did want to wed me, you know.' 'Have something to eat,' said Kiryukha. 'She wouldn't marry me,' Constantine went on, not hearing. 'Three years I spent arguing with her. I saw her at Kalachik fair, and I fell madly

proper han^^ she be. When I'm with her I don't

in love, I were downright desperate. I live at Rovnoye and she was at Demidovo nigh on twenty mile away and there weren't nothing I could do. I send matchmakers to her, but she says no, the naughty little creature. Well I one thing and another. I send her ear-rings, cakes and twenty pound of honey, but it's still no. Can you believe it? But then again, when you come to think of it, I'm no match for her. She's young, beautiful and a proper little spitfire, but I'm old —fll soon be thirty. And then I'm so handsome, ain't 1-what with me fine beard the size of a matchstick and me face so smooth that it's one mass of pimples? What chance had I got with her? The only thing was, we are quite well off, but them Vakhramenkos live well too. They keep six oxen and two labourers. 'Well, I were in love with her, lads-proper crazy I was. Couldn't sleep, couldn't eat. God help us, I were that befuddled. I longed to see her, but she was at Demidovo. And do you know-1 ain't lying, as God's my witness—I used to walk there about three times a week just to look at her. I stopped working, and I were in such a pother I even wanted to hire myself out as a labourer at was. My mother called in a village woman that could cast spells, and my father was ready to beat me a dozen times. Well, I put up with it for three years, and then I decided I'd go and be a cabbie in townwn, botheration take it! It weren't to be, I reckoned. At Easter I went to Demidovo for a last look at her.' Constantine threw his head back and gave a peal of merry chuckles, as if he had just brought off a particularly cunning piece of deception. 'I see her with some lads near the stream,' he went on. 'And I feel proper angry. I call her to one side and I say all manner of things to her -for a full hour, maybe. And she falls in love with me! For three years she didn't love me, but she loved me for them words.' 'But what were them words?' Dymov asked. 'The words? I don't recall—how could I? At the time it all comes straight out like water from a gutter—blah, blah, blah, without me stopping to breathe. But I couldn't say one word of it now. So she weds me. And now she's gone to see her mother, the naughty lass, and here I am awandering the steppes without her. I can't stay at

Dcmidovo to be closer to her like. Sheer torture it

home, I can't abide to.' Constantine awkwardly unwound his legs from under him, stretched out on the ground, propped his head on his fists, and then stood up and sat do-wn again. By now everyone could clearly see that here was a man happy in love, poignantly happy. His smile, his eyes, his every movement reflected overwhelming bli». He fidgeted, not knowing what posture to adopt or avoid, being drained of ,;;tality through excess of delectable thoughts. Having poured his heart out to strangers, he settled do quietly at last, deep in thought as he gazed at the fire. Seeing a happy man, the others felt depretted, wanting to be happy themselves, and fell to pondering. D^nov stood up and slowly strolled about near the fire, his walk and the movement ofhis shoulder- blades showing how weary and depresed he was. He stood still for a while, looked at Constantine and sat do^. The camp-fire was dying do^ by now, no longer flickering, and the patch of red had shrunk and di^rned. And the guicker the fire b^M out the clearer the moonlight became. Now the road could be seen in its full width—the bales On the other side was the hazy outline of the second cross.

Dymov propped his cheek on his hand and softly sang a mournfUl ditty. Constantine smiled drowsily, and joined in with his reedy little voice. They sang for less than a minute and fell silent. Yemelyan gave a start, flexed his elbows and flicked his fingers. 'I say, lads, let's nng a holy song,' he entreated them.

Tears came into his eyes and he presed his

of wool, the wagon shafts, the munch- ing horses.

holy song'. Constantine said he 'didn't know any', and everyone else refused. Then Yemelyan started on **his** o^. He conducted with both hands, he totted his head back and he opened his mouth, but from his throat burst only a hoarse, voiceless breath. He sang with his arms, head and eyes, and even with the swelling on his cheek. He sang fervidly and with anguish, and the more he

hand to his heart, repeat-ing his appeal to sing 'a

single one, the lett sound did his breath carry.

Overcome by depreuion like everyone else,
Yegorushka went to his wagon, climbed on the
bales and lay downwn. He looked at the sky,

strained his chest to extract a note, be it but a

live with a woman like that! Perhaps he would have liked to marry her himself, had the notion not been so embarrassing. He recalled her eyebrows, the pupils of her eyes, her coach and the clock with the horseman. The guiet, warm night settled do * over him, whispering something in his ear, and he felt as if that same beautiful woman was bending over him, looking at him, smiling, wanting to kiss him. Nothing was left of the camp-fire but two little red eyes that dwindled and dwindled. The carters and Constantine sat round it— dark, still figures-and there seemed to be f^r more of them than before. The twin crosses were equally

visible, and somewhere far away on the road a red light glowed—someone else cooking a meal,

'Here's to good old Mother Russia, Finest

probably.

t^^^g of lucky Constantine and his wife. Why do people marry? Why are there women in the world, the boy vaguely wondered, thinking how nice it must be for a man to have a loving, cheerful, beautiful woman constantly at his side. For some reason thoughts of Counteu Dranitsky came into his head. How agreeable it must be to

caught his voice and carried it on so that the very spirit of stupidity seemed to be trundling over the steppe on heavy wheels.

'Time to go,' said Panteley. 'Up you get, mates.'

While they were hitching up Constantine was walking about by the wagons singing his wife's praises. 'Thanks for the hospitality, lads, and

Kiryukha suddenly sang out in a harsh voice, then choked and grew silent. The prairie echo

nation in the world,'

good-bye,' he shouted as the convoy moved off.
'I'll make for the other fi.re. It's all too much for
me, it is.'

He quickly disappeared in the gloom, and
could long be heard walking towards the
glimmering light so that he could tell those other

strangers of his happiness.

When the boy woke up next day it was early morning and the sun had not risen. The wagons had halted. Talking to Dymov and Kiryukha by the leading vehicle was a man on a Cossack pony—he wore a white peaked cap and a suit of cheap grey cloth. About a mile and a half ahead

of the wagons were long, low white barns and con.iges with tiled roofs. Neither yards nor trees

'What village is that?' Yegorushka asked the old man. 'Them farms are Armenian, young feller,' answered Panteley. ' 'Tis where the Armenians

were to be seen near them.

live—not a bad lot, they ain't.'

The man in grey finished talking to Dymov and Kiryukha, reined in his pony and looked at the farms. ' 'Tis a proper botheration,' sighed Panteley,

also looking at the farms and shivering in the cool of the morning. 'He sent a man to the farm for some bit of paper, but he hasn't come back. He should have sent Styopka.'

'But who is he?' asked the boy. 'Varlamov.' Varlamov! Yegorushka quickly jumped to his knees and looked at die white cap. It was hard to

recognize the mysterious, elusive Varla- mov, who was so much in demand, who was always

'knocking around', and who had far more money than Countess Dranitsky, in this short, grey, largebooted little man on the ugly nag who was talking to peasants at an hour when all decent people are abed.

'He's all right, a good sort he is,' said Panteley, looking at the farms. 'God grant him health, he's a fine gentleman, is Simon Varlamov. It's the likes ofhim as keeps the world a-humming, lad. Ave, that they do. It ain't cock-crow yet, and he's already up and about. Another man would be asleep, or he'd be at home gallivanting with his guests, but Varlamov's out on the steppe all day, knocking around like. Never misses a deal, he don't—and good for him, say I.' Varlamov was staring fixedly at one of the farms, discussing some-thing while his pony shifted impatiently from foot to foot. 'Hey, Mr. Varlamov!' shouted Panteley, taking off his hat. 'Let me send Styopka. Yemelyan, give a shout—send Styopka, tell 'em.' But now at last a man on horseback was seen to leave the farm. Leaning heavily to one side and swinging his whip over his head, as if giving a rodeo performance and wanting to dazzle everyone with his horsemanship, he flew like a bird to the wagons. 'That must be one of his rangers,' said Panteley. 'A hundred of them he has, or more.' Reaching the first wagon, the rider pulled up his horse, doffed his cap and gave a little book to Varlamov, who removed several papers from it and read them. 'Dut where's Ivanchuk's letter?' he shouted. The horseman took the book back, looked at the papers and shrugged. He began saying sometliing, probably in self-defence, and asked permiaion to go back to the farms. The pony suddenly gave a start as if Varlamov had become heavier, and Varlamov also gave a start. 'Clear out!' he shouted angrily, brandishing his whip at the rider. Then he turned his pony round and rode along the wagons at a walk, examining the papers in the book. When he reached the last wagon Yegorushka strained his eyes to get a good look. Varlamov was quite old. He had a small grev beard, and his simple, sunburnt, typically Russian face was red, wet with dew and covered with little blue v^ra. He had exactly the same busineslike expression as Ivan Kuzmichov, and the same fanatical devotion to affairs. But what a difference you could feel between him and Kuzmichov! Besides wearing an air of

businesslike reserve, Uncle Ivan always looked

worried and afraid— of not finding Varlamov, of being late, of missing a bargain. But in Varlamov's face and figure there was nothing of your typical little man's dependent look. This man fixed the price himsell He didn't go round looking for people, and he depended on no one. Nondescript though his appearance might be, everything about him-even the way he held his whi^^onveyed a sense ofpower and the habit of authority over the steppe. He did not glance at the boy as he rode past. Only his pony deigned to notice Yegorushka, gazing at him with large, foolish eyes—and even the pony was not very interested. Panteley bowed to Varlamov, who noticed this but did not take his eves olfhis papers and just said: 'Greetings, grandpa,' gargling the 'r's in his throat. Varlamov's interchange with the horseman and the swish of his whip had evidently demoralized the whole party, for al looked grave. Quailing before the strong man's wrath, the horseman remained by the front wagon with his head bare, let his reins hang loose and said nothing, as if unable to believe that the day had begun so badly for him.

'He's a rough old boy,' muttered Panteley. 'Real hard. But he's all right—a good sort he is. He don't harm no one without reason. He's al right he is!' After examining the papers, Varlamov thrust the book in his pocket. Seeming to understand his thoughts, the pony guivered and careered do^wn the road without waiting for orders. On the following night the wagoners again halted to cook their meal, but on this occasion everything seemed tinged with melancholy from the start. It was sultry and they had all dr^^ a great deal, but without in the least quenching their thirst. The moon rose-intensely crimson and sullen, as if it were ailing. The stars were gloomy too, the mist was thicker, the distant prospect was hazier, and all nature seemed to wilt at some intimation of doom. There was no more of the previous day's excitement and conversa- tion round the campfire. Al were depressed, all spoke listlessly and reluctantly. Panteley did nothing but sigh and complain of his feet, while occasionally invoking the topic of dying 'contumaciously'.

straw. He wore a fastidious expresion as if the straw had a bad smell, and he looked iltempered and tired. Vasya complained that his jaw ached, and for^^t bad weather. Yemelvan had stopped waving his a^re, and sat still, looking grimly at the fire. Yegorushka was wilting too. The slow pace had tired ^m, and he had a headache from the day's heat. When the stew was cooked Dymov began picking on his mates out of boredom. He glared spitefully at Yemelyan, 'Look at old Lumpy Jaws sprawling there! Always first to shove his spoon in, he is. Talk about greed! Can't wait to grab first place by the pot, ^ he? Thi^a he's the lord of creation because he ^d to be a singer. We know your sort of choirboy, mister—there's tramps like you a-plenty singing for their suppers up and downwn the high road.' Yemelyan ret^ed the other's angry glare. 'Why pick on me?' 'To teach you not to dip in the pot before others. Who do you think you are?'

'You're a fool, that's all I can say,' wheezed

Yemelyan.

Dymov lay on his stomach, silently chewing a

Knowing from experience how such conversations usually ended, Panteley and Vasya intervened, urging Dymov to stop picking a quarel. 'You—sing in a choir!' The irrepressible bully laughed derisively. 'Anyone ^ sing like that, rot you—sitting in the church porch a-<:hanting of your "Alms for Christ's sake!" ' Yemelyan said nothing. His silence exasperated Dymov, who looked at the ex-<:horister with even greater hatred. 'I don't want to soil me hands, or I'd teach you not to be so stuck up.' Yemelyan flared up. 'Why pick on me, you ^^rn? What have I done to you?' 'What did you call me?' Dymov straightened up, his eyes blood- shot. 'What was that? Scum, eh? Very well—now you ^ go and look for that!' He snatched the spoon from Yemelyan's hands and hurled it far to one side. Kir^ha, Vasya and Styopka jumped up and went to look for it, while Yemelyan fixed an imploring and questioning look on Panteley. His face suddenly s^^mg, the former chorister frownwned, blinked and wept

like a baby.

Yegorushka, who had long hated Dymov, felt as if he had started to choke, and the flames of the fire scorched his face. He wanted to ^m quickly into the darkness by the wagons, but the bully's spiteful, bored eyes had a magnetic effect. Longing to say something exceedingly offensive, the boy took a step towards Dymov. 'You're the worst of the lot,' he panted. 'I can't stand you!' That was when he should have to the wagons, but he seemed rooted to the spot. You will burn in heU in the next world,' he con-tinued. 'I'm going to tell Uncle Ivan about you. How dare you insult Yemelyan?' 'Now, ain't that a nice surprise, I must say!' Dymov laughed. 'A little swine, what ain't dry behind the ears, a-laying do^wn the law! Want a clip on the ear-'ole?' The boy felt as if there was no air to breathe. He suddenly shivered all over and stamped his feet, something that had never happened to him before. 'Hit him, hit ^m!' he yelled in a piercing voice. Tears spurted from his eyes, he felt ashamed and he ran staggering to the wagons. What impresion his outburst produced he did not see. 'Mother, weeping, jerking his arms and legs. The men, the shadows round the camp-fire, the dark bales and the distant lightning flashing far away every minute—it all seemed so inĥnman and terrifying now. He was horrified, wondering in his despair how and why he had landed in this unkno[^] land in the com- pany ofthese awful peasants. Where were his uncle, Father Christopher and Deniska? Why were they so long in coming? Could they have forgotten ^m? To be forgotten and abandoned to the whim of fate— the thought so chilled and scared him that he several times felt like jumping off the bale and ^^ing headlong back along the road with- out looking behind him. What stopped him was the memory of those grim, dark crosses that he was bound to meet on his way, and also the distant lightning flashes. Only when he whispered 'Mother, Mother!' did he feel a little better. The carters must have been scared too. After the boy had run from the fire they said nothing for a while, and then spoke of something in hollow undertones, saying that 'it' was on its way, and that they must h^^ up and get ready to

Mother!' he whispered, lying on the bale,

escape it. They guickly fmished supper, put out the fire and began hitching up the horses in silence. Their agitation and staccato speech showed that they foresaw some disaster. Before they started off Dymov went up to Pantcley. 'What's his n^e?' he asked guietly. 'Yegorwlka,' ^^ered Panteley. Dymov put one foot on a wheel, seized the cord round a bale and hoisted himself. The boy saw his &ce and curly head—the face looked pale, weary and grave, but no longer spiteful. 'Hey, boy!' he said quietly. 'Go on, hit me!' Yegorushka looked at him in amazement, and at that moment there was a flash of lightning. 'It's all right, hit me!' continued Dymov. Without waiting to sec whether the boy would hit him or talk to ^m, he j^ped downwn. 'I'm bored,' he said. Then, rolling from side to side and working his shoulder-blades, he slowly strolled downwn the wagon line. 'God, I'm bored,' he repeated in a tone half plaintive, half irritated. 'No offence, old son,' hc said as he passed Yemelyan. 'It's ^el hard, our life.' Lightning flashed on the right, and immediately flashed again far away, as ifreflected in a mirror. 'Take this, boy,' shouted Pantdey, handing up something large and dark from below. 'What is it?' asked Yegorus^a. 'Some matting. Put it over you when it rains.' The boy sat up and looked around. It had grownwn noticeably blacker in the distance, with the pale light now winking more than once a minute. The blackness was veering to the right as if puled by its weight. 'Will there be a storm, Grandad?' asked the boy. 'Oh, my poor feet, they're so cold,' intoned Pantdey, not hearing him and stamping his feet. On the left, as if a match had been struck on the sky, a pale phos-phorescent stripe gleamed and faded. Very far away someone was heard walking up and down on an iron roof—barefoot, presumably, because the iron gave out a hollow runible. 'Looks like a real old downpour,' shouted Kirvukha. Far away, beyond the horizon on the right, flashed lightning so vivid that it lit up part of the the black. An appalling cloud was moving up unhuriedly—a great hulk with large black shreds hanging on its rim. Similar shreds pressed against each other, looming on the horizon to right and left. The jagged, tattered-looking cloud had a rather drunken and dis- orderly air. There was a clearly enunciated clap ofthunder. Yegorushka crossed himself, and quickly put on **his** overcoat. 'Real bored, I am.' Dymov's shout carried from the leading wagons, his tone showing that his bad temper was ret^^mg. 'Bored.' There was a sudden squall ofwind so violent that it nearly snatched the boy's bundle and matting off him. '^fapping, tearing in all directions, the mat slapped the bale and Yegorushka's face. The wind careered whistling over the steppe, swerving chaotically and raising such a din in the grau that it drownwned the thunder and creak of wagon wheels. It was blowing from the black thunderhead, bearing dust clouds, and the smell of rain and damp earth. The moon misted over, seeming dirtier, the stars grew di^mer still, dust clouds and their shadows were

seen ^^^ing off somewhere back along the edge

steppe and the place where the clear sky met

of the road. Eddying and drawing dust, dry gras and feathers from the ground, whirl^mds soared right into the upper heavens, it seemed. Uprooted plants must be flying around close by the blackest thunder- head, and how terrified they must feel! But dust clogged the eyes, blanking out eve^^ng except the lightning flashes. ^inHng the rain was just about to pour downwn, the boy knelt up and covered himself with his mat. From in front came a shout of 'Panteley', followed by some incomprehensible booming syllables. 'I ^'t hear!' loudly intoned Panteley in response, and the voice boomed out again. An enraged clap of thunder rolled across the sky from right to left and then back again, dying away near the leading wagons. 'Holy, holy, holy, Lord God of Sabaoth,' whispered Yegorushka, crouing himself. 'Heaven and earth are full of thy glory.' The sky's blacknes gaped, breathing white fire, and at once there was another thunderclap. Barely had it died away when there was a flash of lightning so broad that the boy could see the whole road into the far distance, all the carters cracks in the matting. The black tatters on the left were already soaring aloft, and one of them—cmde, clumsy, a paw with fingers reached out towards the moon. Yegorushka decided to shut his eyes tightly, pay no attention and wait for it all to end. The rain was long delayed for some reason, and the boy-hoping that the thunder cloud might pau over—peeped out from his mat. It was fearfully dark, and he could see neither Panteley nor the bale nor ^mself. He squinted towards where the moon had been, but it was pitch black there, as on the wagon. In the darkness the lightoing flashes seemed whiter and more blinding, hurting the eyes. He called Panteley's name, but there was no answer. Then, in the end, the wind gave a last rip at the mat and flew off. A low, steady throb was heard, and a large, cold drop fell on the bov's btee, while another crawled do^wn his hand. Realizing that his knees were un-covered, he tried to rearrange the matting, but then came a pattering and a tapping of something on the road, and on the shafts and the bale. Rain. It seemed to

and even Kiryukha's waistcoat through the

started some discussion—rapid, cheerful and exceedingly objectionable, like a couple of magpies. Yegorushka knelt up—squatted, rather, on his boots. When the rain rapped the mat he leant forward to shield his suddenly soaked btees. He managed to cover them, but in less than a minute he felt an unpleasant penetrating wetnes behind, on back and calves. He resumed his former position and stuck his knees out into the rain, wondering what to do and how to rearrange the mat that he could not see in the dark. But his arms were already wet, water was ^^ing downwn his sleeves and behind his collar, his shoulder-blades were cold. And so he decided to do nothing, but to sit still and wait for it all to end. 'Holy, holy, holy,' he whispered. Suddenly, directly over his head, ^rne an almighty deafening crash and the sky broke in two. He bent forwards—holding his breath, expecting the pieces to fall on his neck and back. He chanced to open his eyes, blinking half a dozen times as a penetrating, blinding light flared up, and he saw his fingers, his wet sleeves and

have an understanding with the mat, for the two

and downwn below on the earth. Then a new blow, no less mighty and awesome, resounded. No longer did the sky groan or rumble, but gave out crackles like the splitting of a dry tree. The thunder's crash-bang beats were precisely enunciated as it rolled downwn the sky, staggered, and—somewhere by the leading wagons or far behind-tumbled over with a rancorous, staccato dru^rning. The earlier lightning flashes had been awesome, but with thunder such as this they seemed downwnright menacing. The weird light pene- trated your closed eyelids, percolating chillingly through your whole body. Was there a way to avoid seeing it? The boy decided to his face backwards. CarefuUy, as if afraid of being observed, he got on al fours, slid his palms over the wet bale and ^med round. The great drumming swooped over his head, collapsed under the wagon and exploded. Again his eyes chanced to open and he saw a new danger. Behind the wagon stalked three giants with long pikes. The lightning flashed on the points of their pikes, distinctly lighting up

the streams flow- ing off the mat, over the bale

dimensions with hidden faces, bowed heads and heavy footsteps. They seemed sad, despondent and lost in thought. Their aim in stalking the convoy may not have been to cause damage, but there was something horrible in their proximity. The boy quickly turned forwards. 'Panteley! Grandad!' he shouted, shaking all over. The sky answered him with a crash, bang, crash. As he opened his eyes, to see whether the carters were there, the lightning flashed in two places, illuminating the road to the far horizon, the entire convoy and all the men. Rivulets streamed do^ the road, and bubbles danced. Panteley strode by his wagon, his high hat and shoulders covered with a small mat. His figure expressed neither fear nor alarm, as though he had been deafened by the thunder and blinded by the lightning. 'Grandad, see the giants!' the boy shouted at him, weeping. But the old man heard nothing. Further ahead Yemelyan walked along, covered with a large mat from head to foot and triangular in shape. Vasya,

their figures. These were people ofvast

usual clockwork style—lifting his feet high, not bending his knees. In the lightning the convoy seemed motionless, with the carters rooted to the spot and Vasya's raised leg frozen rigid in position. Yegorushka called the old man again. Receiving no ^^'er, he sat still, but he was no longer expecting it aU to end. He was certain that the thunder would kiU him that very instant, that he would open his eyes by accident and see those frightful giants. No longer did he cross himself, caU the old man or think of his mother—he was simply n^b with cold and the certainty that the storm would never end. Suddenly voices were heard. 'Yegorushka, you asleep, or what?' shouted Panteley from below. 'Get do^wn. Has he gone deaf, the silly lad?' 'Quite a storm!' It was a deep, unfamiliar voice, and the speaker cleared his throat as ifhe had tossed do^ a glassful of vodka. The boy opened his eyes. Do^ near the wagon stood Panteley, triangle-shaped Yemelyan and the giants. The latter were now much shorter and

who had nothing over him, stepped out in his

Panteley and the triangular Yemelyan shone the window of a low hut-the wagons must have halted in a village. Yegorushka threw offhis mat, took his bundle and hurried do^wn from the wagon. Now, what with people speaking near by and the lighted window, he no longer felt afiraid, though the thunder crashed as loudly as ever and ligh^rng scourged the' whole sky. 'A decent storm—not bad at all, praise the Lord,' muttered Panteley. 'My feet have gone a bit soft in the rain, but no matter. Are you downwn, boy? Well, go in the hut. It's all right.' 'It must have struck somewhere, Lord save us,' wheezed Yemdyan. 'You from these parts?' he asked the giants.

^med out, when Yegorushka got a proper sight of them, to be ordinary peasants shouldering iron pitch-forks, not pikes. **In** the space between

'We do different things. Just now we be getting in the wheat. But what ligh^mg, eh? There ain't been a storm like this for many a moon. Yegorushka went into the hut, where he was

'Nay, from Glinovo. From Glinovo we be. We

work at the squire's place—name of Plater.'

'Threshers, are you?'

greeted by a lean, hunchbacked old woman with a sharp chin. She held a tallow candle, screwing up her eyes and giving prolonged sighs. 'What a storm God has sent us!' she said. 'And our lads are spending the night on the steppe—what a time they'll have of it, poor souls. Now, take your clothes off, young sir^<ome on.' Trembling with cold, s^^&ng fastidiously, the boy pulled off his wet overcoat, spread his hands and feet far apart and did not move for a long time. The slightest motion evoked a disagreeably damp, cold sensation. The sleeves and the back of his shirt were sopping, his trousers stuck to his legs, his head was dripping. 'Don't stand there splayed out like,' said the old woman. 'Come and sit do-wn, lad.' Straddling his legs, Yegorushka went to the table and sat on a bench near someone's head. The head moved, emitting a stream of air through the nose, made a chewing sound and subsided. From the head a mound covered with a sheepskin stretched along the bench—a sleep-ing peasant woman. Sighing, the old woman went out and suddenly <^me back with a big water-melon and a small sweet melon. 'Help yourself, young man, I've nothing else for you.' Ya^ing, she dug into a table drawer and took out a long, sharp knife much like those used by highwaymen to cut merchants' throats in inns. 'Help yourself, young sir.' Trembling as if in fever, the boy ate a slice of sweet melon with black bread, and then a slice of water-melon, which made him even colder. 'Out on the steppe our lads are tonight,' sighed the old woman while he ate. ' 'Tis a proper botheration. I did ought to light a candle before the icon, but I don't know where Stepanida's put it. Help your- self, young man, do.' The old woman va^ed, reached back with her right hand, and scratched her left shoulder. 'Two o'cl^& it must be/ she said. 'Time to get up soon. Our lads are outside for the night. Soaked to the skin they'll be, for sure.' 'I'm sleepy, Grannie/ said the boy. 'Then lie do^wn, young man, do,' sighed the old woman, ya^^mng. 'I was asleep meself,

when—Lord God Almighty!—I hear someone aknocking. I wake up and I see God's sent us a storm. I'd light a candle, dear, but I couldn't find one.' Talking to herself, she pulled some rags off the bench, probably her bedding, took two sheepskins from a nail near the stove, and began making up a bed for the boy. ' 'Tis as stormy as ever,' she muttered. 'I'm afeared it might start a fire, you never <can tell. The lads are out on the steppe all night. Lie do^wn, young man, go to sleep. God ble« you, my child. I won't clear away the melon—happen you'll get up and have a bite.' The old soul's sighs andthe measured breathing of the sleeping woman, the hut's dim light, the sound of rain through the window—it all made him sleepy. Shy of taking his clothes off in the old woman's presence, he removed only his boots, lay do^ and coveredwith the sheepskin. A minute later Panteley's whisper was heard. 'Is the lad lying downwn?' 'Yes,' whispered the old woman. ' 'Tis a proper botheration. Bang, crash, bang—no end to it.' 'It'll soon be over,' wheezed Panteley, sitting do^. 'It's quieter now. The lads have gone to different huts, and a couple have stayed with the horses. Aye, the lads. Have to do it, or else the horses ^^ be stolen. Well, I'll stay a while, and then take my ^m. Have to do it, or they'll be stolen.' Panteley and the old woman sat side by side at Yegorushka's feet, ^^mg in sibilant whispers punctuated by sighs and yawnwns. But the boy just could not get warm. He had a warm, heavy sheepskin over him, but his whole body shivered, his hands and legs were convulsed with cramps, his inndes trembled. He undressed under the sheepskin, but it made no difference. The shivering bec^e more and more pronounced. Pantelev left to take his th with the horses and then came back again, butstill could not sleep, and was stiU shivering all over. His head and ^est felt ^mhed and oppresed by—by what he did not know. Was it the old people whispering or the strong smeU of the shee^^m? The melons had left a ^^ metalic taste in his mouth, besides which he was being bitten by fleas. 'I'm cold, Grandad,' he said, not reco^^rng his voice. 'Sleep, son, sleep,' sighed the old woman. Titus approached the bed on his thin legs, waved his ^rn, and then grew as tall as the ceiling pher—not as he had been in the brit:zka, but in full vestments and carrying his aspergill^m, walked around the mill, sp^^^g it with holy water and it stopped ^^g. Knowing he was delirious, the boy opened **his** eyes. He called to the old 'Water!' No answer. Finding it unbearably close and uncomfortable lying there, Yegorushka stood up, dr^&d and went out of the hut. It was morning now and the sky was overcast, but the ^m had stopped. Trembling, wrapping his wet overcoat round ^m, he walked up and downwn the muddy yard, ^^g to catch a sound amid the silence. Then his eyes lighted on a smaU shed with a half-open door made of thatch. He looked in, entered and sat in a dark comer on a heap of dry dung. His head felt heavy, his mind was in a whirl and there was a dry, unple^^t s^ration in his mouth owing to the metallic taste. He looked at his hat, straightened its peacock feather, and remembered going to buy it with his mother. Putting his hand in his pocket, he took out a liump of bro^wn, sticky paste. How did that stuff get in there? He thought, he sniffed it. A smeU of honey. Ah, yo—the Jewish cake. How sodden the

and ^med into a windmill. Father Christo-

The boy looked at his overcoat—grey with big bone buttons, cut like a frock-<oat. A new and expensive garment, it had not hung in the haU at home, but with his mother's dresses in the bedroom. He was only allowed to wear it on holidays. The sight of it moved to pity—he recalled that he and the overcoat had both been abandoned to their fate, and would never go home again. And he sobbed so loudly that he nearly fell off the dung pile. A big white dog, sopping wet and with woolly tufts like curling papers on its muzzle, came into the shed and stared quizzically at the boy. It was obviously wondering whether to bark or not, but decided that there was no need, cautiously approached the boy, ate the lump of paste and went out. 'Them's Varlamov's men,' someone shouted in

poor thing was!

'Them's Varlamov's men,' someone shouted in the street.

Having cried his eyes out, the boy left the shed, skirted a puddle and made his way to the street, where some wagons stood immediately in front ofthe gates. Wet carters with muddy feet,

listless and drowsy as autu^ flies, drifted near by

thought what a boring, uncomfortable business it was, being a peasant. He went up to Panteley and sat downwn on the shaft beside him. 'I'm cold, Grandad.' He shivered and thrust his hands into his sleeves. 'Never mind, we'll be there soon,' yawnwned Panteley. 'You'll get warm, never fear.' It was guite cool, and the convoy made an early start. Yegorushka lay on his bale, trembling with cold, though the sun soon came out and dried his clothes, the bale and the ground. Barely had he closed his eyes when he saw Titus and the windmill again. Nauseated, feeling heavy all over, he fought to dispel these images, but as soon as they disappeared the bullying Dymov would pounce on him-roaring, red-eyed, his fists raised, or would be heard lamenting how 'bored' he was. Varlamov rode past on his Cossack pony, and happy Con-stantine walked by with his smile and his bustard. How depressing, intolerable and tiresome they all were! In the late afternoon the boy once raised his head to ask for a drink. The wagons had halted on a large bridge over a wide river. Downwn

or sat on the shafts. Looking at them, Yegorushka

which a steamer could be seen towing a barge. Ahead, beyond the river, was a huge varicoloured mountain dotted with houses and churches. At its foot a railway engine was being shunted round some goods wagons. Never had the boy seen steamers, railway trains or wide rivers before, but as he glanced at them now he was neither frightened nor surprised. Nor did his face even express any semblance of curiosity. Nauseated, he quickly lay downwn with his chest on the bale's edge, feeling ready to vomit. Panteley saw him, grunted and shook his head. 'Our little lad's poorly,' said he. ' 'Tis a chill on the stomach, I'll be bound. Aye, and that far from home like. 'Tis a bad business.' VIII The wagons had stopped at a large commercial inn not far from the harbour. Climbing downwn from the wagon, Yegorushka heard a familiar voice and someone gave him a hand. 'We arrived yesterday evening. We've been expecting you all day. We meant to catch you up

yestcrday, but it didn't work out and we took a

below the river was shrouded in smoke through

your coat! Your uncle will give you what for!' Gazing at the speaker's mottled face, Yegorushka remembered it as Deniska's. 'Your uncle and Father Christopher are in their room at the inn having tea. Come on.' He took the boy to a big two-storey building-dark, gloomy, resembling the almshouse at N. By way of a lobby, a dark staircase and a long, narrow corridor Yegorush.ka and Deniska came to a small room where Ivan Kuzmichov and Father Christopher indeed were seated at a tea table. Both old men showed surprise and joy at seeing the boy. 'Aia, young sir! Master Lomonosov in person!' intoned Father Christopher. 'So it's the gentleman of the family,' said Kuzmichov. 'Pleased to see you.' Taking his overcoat off, the boy kissed his uncle's hand and Father Christopher's, and sat do-wn at the table. 'Well, how was thejo^rcey, puer bone?' Father Christopher showered him with questions, pouring him tea and smiling his habitual radiant smile. 'Sick of it, I'll be bound? Never travel with

different route. Hey, what a mess you've made of

on, on, on, Lord help us, you glance ahead and the steppe's just as Iong-windedly elongated as ever, no end or limit to it. It's not travel, it's a do^right travesty of it. But why don't you drink your tea? Go on! Well, while you were trailing along with the wagons we fixed things up to a tee here, thank God. We've sold our wool to Cherepakhin at tip-top prices—done pretty well, we have.' On first seeing his people, the boy felt an irresistible urge to complain. Not listening to Father Christopher, he wondered where to start and what exactly to complain of But Father Christopher's voice, seeming harsh and disagrceable, prevented him from concentrating and confused his thoughts. After sitting for less than five minutes, he got up from table, went to the sofa and lay do^. Father Christopher was amazed. 'Well, I never! What about your tea?' Still wondering what to complain of, Yegorushka preaed his fore- head against the back of his sofa and burst into sobs. 'Well, I never!' repeated Father Christopher,

a wagon train or by ox-cart, God forbid. You go

getting up and going over to him. 'What's the matter with you, boy? Why the tears?' 1-I'm ill.' 'Ill, eh?' Father Christopher was rather put out. 'Now, that's quite wrong, old son. You mustn't fall ill on a journey. Oh dear me, what a t^^ to do, old son, eh?' He placed his hand on the boy's head and touied his cheek. 'Yes, your head's hot. You must have caught a chill, or else you've eaten something. You must pray to God.' 'We might try quinine.' Kuzmichov was somewhat abashed. 'No, he should eat something nice and hot. How about a nice bowl of soup, boy?' 'No—1 don't want any,' answered Yegorushka. 'Feeling shivery, eh?' 'I was, but now I feel hot. I ache all over.' Kuzmichov went over, tou^ed the boy's head, cleared his throat in perplexity, and went back to the table.

'Well, you'd better get undresed and go to

sleep,' said Father Christopher. 'What you need is a good rest.'

He helped the boy undres, gave him a pillow, covered him with a guilt Ku^zmichov's topcoat over it, and then tiptoed off and sat at the table. Closing his eyes, Yegorushka i^mediately imagined that he was not in an in room but on the high road by the camp-fire. Yemelyan swung his invisible baton while red-eyed Dymov lay on his stomach looking sarcastically at Yegorushka. 'Hit ^m, hit him!' the boy shouted. 'He's delirious,' said Father Christopher in an undertone. Kuzmichov sighed. 'Oh, what a nuisance!' 'We ought to rub him with oil and vinegar. Let's hope to God he'll be better tomorrow.' Trying to shake off his irksome fancies, Yegorushka opened his eyes and looked at the light. Father Christopher and Kuzmichov had fnished their tea and were having a whispered di^^sion. The former smiled happily, obviously unable to forget that he had netted a good profit on his wool. It was lew the actual profit that ^eered him than the prospect of auembling all his large family on his re^m, and of giving a knowing ^^ and a mighty chuckle. First he would mislead them, claiming to have sold the wool Michael a fat wallet, 'There you are,' he'd say, 'That's how to do a deal.' But Kuzmichov did not seem pleased, reuining his old air of busineslike r^^e and anxiety. 'If only I'd kno^ Cherepakhin would pay that much!' He spoke in an undertone. 'I wouldn't have sold Makarov that five tons at home, drat it. But who could have kno^ that the price had gone up here?' A white-shirted waiter cleared the samovar away, and lit the lamp before the icon in the comer. Father Christopher whispered something in his ear. He gave an enigmatic, conspiratorial look as if to say he understood, went out, came back a little later and placed a bowl under the sofa. Kuzmichov made up a bed on the floor, ya^ed several times, lazily said his prayers and lav do^. 'I'm thinking of going to the cathedral tomorrow,' said Father Christopher. 'I know a sacristan there. I ought to go and see the Bishop after the service, but he's said to be il.' He ya^wned and put out the lamp. Now only the icon

lamp was b^ing. 'They say he doesn't see anyone.' Father Christopher was removing his robes. 'So I

below its value, but then he'd give his son-in-law

When he took off his caftan he seemed just like Robinson Crusoe to Yegorushka, Crusoe mixed something in a dish, and went up to the boy. 'Asleep, are we, Master Lomonosov? Just sit up and I'll rub you with oil and vinegar. It'll do you good, but you must say a prayer.' Yegorushka quickly raised himself and sat up. Father Christopher took the boy's shirt off and began rubbing his chest, cowering and breathing jerkily, as if it was he that was being tickled. 'In the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost,' he whis-pered. 'Now tum on to your face. That's the idea. You'll be well to-morrow, but don't let it happen again. Why, he's almost on fire! I suppose you were on the road in the storm.'

shall just leave without meeting him.'

Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. No wonder at all.'

When the rubbing was finished Father Christopher put Yegorushka's shirt back on, covered him, made the sign of the cross over him,

and went away. Then the boy saw him praying.

'No wonder you're poorly. In the name of the

'Yes.'

time. His devotions completed, he made the sign of the crou over the windows, the door, Yegormlka and Kuzmichov. Then he lay on a divan without a pillow, covering himself with his caftan. The cor- ridor clock struck ten. Remembering how much time was left before morning, the boy miserably pressed his forehead against the sofa back, no longer ^^ng to shake off his hazy, irksome fancies. But morning came much sooner than he expected. He seemed to have been lying there with his forehead against the sofa back for only a short time, but when he opened his eyes sun- beams were slanting to the floor from the room's two windows. Father Christopher and Kuzmichov had gone out, and the place had been tidied. It was bright, comfortable and redolent of Father Christopher, who always smelt of cypress and dried co^^owers—at home he made his holywater sprinklers out of cornflowen, also decorating icon cases with them, and that was why he had become saturated with their scent. Looking at the piUow, the slanting sunbeams and

The old man must know a lot of prayers because he stood whispering before the icon for quite a side near the sofa—the boy laughed. He found it odd that he was not on the bale of wool, that all around him was dry, and that there was no thunder or lightning on the ceiling. J^ping up, he began to dress. He felt wonderful. Nothing remained ofvesterday's illness but a slight weakness ofthe legs and neck. The oil and vinegar must have done the trick. Remembering the steamer, the railway engine and the wide river that he had dimly glimpsed yester-day, he was in a hurry to dress so that he could run to the guayside and look at them. He washed, and the door catch suddenly clicked as he was putting on his red shirt. On the threshold appeared the top-hatted Father Christopher wearing a bro^ silk cassock over his canvas caft^ and carrying his staff. Smiling and beaming—old men are always radiant when just ret^rong from church—he placed a piece of com- munion bread and a parcel on the table and prayed to the icon. 'God has been merciful,' he addcd. 'Better, are we?' 'Al right now.' The boy kiued his hand. 'Thank God. I'm just back from service. I went

his boots— now cleaned and standing side by

breakfast, but I didn't go. I don't like calling on people too early in the mo^rng, dash it.' He took his cauock off, stroked his chest and unhuriedly undid the bundle. The boy saw a tin of unpressed caviare, a piece of smoked sturgeon and a French loal 'I bought these as I was passing the fishmonger's,' said Father Christopher. 'It's an ordinary weekday and no occasion for a treat, but there's a sick person back there, thinks I to meself, so it may be forgiven. And the caviare is good—real sturgeon's roe.' The waiter in the white shirt brought a samovar and a tray of crockery. 'Have some.' Father Christopher spread caviare on a piece of bread and gave it to the boy. 'Eat now and enjoy yourself, and in fullneu of time you will study. But mind you do so with attention and zeal, that good may come of it. What you need to learn by heart, you learn by heart. And when you have to describe a basic concept in your o\ words without touching on its outer form, then you do it in your o^ words.

And try to master all subjects. Some know

to see my friend the sacristan. He asked me in for

mathematics well, but they've never heard of Peter Mogila, and there's those as know about Peter Mogila but can't tell you about the moon. No, you study so you understand everything. Learn Latin, French, German— geography, of course, and history, theology, philosophy and mathe- matics. And when you've mastered everything—slowly, prayerfully and zealously—then you go and take up a profesion. When you know everything things will be easier for you in every walk of life. Do but study and acquire grace, and God will show you your path in life—a doctor it might be, or a judge or an engineer.' Father Christopher spread a little caviare on a small piece of bread and put it in his mouth. 'The Apostle Paul says: "Be not carried about with divers and strange doctrines." Of course if so be you study the black arts, blasphemy, conjuring up spirits from the other world like Saul, or such-like lore—which is no good to you nor to anyone else, either-then better not study at all. You must apprehend only that which God has blessed. Take good thought. The holy apostles spoke in all tongues, so you learn languages. Basil the Great study them too. St. Nestor wrote history, so you study and write history. Take example from the saints.' Father Christopher sipped tea from his saucer, wiped his whiskers, flexed his neck. 'Good,' said he. 'I'm one of the old school. I've for- gotten a lot, but even so my way of life is different from others'— there's no comparison. For instance, in company—at dinner, say, or at a meeting—one may pass a remark in Latin, or bring in history or philosophy. It gives other people ple. 'ISure and me too. Or, again, when the assizes come round and you have to administer the oath, the other priests are all a bit bashful like, but me-I'm completely at home with the judges, prosecutors and iawyers. You say something in the learned line, you have tea with them, you have a laugh, and you ask them things you don't know. And they like it. That's the way of it, old son. Learning is light and ignorance is darkness. So you study. It won't be easy, mind, for it doesn't come cheap nowadays, learning doesn't. Your mother's a widow on a pension. And, well, obviously' Father Christopher looked fearfully at the

studied mathema- tics and philosophy, so you

door. 'Your Uncle Ivan will help,' he went on in a whisper. 'He won't abandon you. He has no children of his o^ and he'll take care of you, never fear.' He looked grave and began whispering even more quietly. 'Now, boy, as God may preshe you, see you never forget your mother and your Uncle Ivan. The co^rnandment bids us honour our mother, and Mr. Kuzmichov's your benefactor and guardian. If you go in for book- learning and then—God forbid !—get irked with folks and look do^ on them because they're stupider than you, then woe, woe unto you!' Father Christopher raised his hand aloft. 'Woe, woe unto you!' he repeated in a reedy voice. Having warmed to his theme, he was reaUy getting into his stride, as they say, and would have gone on till dinner- time. But the door opened, and in came Uncle Ivan, who hastily greeted them, sat do"wn at table and began rapidly gulping tea. 'Well, I've settled all my business,' said he. 'We might have gone home today, but there's more bother with Yegorushka here. I must fi.x him up. My sister says her friend Nastasya Toskunov lives some- where round about, and she might put him up.' He felt inside his wallet, removed a cr^pled letter and read it. ' "Mrs. Nastasya Toskunov, at her o^ house in Little Nizhny Street." I must go and look her up at once. What a nuisance!' Soon after breakfast Uncle Ivan and Yegorushka left the in. 'A nuisance,' muttered Uncle. 'Here I am stuck with you, confound you. It's studying to be a gentleman for you and your mother, and nothing but trouble for me.' When they crossed the yard the wagons and carters were not there, having all gone off to the quay early in the morning. In a far corner of the yard was the dark shape of the familiar britzka. Near it stood the bays, eating oats. 'Good-bye, carriage,' thought the boy. First came a long climb up a broad avenue, and then they cro^ed a big market square, where Uncle Ivan asked a policeman the way to Little Nizhny Street. The policeman grinned. '.Ar! That be far away. Out towards the common, that be.' They met several cabs on the way, but Uncle Ivan permitted himself such weaknesses as cab drives only on exceptional occasions and major holidays. He and the boy walked along paved their legs and tongues had got them to Little Nizhny Street both were red in the face, and they took their hats off to wipe away the sweat. 'Tell me, please!' Uncle Ivan was addresing a little old man sitting on a bench by a gate. 'Where is Nastasya Toskunov's house here- abouts?' 'No Toskunovs round here,' the old man answered, after some thought. 'Perhaps it's the Timoshenkos you want?' 'No. Mrs. Toskunov.' 'Sorry, there ain't no such miuus.' Uncle Ivan shrugged his shoulders and trudged on. 'No need to go a-looking,' the old man shouted from behind. 'When I say ain't I mean ain't.' Uncle Ivan spoke to an old woman who was standing on a comer selling s^^ower seeds and pears from a tray. 'Tell me, my dear, where's Nastasya Toskunov's house hereabouts?'

The old woman looked at him in surprise. 'Why, does Nastasya live in a house of her o^then?' she laughed. 'Lord, it be seven years since

streets for a long time, and then along unpaved streets with paved sidewalks until they finally reached streets lacking both amenities. When she married off her daughter and gave the house to the son-in- law. It's him lives there now.' And her eyes asked how they could be such imbeciles as not to know a simple thing like that. 'And where does she live now?' Kuzmichov asked. 'Lord love us!' The old woman threw up her arms in surprise. 'She moved into lodgings ever so long ago. Nigh on eight years it be. Ever since she made her house over to the son-in-law. What a thing to ask!' She probably expected that Kuzmichov would be equally sur- prised, and would exclaim that it was 'out of the question'. But he asked very calmly where her lodgings were. The fruit-seller rolled up her sleeves, and pointed with her bare arm. 'You walk on, on, on,' she shouted in a shriU, piercing voice. 'You'll pass a little red cottage, and then you'll see a little alley on your left. Go downwn the alley and it will be the third gate on the right.' Kuzmichov and Yegorushka reached the little red cottage, turned left dowi the alley and headed for the third gate on the right. On both sides of this ancient grey gate stretched a grey fence with wide cracks. It had a heavy outward list on the right, threatening to collapse, while the left side was twisted back towards the yard. But the gate itself stood erect, apparently still debating whether it was more convenient to fall forwards or backwards. After Uncle Ivan had opened a small wicket-gate he and the boy saw a big yard overgrownwn with burdock and other coarse weeds. There was a small red-roofed cottage with green shutters a hundred paces from the gate, and in the middle of the yard stood a stout woman with her sleeves rolled up and her apron held out. She was scattering something on the ground, shouting 'Chick, chick, chick!' in a voice as shrill and piercing as the ^mt- seller's. Behind her sat a red dog with pointed ears. Seeing the visitors, it ran to the wicket-gate and struck up a high-pitched bark—red dogs are all tenors. 'Who do you want?' shouted the woman,

'Who do you want?' shouted the woman, shielding her eyes from the sun with a hand.
'Good morning,' Uncle Ivan shouted back, waving his stick to keep off the red dog. 'Tell me,

please, does Mrs. Toskunov live here?'
'She does! What do you want with her?'

you want with her?' she repeated. 'Perhaps vou are Mrs. Toskunov?' 'M right then, I am.' 'Very pleased to meet you. Your old friend Olga Knyazev sends her respects, see? This is her little son. And perhaps you remember me— her brother Ivan. We al come from N, you see. You were born in our to^ and you were married there.' Silence ensued, and the stout woman stared blankly at Kuzmichov, as if not believing or understanding. But then she flushed all over and flung up her hands. Oats fell from her apron, tears sprang from her eyes. 'Olga!' she shrieked, panting with excitement. 'My darling, my darling! Heavens, why ^ I standing here like an idiot? My pretty little angel!' She embraced the boy, wet his face with her tears and broke do^ completely. 'Heavens!' She wrung her hands. 'Olga's little boy! Now that ii good news! And isn't he like his mother—her very image, he is. But why are you standing out in the yard? Do come inside.'

Weeping, gasping, talking as she went, she

Kuzmichov and Yegorushka went up to her, and she gave them a suspicious look. 'What do

visitors into a stuffy parlour crammed with icons and pots of flowers. 'Oh, good- ness me! Vasilisa, at least go and open the shutters. The little angel— now, isn't he just lovely! I had no idea dear Olga had such a dear little boy.' When she had calmed do^wn and got used to the visitors Kuzmichov asked to speak to her in private. The boy went into another room, S.A.D. S.-5 containing a sewing-machine, a cage with a starling in the window, and just as many icons and flowers as the parlour. A little girl—sun- burnt, chubby-cheeked like Titus, wearing a clean little cotton frock —was standing stock-still near the sewing-machine. She looked at Yegorushka unblinkingly, obviously feeling very awkward. After gazing at her in silence for a moment he asked what her name was. The little girl moved her lips, looking as if she was going to 'Atka,' she answered softly. This meant 'Katka'. 'He'll live here, if you ^^ be so kind,' K^michov whispered in the parlour. 'And we'll pay you ten roubles a month. The boy isn't spoilt, he's a quiet

hurried to the house, with the guests plodding after her. 'It's so untidy here.' She ushered the

Kuzmichov,' sighed Nastasya plaintively. 'Ten roubles is good money, but I'm afraid of taking on someone else's child, see? He might fall ill or something.' When they called the boy back into the parlour his Uncle Ivan had stood up and was saying good-bye, hat in hand. 'Very well then, let him stay with you now.' He t^roed to his nephew. 'Good-bye, Yego- rushka, you're to stay here. Mind you behave yourself and do as Mrs. Toskunov says. Good-bye then. I'll come again tomorrow.' And off he went. Nastasya embraced the boy again, calling him a little angel and began tearfully laying the table. Three minutes later Yegorushka was sitting next to her, answering her endles questions and eating rich, hot cabbage stew. In the evening he was back at the same table, resting his head on his hand as he listened to Nastasya. Now laughing, now ^^ng, she talked

of his mother's young days, her marriage, her children. A cricket chirped in the stove and the

'I really don't know what to say, Mr.

lad.'

her thimble in her excitement, whereupon her granddaughter Katka would crawl under the table after it, always staying downwn there a long time and probably scrutinizing Yegorushka's feet. He listened, he dozed, and he examined the old woman's face, her wart with hairs on it, the tear stains. And he felt sad, very sad. They made him a bed on a trunk, saying that if he was hungry in the night he should go into the corridor and take some of the chicken under a bowl on the win-dow-sill. Next morning Ivan Kuzmichov and Father Christopher came to say good-bye. Mrs. Toskunov was pleased to see them and was going to bring out the samovar, but Kuzmichov was in a great hurry and dismissed the idea with a gesture. 'We've no time for tea, sugar and the rest of it, we're just leaving.' Before parting, all sat in silence for a minute. Nastasya gave a deep sigh, gazing with tearful eyes at the icons. 'Well, well,' began Ivan, getting up. 'So you'll

be staying here.'

lamp b^roer faintly buzzed. The mistress of the house spoke in a low voice, occasionally dropping

from his face. 'Now, mind you study.' He was a little flushed and smiled sadly. 'Don't forget your mother and obey Mrs. Toskunov. You study wdl, boy, and I'll stand by you.' He took a purse from his pocket, thed his back to the boy, bur-rowed in the small change for a while, found a ten-copeck piece and gave it to him. Father Christopher sighed and unhurriedly blessed Yegorushka. 'In the name of the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. Study, lad, work hard. Remember me in your prayers if I die. And here's ten copecks from me too.' Yegorushka kissed his hand and burst into tears. Something inside him whispered that he would never see the old man again. 'I've already applied to the local high school,' Kuzmichov told Nas- tasya in a voice suggesting that there was a dead body laid out in the room. 'You must take him to the examination on the seventh of August. Well, good-bye and God bless vou. Farewell, nephew.' 'You might have had a little tea,' groaned Nastasya.

The businesslike reserve suddenly vanished

could not see Uncle Ivan and Father Christopher leave. He rushed to the window, but they were gone from the yard. The red hound had just barked, and was ^^^g back from the gate with an air of duty fulfilled. Not knowing why, the boy j^ped up and rushed from the house, and as he ran out of the gate Kuzmichov and Father Christopher—the first swinging his stick with the c^^ed handle and the second his staff—were just rounding the comer. Yegorushka felt that his entire stock of experi- ence had vanished with them like smoke. He sank exhaustedly on a bench, greeting the advent of his new and unknownwn life with bitter tears. What kind of life would it be? AN AWKWARD BUSINESS Grbgory Ovchinnikov was a country doctor of about thirty-five, haggard and nervous. He was kno^ to his colleagues for his modest contributions to medical statistics and keen interest in 'social prob- lems'. One morning he was doing his ward rounds in his hospital, followed as usual by his assistant Michael

S^^ovsky—an elderly medical orderly with a

Through the tears blinding his eyes the boy

Barely had the doctor begun his rounds when a tr'mg matter aroused his acute suspicions—his assistant's waistcoat was creased, and persistently rode up even though the man kept jerking and straighten- ing it. His shirt too was cr'pled and creased, and there was white fluff on his long black frock-coat, on his trousers, and even on his tie. The man had obviously slept in his clothes, and—to judge from his expresion as he tugged his waistcoat and adjusted his tie—those clothes were too tight for him.

The doctor stared at him and grasped the

fleshy face, plastered-do[^] greasy hair and a single

ear-ring.

blank face, his dim eyes, the shivering of **his** neck and hands, the dis- order of **his** dreu, and above all his intense efforts to control hi^rclf, together with his desire to conceal his condition—it all testified that he had just got up, had not slept properly and was still drunk, seriously drunk, on

what he had taken the night before. He had an ex<cruaating hangover, he was in great distres, and he was obviously very \(^{\text{moyed}}\) with himself.

situation. His asistant was not staggering, and he answered questions coherently, but his grim,

disliking the orderly, was strongly inclined to say: 'Drunk, I see.' He was suddenly disgusted by the waistcoat, the long frock-coat and the ear-ring in that meaty ear. But he repr^Kd his rancour, and spoke gently and politely as always. 'Did Gerasim have his milk?' 'Yes, Doctor,' replied Smimovsky, also softly. While talking to his patient, Gerasim, the doctor glanced at the temperature chart, and felt another surge of hatred. He held his breath to stop himself speaking, but could not help asking in a rude, choking voice why the temperature had not been recorded. 'Oh, it was, Doctor,' said Smimovsky softly. But on looking at the chart and satisfying himself that it indeed was not, he shrugged his shoulders in bewilderment. 'I don't understand, Doctor—it must be Sister's doing,' he mut-tered. 'It wasn't recorded last night either,' the doctor went on. 'All you ever do is get drunk, blast you! You're positively pie-eyed at this

Sister Nadezhda Osipovna, the midwife, was

moment. Where is Sister?'

The doctor, who had his on reasons for

on duty every morning when the dreuings were changed. The doctor looked around him, and received the impression that the ward had not been tidied and was in an mes, that none of the necewary routine had been carried out, and that everything was as bulging, crumpled and fluffbedecked as the orderly's odious waistcoat. He felt prompted to tear off his white apron, rant, throw everything over, let it all go to hell, and leave. But he mastered himselfand continued his rounds. After Gerasim came a patient with a tissue inflammation of the entire right arm. He needed his dreuing changed. The doctor sat by him on a stool and tackled the arm. 'They were celebrating last night—someone's name-day,' he thought, slowly removing the bandage. 'You just wait, I'll give you parties! What can I do about it, though? I can do nothing.' He felt an abscess on the purple, swollen arm and called: 'Scalpel!' Trying to show that he was steady on his feet

and fit for work, Smirnovsky rushed off and

guickly came back with a scalpel.

not in the wards, though she was supposed to be

box—which was on a chair—containing material for the dressings, and quickly rummaged about. He kept on whispering to the nurses, moving the box on the chair, rustling it, and he twice dropped something. The doctor sat waiting, and

The assistant walked mincingly to the

'Not this—a new one,' said the doctor.

whispering and rustling.

'How much longer?' he asked. 'You must have left them down-stairs.'

The orderly ran up and handed over two

felt a violent irritation in his back from the

scalpels, while committing the indiscretion of breathing in the doctor's direction. 'Not these!' snapped the doctor. 'I told you quite clearly to get me a new one. Oh, never

not these!' snapped the doctor. It fold you quite clearly to get me a new one. Oh, never mind, go and sleep it off—you reek like an alehouse. You're not fit to be trusted.'

'What other knives do you want?' asked the

'What other knives do you want?' asked the orderly irritably, slowly shrugging his shoulders. Annoyed with hi^^lf, and ashamed to have the patients and nurses staring at him, he forced a

patients and nurses staring at him, he forced a smile to conceal his emba^ment. 'What other knives do you want?' he repeated.

The doctor felt tears in his eyes and a

out in a quavering voice. 'I don't want to talk to a d^mk.' 'You can't tell me off for what I do off duty,' went on the orderly. 'Suppose I did have a drop—well, it don't mean anyone an order me about. I'm doing me job, ain't I? What more do you want? I'm doing me job.' The doctor jumped to his feet, swung his arm without realizing what he was doing, and struck his assistant in the face with his full force. Why he did it he did not know, but he derived great pleasure from the punch landing smack on the man's face and from the fact that a dignified, God-fearing family man, a solid citizen with a high opinion of himself, had reeled, bounced like a baU and collapsed on a stool. He felt a wild urge to land a second punch, but the feeling of satisfaction vanished at the sight of the nurses' pale and troubled faces near that other hated face. With a gesture of despair he rushed out of the ward. In the grounds he encountered the Sister on her way to the hospital —an u^arried woman of

trembling in his fingers. He made another effort to control hi^^lf. 'Go and sleep it off,' he brought

She rustled her dres, jerking her shoulders in time with each step, and tossing her head as ifhumming a merry tune to herself. 'Aha, the Mermaid!' thought the doctor, recalling that the staff had given the Sister that nickname, and he savoured the prospect of ^^g the mincing, self-ob^ed, fashion-conscious creature do^wn a peg. 'Why are you never to be found?' he shouted as their paths crossed. 'Why aren't you at the hospital? The temperatures haven't been taken, the place is in a mess, my orderly is drunk, and you sleep tiU noon. You'd better find yourself another job—you're not working here any more.' Reaching his lodgings, the doctor tore off his

about twenty-seven with a sallow face and her hair loose. Her pink cotton dress was very tight in the skirt, which made her take tiny, rapid steps.

into a corner, and began pacing his study.

'Good grief, what awful people!' he said.
'They're no use, they're only a hindrance. I ^'t carry on, I really an't. I'm getting out.'

His heart was th^ping, he was trembling all

white apron and the piece of towelling with which it was belted, angrily hurled them both

over, and on the brink of tears. To banish these sensations he consoled himself by con-sidering how thoroughly justifed he was, and what a good idea it had been to hit his assistant. The odious thing was, he reflected, that the fellow had not got his hospital job in the ordinary way, but through nepotism—his aunt worked for the Council Chairman as a children's nurse. And what a loathsome sight she was when she came in for treat- ment—this high-powered Auntie with her offhand airs and queue- j^ping presumptions! The orderly was undisciplined and ignorant. What he did know he had no understanding of at all. He was drunken, insolent, unclean in his person. He took bribes from the patients and he sold the Council's medicines on the sly. Besides, it was co^mon knowledge that he practised medicine himself on the quiet, treating young to^rafolk for u^entionable complaints with special concoctions of his It would have been bad enough had he just been one more quack. But this was a quack militant, a quack with mutiny in his heart! He would cup and bleed out-patients without telling the doc- tor, and he would assist at and blatantly he scorned the doctor's medicine with all its lore and regulations.

When his fingers were steady the doctor sat at his desk and wrote a letter to the Chairman of the Council.

'Dear Leo Tro^movich,

'If, on receipt of this note, your Committee does not discharge the hospital orderly Smirnovsky, and if it denies me the right to choose my own assistants, I shall feel

operations with unwashed hands, digging about in the wounds with a perennially dirty probe—all of which served to demonstrate how profoundly

say—to request you to consider my employment as doctor at N. Hospital terminated, and to concern yourself with seeking my successor. My respects to Lyubov Fyodorovna and Yus. 'Faithfully,

obliged—not without regret, I need hardly

g. ovchinnjkov'
Reading the letter through, the doctor found it too short and not formal enough. Besides, it was highly improper to send his regards to Lyubov

highly improper to send his regards to Lyubov Fyodorovna and Yus (nickname of the Chairman's younger son) in an official doctor. He tore the letter up, and began planning another. 'Dear Sir,' he thought, sitting at his open ^mdow, and looking at the ducles and ducklings which hurried down the road, waddling and st^bling, and which must be on their way to the pond. One duckling picked a piece of offal from the ground, choked and gave a squeak of alarm. Another ran up to it, tore the thing out of itl beak and started choking too. Far away, near the fence, in the lacy shadows cast on the grau by the young limes, Darya the cook was wandering about picking sorrel for a vegetable stew. Voices were heard. Zot the coachman, a bridle in his hand, and the dirty-aproned hospiul

'Why the blazes bring in Yus?' wondered the

communication.

odd-job-man Manuylo stood near the shed di^^ing something and laughing.

'They're on about me hitting the orderly,' thought the doctor. 'This ^^dal will be al over the county by tonight. Very well then. "Dear Sir, unles

your Committee discharges" '
The doctor was well aware that the Council
would never prefer the orderly to ^m, and would

would never prefer the orderly to ^m, and would rather dispense with every medical assistant in

would the letter have ^rived before Leo Trofimovich would undoubtedly be rolling up in his troika with his 'What crazy notion is this, old man?'

'My dear chap, what's it all about?' he would ask. 'May you be for- given! Whatever's the idea? What's got into you? Where is the fellow? Bring the blackguard here! He must be fired! Chuck him outl I insist! That swine shan't be here tomorrow!'

Then he would dine with the doctor, and after dinner he would lie belly upwards on this same

the county than deprive itself of so distinguished an indi- vidual as Doctor Ovchinnikov. Barely

drive the doctor over to spend the night at his house. The upshot would be that the orderly would keep his job and the doctor would not resign.

But this was not the result that the doctor secretly desired. He wanted the orderly's Auntie

crimson sofa and more with a newspaper over his face. After a good sleep he would have tea and

to triumph, he wanted the Council to accept his resignation without more ado—with satisfaction, even—and despite **his** eight years' conscientious

service. He imagined leaving the hospital, where he had settled in nicely, and writing a letter to Tht Physidan. He imagined his colleagues presenting him with an addres of ^mpathy. The Mermaid appeared on the road. With mincing gait and swish- ing dres she came up to the ^mdow. 'Will you see the patientl yourself, Doctor?' she asked. 'Or do you want us to do it on our o^?' 'You lost your temper,' said her eyes. 'And now that you've calmed do^wn you're ashamed ofyourself. But I'm too magnanimous to take any notice.' 'All right, I'll come,' said the doctor. He put on his apron again, belted it with the towelling and went to the hospital. 'I was wrong to run off after hitting him,' he thought on the way. 'It made me look embarrassed or frightened. I acted like a schoolboy. It was all wrong.' He imagined the patients looking at him with discomfiture when he entered the ward, imagined himself feeling guilty. But when he went in they lay quietly in their beds, hardly paying him any attention. The tubercular what's what,' he seemed to be saying. 'That's the way to do things, old man.'

The doctor lanced two abscesses on the purple arm and bandaged it, then went to the women's wards and performed an operation on a peasant woman's eye, while the Mermaid followed him around, helping him as if nothing had happened and all was as it should be. His ward rounds done, he began receiving his out-patients. The

win- dow in the small surgery was wide open. You had only to sit on the sill and lean over a little to see young grass a foot or two below. There had been thunder and a heavy do^pour on the previous even- ing, and so the grass was somewhat beaten downwn and glossy. The path ^^ing from just beyond the window to the gully looked washed clean, and the bits ofbroken

'He didn't do his job right, so you taught him

Gerasim's face expressed total unconcern.

dispensary jars and bottles stre[^] on both sides—they too had been washed clean, and sparkled in the sun, radiat- ing dazzling beams. Farther on, beyond the path, young firs in sumptuous green robes crowded each other. Beyond chem were birches with paper-white trunks, and

towards your window and debating whether to take fright or not. Then, having decided on taking fright, they darted up to the tops of the birches, one after the other with happy chirps, as if making fun of the doctor for not knowing how to fly.

Through the heavy smell of iodoform the fresh fragrance of the spring day could be sensed. It was good to breathe.

'Anna Spiridonovna,' the doctor called.

A young peasant woman in a red dress

through their foliage, as it gently quivered in the breeze, the infmite depths of the azure sky could be seen. As you looked out there were starlings hopping on the path, turning their foolish beaks

'What's troubling you?' the doctor asked.

Glancing mis^^tfully at the door through which she had come, and at the door to the dispensary, the woman approached the doctor.

entered the surgery and said a prayer before the

icon.

'I don't have no children,' she whispered.

'Who else hasn't registered yet?' shouted the

Mermaid from the dispensary. 'Report here!'
'What makes him such a swine is compelling

me to hit someone for the first time in my life, thought the doctor as he examined the woman. 'I was never involved in fisticuffs before.' Anna Spiridonovna left. In came an old man with a venereal com- plaint, and then a pe^^t woman with three children who had scabies, and things began to hum. There was no sign of the orderly. Beyond the dispe^^y door the Mermaid merrily chirped, swishing her dres and clinking her jars. Now and then she came into the surgery to help with a minor operation, or to fetch a prescription—all with that same air of everything being as it should be. 'She's glad I hit the man,' thought the doctor, listening to her voice. 'Those two have always been at loggerheads, and she'll be overjoyed if we get rid of him. The nurses are glad too, I think. How revolting!' When his surgery was at its busiest he began to feel that the Sister, the nurses, and the very patients, had deliberately assumed carefree, cheerful exprewions. They seemed to realize that he was ashamed and hun, but pretended not to out of delicacy. As for him, wishing to demonstrate that he was no whit disconcerted, he But ashamed and dejected he was, and after seeing forty-five parienc he strolled slowly away from the hospital.

The Sister had already contrived to visit her lodgings. A gaudy crimson shawl round her shoulders, a cigarette between her teeth, and a flower in her flowing tresses, she was hurrying

off. probably on a professional or private visit. Patients sat in the hospital porch, silently sunning themselves. Rowdy as ever, the starlings were

'Hey, you there! Close that door, it's draughty.'

was shouting roughly.

hunting beetles.

Looking around him, the doctor reflected that among all these stable, serene lives only two stuck out like sore thumbs as obviously useless—the orderly's and his o^. By now the orderly must have gone to bed to sleep it off. but was surely kept awake by knowing that he was in

the wrong, had been maltreated, and had lost his job. His pre- dicament was appalling. As for the doctor, having never struck anyone before, he felt as if he had lost his virginity. No longer did he blame his assistant, or seek to exculpate himself. He was merely perplexed. How had a decent man

come to strike that blow? Returning to his guarters, he lay on the study sofa with his face to the back. 'He's a bad man and a profesional liability,' he thought. 'During his three years here I've reached the end of my tether. Still, what I did is inexcusable. I took advantage of my position. He's my subordinate, he was at fault and he was drunk to boot, whereas I'm his superior, I had right on my side and I was sober—which gave me the upper hand. Secondly, I struck him in front of people who look up to me, thus setting them a dreadful example.' The doctor was called to dinner. After eating only a few spoonfuls of cabbage stew he left the table, lay on the sofa again and resumed his meditations. 'So what shall I do now? I must put things right with him as soon as possible. But how? As a practical man he probably thinks duelling stupid or doesn't recognize it. If I apologized to him in the same ward in front of the nurses and patients, that apology would only satisfy me, not him. Being a low type of person, he would put it

like himself, who had never even kicked a dog,

money? No, that would be i^moral, and it would smack of bribery. Well, suppose we were to put the problem to our immediate superiors, the County Council, that is. They could reprimand or dis- mia me, but they wouldn't. And, anyway, it wouldn't be quite the thing to involve the Council—which, incidentally, has no jurisdiction —in the hospital's domestic affairs. Three hours after his meal the doctor was on his way to bathe in the pond, still ^^^ng. 'Should I perhaps do what anyone else would do in the circ^stances—let him sue me? Being unquestionably in the wrong, I shan't try to defend myself, and the judge will send me to gaol. Thus the injured party will receive satisfaction, and those who look up to me will see that I was in the wrong.' The idea appealed to him. He was pleased, and felt that the problem had been solved in the fairest possible way. 'Well, that's fine!' he thought, wading into the

water and watching shoals of golden crucians

do^ to cowardice, to fear of his complaining to the authorities. Besides, an apology would mean the end of hospital discipline. Should I offer him him aU the better in that our professional relationship has been curtailed, and after this scandal one or other of us will have to leave the hospital anyway.' In the evening the doctor ordered his trap, intending to drive over to the garrison commander's for bridge. When he had his hat and coat on, and stood in his study putting his gloves on ready to leave, the outer door opened creakingly, and someone quietly entered the hall. 'Who's there?' called the doctor. A hollow voice answered. 'It's me, sir.' The doctor's heart suddenly thumped. Embarrassment and a mys- terious feeling of panic suddenly chilled him all over. Michael Smir- novsky, the orderly—it was he—coughed softly, and came timidly into the study. 'Please forgive me, Doctor,' he said in a hollow, guilty voice after a brief silence. The doctor was taken aback, and did not know what to say. He realized that the man's reason for abasing himself and apologizing was neither Christian meekness, nor a wish to heap coals of

fire on his ill- user, but simply self-interest. 'I'll

scurrying away from him. 'Let himsue. It will suit

make myself apologize, and with luck I won't get the sack and lose my livelihood.' What could be more insulting to human dignity? 'Forgive me,' repeated the man. 'Now then,' said the doctor, trying not to look at him, and still not knowing what to say. 'Very well, I assaulted you, and I, er, must be punished-must give you satisfaction, that is. You're not a duelling man. Nor am I, for that matter. I have given you offence and you, er, you can bring suit against me before the Justices of the Peace and I'll take my punishment. But we can't both stay on here. One of us-you or I-will have to go.' ('Oh God, I'm saying all the wrong things,'

have to go.'

('Oh God, I'm saying all the wrong things,' thought the doctor, aghast. 'How utterly stupid!')

'In other words, sue me. But we can't go on working together. It's you or me. You'd better start proceedings tomorrow.'

The orderly gazed sullenly at the doctor, and then his dark, dim eyes glinted with blatant contempt. He had always thought the doctor an unpractical, volatile, puerile creature, and he despised him now for being so nervous and

talking so much fussy nonsense.

'Well, don't think I won't,' said he grimly and spitefully. 'Then go ahead.' 'You think I won't do it, don't you? Well, you're wrong! You have no right to raise your hand to me. You ought to be ashamed of yourself. Only drunken peasants hit people, and you're an educated man.' Suddenly the doctor's hatred all boiled up inside him. 'You clear out of here!' he shouted in a voice unlike his The orderly was reluctant to budge, as if having something else to say, but went into the hall and stood there, plunged in thought. Then, having apparently made up his mind to something, he marched reso-lutely out. 'How utterly stupid!' muttered the doctor after the other had gone. 'How stupid and trite it all is.' His handling of the orderly had been infantile, he felt, and he was beginning to see that his notions about the lawsuit were all foolish, complicating the problem instead of solving it. 'How stupid!' he repeated as he sat in his carriage, and later while playing bridge at the garrison commander's. 'Am I really so uneducated, do I know so little oflife, that I can't solve this simple problem? Oh, what shaU I do?' Next morning the doctor saw the orderly's wife getting into a ^mage. 'She is off to Auntie's,' he thought. 'Well, let her go!' The hospital managing without an orderly, and though the Council should have been given notification, the doctor was still unable to frame a letter. It's tenor must now be: 'Kindly dismiss my orderly, though I am to blame, not he.' But to express the idea without it sounding foolish and ignominious—that was almost beyond any decent man. Two or three days later the doctor was told that his asistant had gone and complained to Leo Trofimovich, the Chairman, who had not let him get a word out, but had stamped his feet and sent him packing. 'I know your sort!' he had shouted. 'Get out! I won't listen!' From the Chairman the assistant had gone to the to^ hall, and had filed a complaint—neither mentioning the assault nor asking anything for himself—to the effect that the doctor had several times made dis- paraging co^ments about the the doctor's method of treating patients was incorrect, that he was neglectful in making his rounds of the district, and so on. Hearing of this, the doctor laughed and thought what a fool the man was. He felt ashamed and sorry for one who behaved so foolishly. The more stupid things a man does in his defence the more defenceles and feeble he must be. Exactly one week later the doctor received a s^mons from the Justice of the Peace. 'Now this is idi^^ m riot,' he thought as he signed the pa^rc. 'This is the ultimate in sheer sillines.' Driving over to the court-house on a calm, overcast morning, he no longer felt embarraued, but was vexed and disgusted. He was furious with himself, with the orderly, with the whole busines. 'I'll just tell the court that the whole lot of them can go to blazes,' he raged. ' "You're all jackasses, and you have no sense", I'U say.' Driving up to the court-house, he saw three of his n^^ and the Mermaid by the door. They had been called as wimesses. When he saw the nurses and that merry Sister—she was shifting from foot

Council and its Chairman in his presence, that

impending trial—the incensed doctor wanted to pounce on them like a hawk and stun them with a 'Who said you could leave the hospital? Be so good as to return this instant.' But he took a hold on himself, tried to seem calm, and picked his way through the crowd of peasants to the courthouse. The chamber was empty, and the judge's chain of office hung on the back of his armchair. Entering the clerk's cubicle, the doctor saw a thinfaced young man in a linen jacket with bulging pockeB—the clerk—and the orderly, who sat at a table idly le^mg through court records. The clerk stood up when the doctor came in. The orderly rose too, looking rather put out. 'Isn't Alexander Arkhipovich here yet?' the doctor asked 'No, Doctor. He's at his house, sir,' the clerk ^wered. The court-house was in one of the outbuildings of the judge's estate, and the judge himself lived in the manor house. Leaving the court-house, the doctor made his way slowly towards that residence, and found Alexander

to foot in her excitement, and had even blushed with pleasure on seeing the protagonist of the

var was steaming. The judge wore neither coat nor waistcoat and had his shirt unbuttoned. He was standing by the table, holding a teapot in both hands and pouring tea as dark as coffee into a glau. Seeing his visitor, he quickly pulled up another glau and filled it. 'With or without sugar?' he asked by way of greeting. A long time ago the judge had been a cavalryman. Now, through long service in elective office, he had attained high rank in the Civil Service, yet had never discarded his military uniform or his military habits. He had long whiskers like a police chief's, trousers with piping, and all his acts and words were military elegance personifed. He spoke with his head thrown slightly back, larding his speech with your retired general's fruity bleats, flexing his shoulders and rolling his eyes. When greeting someone or giving them a light he scraped his shoes, and when walking he clinked his spurs as carefully and delicately as if every jingle caused him exquisite pain. Having sat the doctor downwn to his tea, he stroked his

Arkhipovich in the dining-room, where a samo-

'H^^rnph!' said he. 'Perhaps you'd like, m'yes, some vodka and a bite to eat, m'yes?' 'No thank you, I'm not hungry.' Both felt that they were bound to discus the hospital ^^dal, and both felt awkward. The doctor said nothing. With a graceful gesture the judge caught a gnat that had bitten his chest, scrutinized it keenly from all angles, and then let it go. Then he heaved a deep sigh and looked up at the doctor. 'Now then, why don't you get rid of him?' he asked succinctly. The doctor sensed a note of sympathy in his voice, and suddenly pitied himself, jaded and crushed as he felt by the week's ructions. He rose from the table, frownwned irritably and shrugged his shoulders, his expreuion suggesting that his patience had finally snapped. 'Get rid of him!' he said. 'Ye Gods, the mentality of you people! It really is remarkable!

But how can I do that? You sit around here thinking I run my hospital and can act as I please. The mentality of you people certainly is remarkable. Can I really sack an orderly whose

broad chest and stomach and heaved a sigh.

aunt is n^my to our Chairman's children, and ifour Chairman has a need for such toadies and blabbermouths as this Smimovsky? What can I do if the Council doesn't care tuppence for us doctors, if it trips us up at every t^? I don't want their job, blast them, and that's flat-thev can keep it!' 'There there, my dear chap. You're making too much of the thing, in a m^mer of speaking.' 'The Chairman tries his level best to prove we're all revolutio^mes, he spies on us, he treats us as clerks. What right has he to visit the hospital when I'm away, and to guestion the nurses and patients? It's do^^ght insulting. Then there's this pious freak of yours, this Simon Alekseyevich who does his ploughing, rejects medicine because he's as strong as an ox-and eats as much!-vociferously calling us parasites to our faces and begrudging us our livelihood, blast him! I work day and night, I never take a holiday, I'm more necesary than all these prigs, bigots, reformers and buffoons put together! I've worked til I'm il, and instead of any gratitude I'm told I'm a parasite. Thank you very, very much! Then again, everyone thinks himself entitled to poke his nose into other people's business, tell them how to do their job, order them about. Your pal Coundllor Kamchatsky criticizes us doctors at the annual meeting for wasting pota\'ium iodide, and advises us to be careful about using cocaine! What does he know about it, eh? What business is it of his? Why doesn't he teach you how to your coun?' 'But, but he's such a cad, old son—a bounder. You mustn't let him bother you.' 'He's a cad and a bounder, but it was you who elected this windbag to your Executive Committee, you who let him poke his nose into everything. Al right, smile! These things are all trifles and pinpricks, think you. But so n'nerous are they that one's whole life now con- sists of them, as a mountain may consist of grains of sand—just you get that into your head! I can'ton—I'm just about all in, Alexander Arkhipovich. Any more of this and I won't be punching faces, I'll be taking pot shoc at people, believe you me! My nerves aren't made of steel, I tell you! I'm a human being like you'

shook. He turned away and looked through the window. Silence fell. 'H^^rnph, old fellow!' muttered the judge pennyely. 'And then again, if one considers things coolly' He caught a gnat, squinted hard at it from all angles, squashed it and threw it in the slop-basin. 'then, you see, there's no reason to dismiu him. Get rid of him and he'll be replaced by someone just like him, or even worse. You could ^m through a hundred of them and you wouldn't find one that was any good. They're all blackguards.' He stroked his ^mpits and slowly lit a cigarette. 'We must learn to put up with this evil. It's only among professional people and peasants-—at the two poles of society, in other words—that one fi.nds honest, sober, reliable workers nowa-days, that's my opinion. A really decent doctor, a fint—la^ teacher, a thoroughly honest ploughman or blacksmith—those you might, in a m^mer ofspeaking, find. But the in-betweeners, what you might call deserters from the peasantry who haven't acquired professional standing—they're the ^veliable element. That's why it's

Tears carne to the doctor's eyes, his voice

so hard to find an honest, sober hospital orderly, clerk, f^m bailiff and so on-exceed- ingly hard. I've been with the justice department since time immemo- rial, and I've never had one honest, sober clerk throughout my career, though I've booted them out by the sackful in my time. These people lack moral discipline, not to mention er, er, principles, in a manner of speaking' 'What's all this in aid of?' wondered the doctor. 'What we're both saying is all beside the point.' 'Here's a trick my clerk, Dyuzhinsky, played me only last Friday,' the judge continued. 'He got hold of some d^-God knows who-and they spent all night boozing in my court-house. What do you say to that, now? I've nothing against drink. Let them guzzle themsdves silly, confound them! But why bring strangers into my chambers? Just think—after all, would it take a second to steal a doc^ent, a promissory note or something, from the files? Well, believe it or not, after that orgy I had to spend two days checking all my files in case anything was missing. Now then, what will you do with this scallywag? Get rid of him? All right. And where's your guarantee that the next one won't be worse?' 'But how can he be got rid of?' the doctor asked. 'It's easy enough to talk, but how can I discharge him and take the bread out of his mouth when I know he's a family man with no resources. What would he and his family do?' 'I'm saying the wrong thing, da^ it!' he thought, marvelling that he simply could not concentrate on any one definite idea or sentiment. 'That's because I'm shallow and illogical,' he reflected. 'The in-between man, as you call him, is ^u^eliable,' he went on. 'We chase him out, we curse him, we slap his face, but shouldn't we to see his point of view? He's neither peasant nor master, neither fish nor fowl. His past is grim and his present is a mere twenty-five roubles a month, a starving family and being ordered about, while his future is the same twenty-five roubles and the same inferior position even if he holds on for a hundred years. He has neither education nor property, he has no time to read and go to church, and he's deaf to us because we won't let him near us. And so he lives on from day to day till he dies without hoping for out of his council flat, not knowing where to find a roof for his children. How ^ a man avoid getting drunk and stealing, how can he acquire principles in these conditions? 'Now we seem to be solving social problems,' he thought. 'And, my God, how clumsily! And what's the point ofit all?' Bells were heard as someone drove into the yard and bowled along to the court-house: first, and then up to the porch of the big house. 'It's You-know-who,' said the judge, looking through the window. 'Well, you're for it!' 'Let's get it over qui^ly, please,' pleaded the doctor. 'Take my ccase, out of rum if possible, I really can't spare the time.' 'Very well then. But I still don't know if the matter's within my jurisdiction, old man. After all, your relations with your asistant are, in a manner of speaking, official. Besides, you dotted him one when he was on official duty. I don't know for certain, actually, but now we can ask the Chairman.' Hasty steps and heavy breathing were heard, and Leo Trofimovich, the Chairman, appeared in

anything better, underfed, afraid of being ^med

the doorway—a balding, white-haired old man with a long beard and red eyelids. 'Good day to you,' he panted. 'Phew, I say! Tell them to bring me some kvau, judge. This'll be the death of me.' He sank into an armchair, but immediately sprang up, trotted over to the doctor, and glared at him furiously. 'Many,thanks to you, Doctor.' He spoke in a shrill, high-pitched voice. 'You've done me no end of a good turn. Most grateful to you, I'm sure. I shan't forget you in a month of SWldays. But is this the way for friends to behave? Say what you like, but you haven't been all that considerate, have you? Why didn't you let me know? Do you take me for your enemy? For a stranger? Your enemy, am I? Did I ever refuse you any-thing, eh?' Glaring and twiddling his fingers, the Chairman drank his kvass, quickly wiped his lips and continued. 'Thank you so very, very much! But why didn't you let me know? If you'd had any feelings for me at all you'd have driven over and spoken to me as a friend. "My dear Leo Trofimovich, the facts are this that and the other. What's happened is that et cetera et cetera." I'd have settled it all in scandal. That imbecile seems to have gone clean off his rocker. He's touring the county muckraking and gossiping with village women while you, shameful to relate, have stirred up one hell of a witch's brew, if you'll pardon my saying so, and have got this jackass to sue you. You should be do^right ashamed of yourself. Everyone's asking me the rights and wrongs of it, and I-the Chairman!—don't know what you're up to. You have no use for me. Many, many thanks to you, Doctor.' The Chairman bowed so low that he even turned purple. Then he went up to the window. 'Zhigalov, send Smimovsky here,' he shouted. 'I want him this instant!' Then he came away from the window. 'It's a bad business, sir. Even my wife was upset, and you know how much she's on your side. You're all too clever by half, gentlemen. You're keen on logic, principles and such flapdoodle, but where does it get you? Youjust confuse the issue.' 'Wdl, you're keen on being illogical, and where does that get you?' the doctor asked. 'All right, I'll tell you. Where it gets me is this,

two ticks, and there would have been no need for

did come.' The orderly entered and stood near the door. The Chairman stood sideways on to him, thrust his hands in his pockets and cleared his throat.

that ifl hadn't come here now you'd have disgraced both yoursdf and us. It's lucky for you I

'Apologize to the doctor at once,' he said. The doctor blushed and ran into another room.

'There, you see, the doctor do^'t want to accept your apology,' went on the Chairman. 'He wants you to show you're sorry in deeds, not words. Will you promise to do what he says and lead a sober life from this day onwards?'

'I will,' the orderly brought out in a deep, grim voice. 'Then watch your step, or heaven hdp you—you'll get the order of the boot double

quick! If anything goes wrong you can expect no mercy. All right—off home with you.'

For the orderly, who had already accepted his misfortune, this of events was a delightful surprise. He even went pale with joy. He wanted

to say something and put out his hand, but remained silent, smiled foolishly and went out.

'That's that,' said the Chairman. 'No need for a trial either.' He sighed with relief, surveyed the samovar and glasses with the air of one who has just brought off an extremely difficult and important coup, and wiped his hands. 'Blessed are the peacemakers,' said he. 'Pour me another glass, Alexander. Oh ves, and tell them to bring me a bite to eat first. And, well, some vodka' 'I say, this just won't do!' Still flushed, the doctor came into the dining-room, wringing his hands. 'This, er—it's a farce, it's revolting. I can't stand it. Better have twenty trials than settle things in this cock- eyed fashion. I can't stand it, I tell you!' 'What do you want then?' the Chairman snapped back. 'To get rid of him? Very well, I'll fire him.' 'No don't do that. I don't know what I do want, but this attitude to life, gentlemen-God, this is sheer agony!' The doctor started bustling nervously, looked for his hat, could not find it, and sank exhausted in an armchair. 'Disgusting,' he repeated. 'My dear fellow,' whispered the judge. 'To some extent I fail to understand you, in a manner of speaking. The incident was your fault, after all. Socking folks in the jaw at the end of the nineteenth century! Say what you like, but, in a manner of speaking, it er, quite the thing. The man's a blackguard, but you must admit you acted in- cautiously yourself..' 'Of course,' the Chairman agreed. Vodka and hors-d'a:uvre were served. On his way out the doctor mechanically drank a glass of vodka and ate a radish. As he drove back to hospital his thoughts were veiled in mist like gras on autu^ mornings. How could it be, he wondered, that after all tie anguish, all the hean-searching, all the talk of the past week, everything had fizzled out in a finale so banal? How utterly stupid! He was ashamed of involving strangers in his personal problem, ashamed of what he had said to these people, ashamed of the vodka that he had drunk from the habit of idle drinking and icle living, ashamed of his insensitive, shallow mind. On returning to hospital, he at once started on his ward rounds. The orderly accompanied him, gently. The orderly, the Mermaid, the nurses-—all pretended that nothing had happened, that all was as it should be. The doctor too made every effort to appear unaffected. He gave orders, he fumed, he joked with the patients, while one idea kept stirring in his brain. 'The sheer, the crass stupidity ofit all.' THE BEAUTIES I remember driving with my grandfather from the village of Bolshaya Krepkaya, in the Don Region, to Rostov-on-Don when I was a highschool boy in the fifth or sixth form. It was a sultry August day, exhausting and depretting. Our eyes were practically gu^rned up, and our mouths were parched from the heat and the hot, dry wind that drove clouds of dust towards us. We did not feel like looking, speaking or ^^&ng. When our dozing driver, a Ukrainian called ^upo, caught me on the cap with his whip while lashing at his horse, I neither protested nor uttered a sound, but just opened my eyes, half asleep as I was, and looked dispiritedly and mildly into the distance to see if a village ^^ visible through the

treading softly as a cat, answering questions

dust. We stopped to feed the horse in the large ^menian settlement of Bakhchi-Salakh, at the house of a rich Armenian whom my grandfather knew. Never in my life have I seen anything more grotesque. Imagine a small, cropped head with thick, beetling evebrows, a beaked nose, long white whiskers, and a wide mouth with a long cherry- wood chibouk sticking out of it. The small head has been cl^mily tacked to a gaunt, hunched carcase arayed in bizare garb—a short red jacket and gaudy, sky-blue, baggy trousers. The creature walks about splaying its legs, shuffling its slippers, speaking with its pipe in its mouth, yet comporting itself with the dignity of your true Armenian—unsmiling, goggle-eyed, and trying to take as little notice of his visitors as po^ible. The Armenian's dwelling was wind-free and dust-free inside, but it was just as disagreeable, stuffy and depressing as the prairie and the road. I remember sitting on a green chest in a corner, dusty and exhausted by the heat. The unpainted wooden walls, the f\mture and the ochre-stained floorboards reeked of dry sun-baked wood. low voices Grand- father and the Armenian discussed sheep, pasturage and grazing problems. I knew they would be a good hour getting the samovar going, and that Grandfather would spend at least another hour over his tea, after which he would sleep for two or three hours more. A quarter of my day would be spent waiting, and then there would be S.A.O.S. -6 more heat, more dust, more jolting roads. Listening to the two mum-bling voices, I felt as if I had long, long ago seen the Armenian, the cupboard full of crockcry, the flies and the windows on which the hot sun beat, and that I should cease to see them only in the far distant future. I conceived a loathing for the steppe, the sun and the flies. A Ukrainian woman wearing a shawl brought in a tray of tea things and then the samovar. The Armenian went slowly out into the lobby. 'Masha, Masha!' he shouted. 'Come and pour the tea! Where are you, Masha?' Hurried footsteps were heard, and in came a girl of about sixteen wearing a simple cotton dres and a white shawl. Rinsing the crockery and

Wherever I looked there were flies, flies, flies. In

pouring the tea, she stood with her back to me, and all I noticed was that she was slim-waisted and barefoot, and that her small heels were covered by long trousers. The master of the house offered me tea. As I sat downwn at table I glanced at the face of the girl who was handing me my glau, and suddenly felt as ifa fresh breeze had blownwn over my spirits and dispelled all the day's impressions, all the dreariness and dust. I saw the enchant- ing features of the loveliest face I have ever encountered either dream- ing or waking. Here was a truly beautiful girl-and I took this in at first glance, like a lightning flash. Though I am ready to swear that Masha^^r 'Massya', as her father called her in his Armenian accent—was a real beauty, I ^ot prove it. Clouds sometimes jostle each other at random on the horizon, and the hidden sun paints them and the sky every possible hue—crimson, orange, gold, lilac, muddy pink. One cloud resembles a monk, another a fish, a third a turbaned Turk. Embracing a third of the sky, the setting sun glitters on a church cross, and on the windows of the manor house. It is reflected in the river and against the sunset a flock of wild ducks flies off to its night's rest. The boy herding his cows, the s^^evor driving along the mill dam in his chaise, the ladies and gentlemen who are out for a stroll—all gaze at the sunset, all find it awesomely beautiful. But wherein does that beauty lie? No one knows, no one say. I was not alone in finding the Armenian girl beautiful. My old grandfather, a man of eighty-tough, indifferent to women and the beautics of nature—gazed at her tenderly for a full minute. 'Is that your daughter, Avet Nazarovich?' he asked. 'Yes, she is,' the Armcnian answered. 'A fine-looking young lady.' An artist would have called the Armenian girl's beauty classic and severe. To contemplate such lovelinett is to be imbued, heaven knows why, with the conviction that the regular features, that the hair, eyes, nose, mouth, neck and figure, together with all the motions of the yowtg body, have been tmerringly combined by nature in a har- monious whole without a single

the ponds, it guivers on the trees. Far, far away,

big, dark eyes, the same long lashes, the same languorous glance. The curly black hair and eyebrows seem ideally suited to the delicate white skin of the forehead and cheeks, just as green reeds and quiet streams go together. Her white neck and youthful bosom are not fully developed, but only a genius could sculpt them, you feel. As you gaze you gradually con-ceive a wish to say something exceedingly pleasant, sincere and beauti- ful to the girl-something as beautiful as herself. At first I was offended and disconcerted by Masha taking no notice of me, but casting her eyes do^ all the time. It was as if some special aura, proud and happy, segregated her from me, and jealously screened her from my gaze.

discordant note. You somehow fancy that the ideally beautiful woman must have a nose just like hers, straight but slightly aquiline, the same

because I'm swtb^nt, because I'm only a boy,' I thought.

But then I gradually forgot myself and surrendered entirely to the sensation of beauty. I no longer remembered the dreary steppe and the

'It must be because I'm covered with dust,

beautiful girl standing on the other side of the table. My appreciation of her beauty was rather remarkable. It was not desire, not ecstasy, not pleasure that she aroused in me, but an oppressive, yet agreeable, melancholia—a sadness vague and hazy as a dream. I somehow felt sorry for myself, for my grandfather, for the Armenian —and even for the girl. I felt as if we had all four lost, irrecoverably, something vitally important. Grandfather too grew sad. He no longer spoke ofsheep and grazing, but was silent, and glanced pensively at the girl. After tea Grandfather took his nap, and I went

dust, no longer heard the flies buzzing, no longer tasted my tea. All I was conscious ofwas the

After tea Grandfather took his nap, and I went out and sat on the porch. This house, like all the others at Bakhchi-Salakh, caught the full heat of the swt. There were no trees, no a-wnings, no shadows. Overgro^ with goose-foot and wild mallow, the Armenian's big yard was lively and

cheerful despite the intense heat. Threshing was in progress behind one of the low hurdles intersecting the large expanse at various points. Twelve horses, hameued abreast and forming a them walked a Ukrainian in a long waistcoat and broad, baggy trousers, cracking his whip and shouting as ifto tease the animals and flaunt his power over them. 'Come on there, da^fi you. Aha! Come on, rot you! Afraid, are you?' The horses—bay, grey and skewbald—had no idea why they were being forced to rotate in one spot and tread do^ wheat straw. They moved reluctantly, as though with difficulty, lashing their tails olfendedly. The wind raised great clouds of golden chaff from under their hoofs and bore it far away acrou the hurdles. Women with rakes swarmed near the tall new ricks, and carts went to and fro. In a second yard beyond those ricks another dozen such horses trotted round their pole, while a similar Ukrainian cracked his whip and mocked them. The steps on which I was sitting were hot. Owing to the heat glue was oozing here and there from the wood of the slender banisters and

window-frames. In the streaks of shade beneath the steps and shutters tiny red beetles huddled

single long radius, trotted round a pole fixed in the exact centre of the threshing area. Beside but I paid no attention to it, being conscious only of the rap of bare feet on the wooden floor of the lobby and the other rooms behind me. Having cleared away the tea, Masha ran do-wn the steps, disturbing the air as she pased, and flew like a bird to a small, g^my outhouse—it must be the kitchen-whence proceeded the smell of roast mutton and the sound of angry Armenian voices. She disappeared through the dark doorway, where her place was taken by a bent, red-faced old Armenian woman wearing baggy green trousers, and angrily scolding someone. Then Masha suddenly reappeared in the doorway, flushed from the kitchen's heat, and carrying a big black loaf on her shoulder. Swaying gracefully under the bread's weight, she ran acrou the yard to the threshing floor, leapt a hurdle, plunged into a golden cloud of chaff, and vanished behind the carts. The Ukrainian in charge of the horses lowered his whip, stopped talking to them, and gazed silently towards the carts for a minute. Then, when the girl once more darted past the horses and j^ped the hurdle, he followed her with his eyes, shouting at his horses

together. The sun baked my head, chest and back,

After that I continually heard her bare feet, and saw her rushing round the place with a grave, preoccupied air. Now she ran downwn the steps, pauing me in a gust of air, now to the kitchen, now to the threshing floor, now through the gate, and I could hardly turn my head fast enough to watch.

The more often I caught sight of this lovely creature the more melancholy I became. I felt sorry for myself, for her, and for the Ukrainian mournfully watching her as she ran through the

in a highly aggrieved voice.
'Rot, vou hell-hounds!'

chaff to the **carts.** Did I envy her beauty? Did I regret that the girl was not mine and never would be, that I was a stranger to her? Did I have an inkling that her rare beauty was accidental, superfluous, and—like everything else on

earth—transitory? Was my grief that peculiar sen- sation which the contemplation of true beauty arouses in any human being? God only knows.

knows.

The three hours of waiting passed unnoticed. I

felt that I had not had enough time to feast my eyes on Masha when Karpo rode off to the river,

wet animal snorted with pleasure and kicked his hoof against the shafts. 'Get back!' Karpo shouted. Grandfather woke up, Masha opened the creaking gates, and we got into the carriage and drove out of the vard—in silence, as if angry with one another. Rostov and Nakhichevan appeared in the distance a couple of hours later, Karpo, who had said nothing all that time, looked rotmd quickly. 'Splendid girl, the old Armenian's daughter,' said he, and whipped the horse. П On another occasion, after I had become a student, I was travelling south by rail. It was May. At a station—between Belgorod and Kharkov, I think—1 got out of the carriage to stroll on the platform.

bathed the horse, and began to hitch it up. The

platform.

Evening shadows had already fallen on the station garden, on the plarform and on the fields. The station building hid the stmset, but you could tell that the stm had not yet vanished completely by the topmost, delicately pink puffs of smoke from the engine.

the majority were strolling or standing near one of the secona-class carriages, their attitude conveying the impression that someone of consequence must be sitting in it. Among these inquisitive persons I saw the anillery officer who was my travelling companion—an intelligent, cordial, likeable fellow, as is everybody with whom one strikes up a brief acquaintance on one's journeys. I asked him what he was looking at. He said nothing in reply, but just indicated a feminine figure with his eyes. It was a young girl of seventeen or eighteen in Ruuian national

While pacing the platform, I noticed that, of the other passengers who were taking an airing,

costume, bare-headed, with a lace shawl thro^ carelessly over one shoulder. She was not a passenger, and I suppose she was the station-master's daughter or sister. She stood near a carriage window, talking to an elderly female passenger. Before I knew what was happening I was suddenly overwhelmed by the same sensation that I had once experienced in the Armenian village.

That the girl was strikingly beautiful neither I

lovely feature was her thick, fair, undulating hair—loose on her shoulders and held back on her head by a dark ribbon. All her other features were either irregular or very ordinary. Her eyes were screwed up, either as a flirtatious mannerism or through short-sightedness, her nose was faintly *retroussi*, her mouth was small, her profile was feeble and insipid, her shoulders were narrow for her age. And yet the girl produced the impresion of true loveliness. Gazing at her, I realized that a Russian face does

Were one to describe her appearance item by item, as is co^mon practice, then the only truly

nor the othets gazing at her could doubt.

tilted nose been replaced by another—regular and impeccably formed, like the Armenian girl's—1 fancy her face would have lost all its charm.

Standing at the window, talking and shivering in the cool of the evening, the girl kept looking round at us. Now she placed her hands on her hips, now raised them to her head to pat her hair.

She spoke, she laughed, she expresed surprise at

not require strict regularity of feature to seem handsome. Indeed, had this young woman's up-

recall a moment when her face and body were at rest. It was in these tiny, infmitely exquisite movements, in her smile, in the play of her expression, in her rapid glances at us that the whole mystery and magic of her beauty consisted—and also in the way this subtle grace of movement was combined with the fresh spontaneity and innocence that throbbed in her laughter and speech, together with the helplessness that so appeals to us in children, birds.voung trees. This was the beauty of a butterfly. It goes with waltzing, fluttering about the garden, laughing and merry-making. It does not go with serious thought, grief and repose. Had a gust of wind blo do the platform, had it started raining, then the fragile body would suddenly, it seemed, have faded, and the wayward loveliness would have been dispersed like pollen from a flower.

'Ah, well,' muttered the officer, sighing, as we went to our carriage after the second bell, but what his intellection meant I do not pretend to

iudge.

one moment and horror at the next, and I don't

the girl and the spring evening for the stuffy train. Or perhaps, like me, he was irrationally sorry for the lovely girl, for himself, for me, and for all the passengers as they drifted limply and reluctantly back to their compartments. We walked past a station window behind which a wan, whey-faced telegraphist, with upstanding red curls and high cheek-bones, sat at his apparatus. Tll bet the telegraph operator is in love with the pretty little miss,' sighed the officer. 'To live out in the wilds under the same roof as that ethereal creature and not fall in love—it's beyond the power of man. And what a misfortune, my dear chap, what a mockery to be roundshouldered, unkempt, dreary, respectable and intelligent, and to be in love with that pretty, silly little girl who never pays you a scrap of attention! Or, even worse: suppose the lovesick telegraphist is married, suppose his wife is as roundshouldered, unkempt and respectable as himself. What agony!' A guard stood on the small open platform between our carriage and the next. Resting his

Perhaps he felt sad and did not want to leave

exhausted by sleepless nights and the train's jostling, expressed ecstasy combined with the most profound sorrow, as ifhe could see his o^ youth, his happi- ness, his sobriety, his purity, his wife, his children reflected in the girl. He seemed to be repenting his sins, and to be conscious with every fibre of his being that the girl was not his, and that for him—prema- turely aged, clumsy, fat-visaged—the happiness of an ordinary human being and train passenger was as far away as heaven.

elbows on the railing, he was gazing towards the girl, and his flabby, disagreeably beefy face,

The third bell rang, whistles sounded, the train trundled off. Past our window flashed another guard, the station-master, the garden, and then the lovely girl with her marvellous, childishly sly smile.

Putting my head out and looking back, I saw

her watching the train as she walked along the platform past the window with the telegraph clerk, then patted her hair and ran into the garden. No longer did the station buildings hide the s^et. We were in open country, but the sun

had already set and black pufs of smoke were

seemed sad. Our g^d, that familiar figure, came in and began lighting the THE COBBLER AND THE DEVIL It was Christmas Eve. Marya had long been snoring on the stove, and the paraffin in the little lamp had burnt out, but Theodore Nilov still sat over his work. He would have stopped long ago and gone out into the street, but a customer from Kolokolny Road, who had ordered some new vamps for his boots a fortnight ago, had come in on the previous day, sworn at him and told him to finish the work at once without fail, before morning service.

settling over the green, velvety young com. The spring air, the dark sky, the railway ^rnage—all

'It's a rotten life,' grumbled Theodore as he worked. 'Some folks have been asleep for ages, others are enjoying themselves, while I'm just a

dogsbody cobbling away for every Tom, Dick or Harry.'

To stop hi^^lf falting asleep he kept taking a bottle from under the table and drinking, flexing

his neck after each swallow. 'Pray tell me this,' he said in a loud voice. 'Why can my customers them. What sense is there in it? Is it because they have money and I'm a beggar?' He hated all his customers, especially the one who lived in Kolokolny Road. This was a personage of lugubrious aspect—long-haired, sallow, with big blue-tinted spectacles and a hoarse voice. He had an unpronounceable German surname. What his calling might be, what he did, was a complete mystery. When Theodore had gone to take his measurements a fortnight ago, he had been sitting on the floor pounding away at a mortar. Before the cobbler could say good day the contents of the mortar suddenly flashed and blazed up with a bright red flame, there was a stench of sulphur and burnt feathers, and the room was filled with dense pink smoke that made Theodore sneeze five times. 'No God-fearing man would meddle with the likes of that,' he reflected on returning home. When the bottle was empty he put the boots on the table and pondered. Leaning his heavy

head on his fist, he began thilking ofhis poverty, and ofhis gloomy, cheerless life. Then he thought of the rich widi their big houses, their carriages,

enjoy themselves while I'm forced to work for

horses dicd, if their fur coats and sable caps wore threadbare. How splendid if the rich gradually became beggars with nothing to eat, while the poor cobbler t^rcd into a rich man who went round bully- ing poor cobblers on Christmas Eve. Thus brooding, he suddenly remembered his work and opened his eyes. 'What a business!' he thought, looking at the boots. 'The job was fmished long ago, and here I sit. I must take them to the gentle- man. ' He wrapped his work in a red handkerchief, put his coat on and went into the street. Fine, hard snow was falling and pricked his face like needles. It was cold, slippery and dark, the gas lamps were dim, and there was such a smell of paraffm in the street for some reason that he spluttered and coughed. Rich men drove up and downwn the road, each with a ham and a bottle of vodka in his hand. From the carriages and sledges rich young ladies peeped at Theodore, putting out their tongues and shouting. 'A beggar! A beggar! Ha ha ha !' Students, officers, merchants and generals

their hundred-rouble notes. How nice it would be if the houses of the bloody rich fell apart, if their

walked behind him, all jeering. 'Boozy bootmaker! Godles welt-stitcher! Pauper! But his soles go marching on, ha ha ha!' It was al most offensive, but he said nothing and only spat in disgust. Then he met Kuzma Lebyodkin, a master bootmaker from Warsaw. 'I married a rich woman,' Kuzma told him. 'And I have apprentices working for mc. But you're a pauper and have nothing to eat.' Theodore could not resist r^rning after him. He chased him until he found himself in Kolokolny Road, where his customer lived in a top- floor flat in the fourth house from the corner. To reach him you had to crou a long, dark courtyard, and then climb a very high slippery staircase that vibrated under your feet. When the cobbler entered, the customer was sitting on the floor pounding something in a mortar, just as he had been a fortnight earlier. 'I've brought your boots, sir,' said Theodore sullenly. The other stood up without speaking and made to the boots on. Wishing to help him, Theodore went downwn on one knee and pulled one ofhis old boots off, but immediately sprang up, aghast, and backed away to the door. In place of a foot the creature had a hoof like a horse's! 'Dear me!' thought the cobbler. 'What a business!' The best thing would have been to cross himself, drop everything and run do^rotairs. But he immediately reflected that this was his ftrst, and would probably be his last, encounter with thc Devil, and that it would be foolish not to take advantage of his good offices. Puling hi^^lf together, he decided to chance his luck, and clasped his hands behind his back to stop himselfmaking the sign of the crou. 'Folks say there's nothing more diabolical and evil on this earth than the Devil,' he remarked with a respectful cough. 'But to my way of t^^tog, your Reverence, the Prince of Darkness must be highly educated like. The Devil has hoofs and a tail, saving your presence, but he's a sight more brainy than many a scholar.' 'Thank you for those kind words,' said the customer, flattered. 'Thank you, cobbler. What do you desire?' Losing no time, the cobbler began complaining of his lot, and started with having fine horses. Why, he wondered, was he poor? How was he worse than Kuzma Lebyodkin from Warsaw who o'ed his o' house, whose wife wore a hat? He had the same sort of nose, hands, feet, head and back as the rich, so why was he forced to work while others enjoyed themselves? Why was he married to Marya, not to a lady smelling of scent? He had often seen beautiful young ladies in the houses of rich customers, but they had taken no notice of him, except for laughing sometimes and whispering to each other. 'What a red nose that cobbler has!' True, Marya was a good, kind, hard-working woman, but she was uneducated, wasn't she? She had a heavy hand, she hit hard, and you only had to speak of politics or something brainy in her presence for her to chip in with the most arrant nonsense. 'So what are your wishes?' broke in his customer. 'Well, seeing as how you're so kind, Mr. Devil, sir, I'd like your Reverence to make me rich.' 'Certainly. But you must give me your soul in

envied the rich since childhood. He had always resented folk not living alike in big hornes, with sign ^^ paper assigning your soul to me.' 'Now see here, your Reverence,' said Theodore politely. 'When you ordered the vamps done I didn't take money in advance. You must carry out the order first and ask for payment afterwards.' 'Oh, all right,' agreed the customer. Bright flame suddenly flared in the mortar, followed by a gust of dense pink smoke and the smell of b^^t feathers and sulphur. When the smoke had dispersed Theodore rubbed his eyes and saw that he was no longer Theodore the shoemaker but quite a different person— one who wore a waistcoat with a watch-chain, and new trousers—and that he was sitting in an armchair at a big table. Two footmen were serving him dishes with low bows and a 'Good appetite, sir'. What wealth! The footmen served a large slice of roast mutton and a dish of cuchbers. Then they brought roast goose in a pan followed shortly afterwards by roast pork and horse-radish sauce. And how classy it was, all this—this was real politics for you! He ate, gulping a large tumbler

of excellent vodka before every course like any

ret^rc, you know. Before the cocks crow, go and

with goose fat was s^ed, and then an omelette with bacon fat and fried liver, all of which he ate and thoroughly enjoyed. And what else? They also served onion pie and steamed 'mips with kvas 'I wonder the gentry don't burst with meals like this,' he thought. Finally a large pot of honey was served, and after the meal the Devil appeared wearing his blue spectacles. 'Was dinner satisfactory, Mr. Cobbler?' he asked with a low bow. But Theodore could not get a word out, for he was nearly bursting after his meal. He had the disagreeable, stuffed sensation that comes from overeating, and tried to distract himself by s^tinizing the boot on his left foot. 'I never charged less than seven-and-a-half roubles for boots like that,' he thought, and asked which cobbler had made it. 'Kuzma Lebyodkin,' answered a footman. 'Tell that imbecile to come here!' Soon Kuzma Lebyodkin from Warsaw appeared. 'What are your orders, sir?' He stopped by the

general or count. After the pork, buckwheat gruel

'Hold your tongue!' cried Theodore, stamping his foot. 'Don't ^wer me back! Know your place, cobbler, and your station in life! Oaf! You don't know how to make boots! I'll smash your face in! Why did you come here?' 'For my money, sir.' 'What money? Be off with you! Come back on Saturday. Clout him one, my man!' Then he immediately remembered what a life his customers had led him, and he felt sick at heart. To amuse himself he took a fat wallet from his pocket and started counting his money. There was a lot of it, but he wanted even more. The Devil in the blue spectacles brought him another, fatter wallet, but he wanted more still, and the more he counted the more discontented he grew. In the evening the Devil brought him a tall, full-bosomed lady in a red dress, explaining that she was his new wife. He spent the whole evening kissing her and eating gingcrbreads, and at night he lay on a soft

feather bed, tossing from side to side. But he just couldn't get to sleep, and he felt as if all was not

well.

door in a respectful attitude.

it might attract burglars. You'd better take a candle and have a look.' He couldn't sleep all night, and kept getting up to see if his trunk was all right. In the morning he had to go to matins. Now, rich and poor rcceive equal honours in church. When Theodore had been poor he had prayed 'Lord forgive me, sinner that I am,' in church. He said the same prayer now that he was rich, so where was the difference? And when the rich Theodore died he wouldn't be buried in gold and diamonds, but in black earth like the poorest beggar. He would bum in the same fire as cobblers. All this he resented. And then again, he still felt weighed do^ by the meal, and his mind was not on worship, but was assailed by womes about his money chest, about burglars, and about his doomed and bartered soul. He came out ofchurch in a bad temper. To banish evil thoughts he followed his usual procedure of singing at the top of his voice, but barely had he begun when a policeman ran up and saluted.

'Gents mustn't sing in the street, squire. You

'We have lots of money,' he told his wife. 'But

'Don't lean too hard on the fence, guv'nor, or you'll dirty your fur coat,' a doorkeeper shouted.

Theodore went into a shop, bought their best concertina, and walked do^ the street playing it. But everyone pointed at him and laughed.

Theodore leant against a fence and began

ain't no cobbler!'

wondering how to amuse himselJ

'Cor, look at his lordship!'jeered the cabmen.
'He's carrying on like a cobbler.'

'We can't have the nobs disturbing the peace,' said a policeman. 'You'll be going to the ale-house next!'

'Alms for the love of Christ!' wailed beggars, surrounding Theodore on all sides. 'Give us something, mister.'

Beggars had never paid him any attention when he had been a cobbler, but now they wouldn't leave him alone.

At home he was greeted by his new wife, the lady. She wore a green blouse and a red skirt. He wanted a bit of a cuddle, and had raised his hand to give her a good clout on the back when she

spoke angrily.
'Yokel! Bumpkin! You don't know how to treat

a lady. Kiss my hand if you love me. Fisticuffs I do not permit.' 'What a bloody life!' thought Theodore. 'What an existence! It's all don't sing, don't play the concertina, don't have fun with your woman. Pshaw!' No sooner had he sat do^ to tea with his lady than the Devil appeared in his blue spectacles. 'Now, Mr. Cobbler,' said he, 'I've kept my part of the bargain, so sign the paper and come with me. Now you know what being rich means, so that's enough of that!' He dragged him off to hell, straight to the furnace, and demons flew up, shouting, from all sides. 'Idiot! Blockhead! Jackass!' There was a fearful smell of paraffin in hell, it was fit to choke vo\L But suddenly it all vanished. Theodore opened his eyes and saw his table, the boots and the tin lamp. The lamp glass was black, stinking smoke belched from the dimly glowing wick as from a chi^ey. The blue-spectacled customer stood near 'Idiot! Blockhcad! Jackass!' he was yelling. 'I'll teach you a leson, you rogue! You took my order a fortnight ago, and the boots still aren't ready! Expect me to traipse round here for them half a dozen times a day? Blackguard! Swine!' Theodore tossed his head and tackled the boots while the customer cursed and threatened him for a rime. When he at last calmed do-wn Theodore sullenly enquired what his occupation was. 'Making Bengal lights and rockets—I'm a manufacturer of fireworks.' Church bells rang for matins. Theodore handed over the boots, received his money and went to church. Carriages and sledges with bearskin aprons careered up and downwn the street, while merchants, ladies and officers walked the pavement, together with humbler folk. But no longer did Theodore envy anyone, or rail against his fate. Rich and poor were equally badly off, he now felt. Some could drive in carriages, others could sing at the top of their voices and play concertinas, but one and the same grave awaited all alike. Nor was therc anything in life to make it wonh giving the Devil even a tiny scrap of your Om dark autu^ night an elderly banker was pacing up and do^ his study and recalling the pany that he had given on an autu^ evening

soul.

THE BET

fifteen years earlier. It had been attended by a good few clever people, and fascinating discussions had taken place, one of the topics being capital punishment. The guests, including

numerous academics and journalists, had been largely opposed to it, considering the death penalty out ofdate, immoral and ^uitable for Christian states. Several of them felt that it should

Christian states. Several of them felt that it should be replaced everywhere by life imprison- ment.

'I disagree,' said their host the banker. 'I've never sampled the death penalty or life imprisonment myself. Still to judge a priori. I

imprisonment myself. Still, to judge a **priori**, I find capital punishment more moral and h^ane than impriso^nent. Execution kills you at once, whereas life impriso^nent does it slowly. Now,

whereas life impriso^nent does it slowly. Now, which executioner is more h^ane? He who kills you in a few minutes, or he who drags the life out

of you over a period of several years?'

A guest remarked that both were equally

about twenty-five. 'The death sentence and the life sentence are equally immoral,' said he when his opinion was canvaued. 'But, if I had to choose between them, I'd certainly choose the second. Any kind of life is better than no life at all.'

A lively argument had ensued. The banker, younger and more excitable in those days, had suddenly got carried away and struck the table with his fist. 'It's not true!' he shouted at the

Among the guests was a young lawyer of

i^moral. 'Both have the same object—the taking of life. The state isn't God, and it has no right to

take what it can't restore if it wishes.'

yowig man. 'I bet you two million you wouldn't last five years in solitary confinement.'

Tll take you on if you mean it,' was the reply. 'And I won'tjust do a five-year stretch, I'll do fifteen.'

'Accepted! You stake your millions and I stake my freedom,' said the yoWlg man.

And so the outrageous, futile wager was made.

The banker than a speilt and frivolous person.

I put up two million.'

'Fifteen? Done!' cried the banker. 'Gentlemen,

The banker, then a spoilt and frivolous person, with more millions than he could count, was

delighted, and he made fun of the lawyer over supper. 'Think better of it while there's still time,' said he. 'Two million is nothing to me, young man, but you risk losing three or four of the best years of your life, I say three or four because you won't hang on longer. And don't forget, my unfo^^ate friend, that confinement is far harder when it's voluntary than when it's compulsory. The thought that you ^ go free at any moment will poison your whole existence in prison. I'm sorry for you.' Pacing to and fro, the banker now recalled all 'What was the good of that wager?' he wondered. 'What's the use of the man losing fifteen years of his life? Or of my throwing away two ^^on? Does it prove that the death penalty is better or worse life impriso^ent? not! Stuff and nonsense! On my part it was a spoilt man's whim, and on his side it was simply greed for money.' Then he recaUed the sequel to that evening. It had been decided that the young man should serve his term under the strictest supervision in one of the lodges in the banker's garden. For fifteen years he was to be forbidden to ctoh the human voice, to receive letters and newspapers. He was- allowed a musical instrument, and books to read. He could write letters, ^^^ wine, smoke. It was stipulated that his co^rnunications with the out- side world could not be in spoken form, but must take place through a little 'mdow built specially for the p^pose. Anything he needed books, music, wine and so on-he could receive by sending a note, and in any quantity he liked, but only through the window. The contract covered all the details and minutiae that would make his confinement strictly solitary, and compel him to serve precisely fifteen years from twelve o'clock on the fourteenth of November 1870 until twelve o'clock on the fourteenth of November 1885. The slightest attempt to break the conditions, even two minutes before the end, absolved the banker from all obligation to pay the two million. So far as could be judged from the prisoner's brief notes, he sufiered greatly from lonelineu

and depression in his first year of incarceration. The sound ofhis piano could be heard continually, day and night, from the lodge. He

threshold, to see hu-nan beings, to hear the

refused strong drink and tobacco. Wine stimulates desires, wrote he, and desires are a prisoner's worst enemy. Besides, is there anything drearier than drinking good wine and seeing nobody? And tobacco spoilt the air of his room. The books that he had sent during the first year were mostly light reading-novels with a complex love plot, thrillers, fantasies, comedies and so on. In the second year there was no more music from the lodge, and the prisoner's notes demanded only literary classics. In the fifth year music was heard again, and the captive asked for wine. Those who watched him through the window said that he spent all that year just eating, drinking and lying on his bed, often yawnwnmg and talking angrily to himself. He read no books. Sometimes he would sit and write at night. He would spend hoars writing, but would tear up everything he had written by dawnwn. More than once he was heard weeping. In the second half of the sixth year the captive eagerly embraced the study of languages, philosophy and history. So zealously did he tackle these subjects that the banker could hardly keep hundred vol^nes were procured at his demand. During the period of this obsession the banker incidentally received the following letter from the prisoner.

'My dearest Gaoler,

'I write these lines in six languages. Show them to those who know about these things. Let them read them. If they can't fmd any mis- takes I

up with his book orders—in four years some six

The geniuses of all ages and countries speak different languages, but the same flame bums in them all. Oh, did youbut know what a transcendental happiness my soul now experiences from my ability to understand them!'

beg you to have a shot fired in the garden—it will show me that my efforts have not been wasted.

The captive's wish was granted—the banker had two shots f red in the garden.

After the tenth year the lawyer sat stock-stili at the table, reading only the Gospels. The banker marvelled that one who had mastered six hundred obscure tomes in four years should spend some twelve months reading a single slim, easily comprehensible volume. Theology and histories of religion followed the Gospels.

captive read an enormous amount quite indiscriminately. Now it was the natural sciences, now he wanted Byron or Shakespeare. There were notes in which he would simultaneously demand a work on chemistry, a medi-cal textbook, a novel and a philosophical or theological treatise. His reading suggested somcone swimming in the sea surrounded by the wreckage ofhis ship, and trying to save his life by eagerly grasping first one spar and then another. 'He regains his freedom at twelve o'clock tomorrow,' thought the old banker as he remembered all this. 'And I should pay him two million by agreement. But ifl do pay up I'm done for—1'11 be utterly ruined.' Fifteen years earlier he had had more millions than he could count, but now he feared to ask which were greater, his assets or his debts. Gambling on the stock exchange, wild speculation, the impetuosity that he had never managed to curb, even in old age—these things had gradually brought his fortunes low, and the proud, fearless, self- confident millionaire had

In the last two years of his imprisonment the

'Da^ this bet!' muttered the old man, clutching his head in despair. 'Why couldn't the fellow die? He's only forty now. He'll take my last penny, he'll marry, he'll enjoy life, he'll gamble on the Exchange, while I look on enviously, like a pauper, and hear him saying the same thing day in day out: "I owe you all my happiness in life, so let me help you." No, it's too much! My only refuge from ba^^ptcy and disgrace is that man's death.' Three o'clock struck and the banker cocked an ear. Everyone in the house was asleep, and nothing was heard but the wind rustling the frozen trees outside. Trying not to make a noise,

become just another ^m-of-the-mill banker trembling at every rise and fall in his holdings.

nothing was heard but the wind rustling the frozen trees outside. Trying not to make a noise, he took from his fireproof safe the key of the door that had not been opened for ffteen years, put his overcoat on, and went out.

It was dark and cold outside, and rain was

It was dark and cold outside, and rain was falling. A keen, damp wind swooped howling round the whole garden, giving the trees no rest. Straining his eyes, the banker could not see the ground, the white statues, the lodge or the trees.

He approached the area of the lodge, and twice

weather, and was asleep somewhere in the kitchen or the greenhouse. 'If I have the courage to carry out my intention the main suspicion will fall on the watchman,' the old man thought. He found the steps to the lodge and the door by feeling in the dark, entered the hall, groped his way into a small pauage, and lit a match. There was no onc there—just a bedstead without bedding on it, and the dark hulk of a cast-iron stove in the corner. The seals on the door leading to the captive's room were intact. When the match went out the old man peered through the small window, trembling with excitement. In the prisoner's room a candle dimly b^ed.

called his watchman, but there was no answer. The ^^ was obviously sheltering from the

He was sitting near the table, and all that could be seen of him were his back, the hair on his head and his hands. On the table, on two armchairs, and on the carpet near the table, lay open books.

Five minutes passed without the prisoner once stirring—fifteen years ofconfinement had

taught him to sit still. The banker tapped the

answering movement. Then the banker cautiously broke the seals on the door, and put the key in the keyhole. The rusty lock grated and the door creaked. The banker expected to hear an i^rnediate shout of surprise and footsteps, but three minutes passed and it was as guiet as ever in there. He decided to enter. At the table a man unlike ordinary men sat motionle». He was all skin and bones, he had long treues like a woman's, and a shaggy beard. The complexion was sallow with an earthy tinge, the cheeks were hollow, the back was long and narrow, and the hand propping the shaggy head was so thin and emaciated that it was painful to look at. His hair was already streaked with silver, and no one looking at his worn, old-man's face would have believed that he was only forty. He was asleep, and on the table in front of his bowed head lay a sheet of paper with something written on it in small letters. 'How pathetic!' thought the banker. 'He's asleep, and is probably drea/mg of his millions. All I have to do is to take this semi-<:orpse, throw it on the bed, smother it a bit with a pillow, and

window with a finger, but the captive made no

the keenest investigation will fmd no signs of death by violence. But let us first read what he has written.' Taking the page from the table, the banker read as follows. 'At twelve o'clock tomorrow I regain my freedom and the right to associate with others. But I think fit, before I leave this room for the sunlight, to address a few words to you. With a clear con- science, and as God is my wimess, I declare that I despise freedom, life, health and all that your books call the blessings of this world. 'I have spent fifteen years intently studying life on earth. True, I have not set eyes on the earth or its peoples, but in your books I have drunk fragrant wine, sung songs, hunted stags and wild boars in the forests, loved women. Created by the magic of your inspired poets, beautiful girls, ethereal as clouds, have visited me at night, and whispered in my ears magical tales that have made my head reel. In your books I have climbed the peaks of Elbrus and Mont Blanc, whence I have watched the sun rising in the morning, and flooding the sky, the ocean and the mountain peaks with crimson gold in the evening. From there I have watched lightnings I have heard the singing of the sirens and the strains of shepherds' pipes. I have touched the wings of beautiful devils who flew to me to converse of God. In your books I have plunged into the bottomles pit, performed miracles, murdered, b^nt wwns, preached new religions, conquered whole kingdoms.

'Your books have given me wisdom. All that man's tireles brain has created over the centuries

flash and cleave the storm-clouds above me. I have sen green forests, fields, rivers, lakes, cities.

has been compreued into a small nodule inside my head. I know I'm cleverer than you **al.** 'I despise your books, I despise all the blesings and the wisdom of this world. Everything is wonhless, fleeting, ghostly, illusory as a mirage.

Proud, wise and handsome though you be, death will wipe you from the face of the eanh along with the mice burrowing under the floor. Your posterity, your history, your deathles geniuses—all will freeze or b^ro along with the terrestrial globe.

'You have lost your se^rc and are on the wrong path. You take lies for truth, and uglines for beauty. You would be surprised if apple and

sweating horse. No less surprised am I at you who have exchanged heaven for I do not want to understand vou. 'To give you a practical demonstration of my contempt for what you live by, I hereby renounce the two million that I once yearned for as one might for paradise, but which I now scorn. To disqualify myself from receiving it I shall leave here five hours before the time fxed, thus breaking the contract.' After reading this tl1e banker laid the paper on the table, kiued the strange man on the head and left the lodge in tears. At no other time not even after losing heavily on the stock exchange—had he felt such contempt for himself. Ret^ing to his house, he went to bed, but excitement and tears kept him awake for hours.

orange trees somehow sprouted with frogs and lizards instead of fruit, or if roses smelt like a

Next morning the watchmen ran up, whitefaced, and told the banker that they had seen the man from the lodge climb out of his window into the garden, go to the gate and vanish. The banker went over at once with his servants and made sure that the captive had indeed fled. To forestall renunciation from the table, went back to the house and locked it in his fireproof safe. THIEVES One evening in Christmas week the medical orderly Yergunov, a nonentity known in his district as a great braggart and drunkard, was returning from the township of Repino where he had been making purchases for his hospital. Since he might be late, the doctor had lent him his best horse to get him home in good time. The evening was not bad at fi.rst—quite calm—but at about eight o'clock a violent snowstorm blew up, and the orderly completely lost

wmecesary argument he took the document of

hoping that the horse would find its o' way. Two hours passed, the horse was exhausted, Yerg'ov himself was cold—and now fancied that he was not on his way home any more, but returning to Repino. But then the muffled barking of dogs was heard through the storm's roar, and a vague red blur appeared ahead of him. A high gate

gradually emerged in outline, then a long fence

Not knowing the road or how to guide his horse, he was riding at random, haphazardly,

his way only four miles or so from home.

behind the fence. The wind chased away the snowy murk before his eyes, and a small, squat cottage with a high thatched roof loomed up where the red blur had been. There was a light in one of its three small windows, which had something red hanging inside. What household was this? On the right of the road-four or five miles from the hospital—should be Andrew Chirikov's inn, Yergunov remembered. He remembered, too, that this Chirikov had been murdered by sledgedrivers recently, leaving an elderly widow and a daughter Lyubka, who had come to the hospital for treatment about two years previously. The in h.ad a bad name. Riding up late at night —and on someone else's horse at that—was a risky business, but that could not be helped. Yergunov fumbled for the revolver in his bag, coughed grimly, and rapped his whip butt on the window frame. 'Hey, anyone there?' he shouted. 'For God's sake let me in for a warm, old woman.' Raucously barking, a black dog whizzed tmder

surmounted by nails, point uppermost, after which the slanted sweep of well jutted out

dozen. Yergunov singled out the biggest, swung his whip, and lashed out with all his might, whereupon a small, long-legged tyke raised its sharp muzzle, setting up a shrill, piercing howl. Yergunov stood by the window for some time, knocking. Then, beyond the fence, hoar-frost glowed pink on the trees by the house, the gate creaked and a muffled woman's figure appeared carrying a lantern. 'Let me in for a warm, old woman,' said Yergunov. 'I'm going back to hospital and I've lost my way. What weather, God help us! Never fear, old woman, we know each other.' 'Them we know's all at home, we've invited no strangers,' said the figure sternly. 'And why knock? The gate ain't bolted.' Yergunov rode into the yard and stopped by the porch. 'Ask your man to stable my horse, old woman,' he said. 'I'm no old woman.' Nor was she, indeed. As she put out the lantern the light fell on her face, and Yergunov

the horse's hoofs, followed by a white one, then another black one—there must have been a

going indoors. 'Some are drunk and asleep, the others went off to Repino this morning. Today's a holidav.' Tethering his horse in an outhouse, Yergunov heard a neigh, and saw another horse in the dark. He felt the saddle—a Cossack's. So there must be someone else about besides the women ofthe house. To be on the safe side, the orderly unsaddled his horse, taking his saddle and purchases with him as he went indoors. The first room he entered was large and wdlheated, smelling of newly scrubbed floors. At the table under the icons sat a short, thin peasant, about forty years old, with a small, fair beard and navy-blue shirt. It was Kalashnikov, an arrant rogue and horse-thief whose father and uncle kept the tavern at Bogalyovka, dealing in stolen horses when they had the chance. He too had been to the hospital several times—not as a patient, but to talk horses with the doctor. Was there one for sale? Would 'Mister Doctor, sir' care to swap a bay mare for a dun gelding? Now his hair was greased, a silver ear-ring glittered in

'None of the men are here now,' she said,

knew Lyubka by the black eyebrows.

fro^ing and dropping his lower lip. Stretched on the floor near the stove was another peasant, who had a short fur coat over his face, shoulders and chest, and who must be asleep. Near his new boots with shiny metal heel-plates melted snow had left two dark puddles. Seeing the orderly, Kalashnikov bade him good day. 'Yes, what weather!' said Yergunov, rubbing his cold knecs with the palms of his hands. 'I have snow inside my collar, I'm soaked—a proper drowned rat, I feel. My revolver too, I think, er' He took out his revolver, looked it all over and put it back in his bag, but the gun llUde no impreaion at all, and the peasant went on looking at his book. 'Yes, what weather! I lost my way, and I do believe it would have been the death of me but for the dogs here. It would have been guite a business. But where are the women of the house?' 'The old woman's gone to Repino, and the girl's cooking supper,' Kalashnikov answered.

one ear, and altogether he had a festive look. He was poring over a large, dog-eared picture-book,

blew on his palnu and cringed, !1Uking a show of being very cold and exhausted. The dogs, still restless, were heard howling outside. This was becoming boring. 'You a Bogalyovka llUn?' Yergunov asked the peasant sternly. 'Yes, I am.' To pass the time, Yergunov thought about Bogalyovka—a large village set in a gulley so deep that when you drove along the high road on a moonlit night and looked do^ into the dark ravine, and then up at the sky, the moon seemed to hang above a bottomless pit, and it was like the end of the world. The road do^ was steep, winding, and so narrow that when you went to Bogalyovka during an epidemic or to do vaccinations, you must whistle all the time, or bellow at the top of your voice—for if you met a cart coming up you would never get by. The Bogalyovka peasants are kno[^] as expert gardeners and horse-thieves. Their gardens are well-stocked, with the whole village buried iindcr white cherry-blossom in spring, and cherries sold at three copecks the pail in summer—you pay

Silence followed. Shivering, gulping, Yergunov

your three copecks and pick your own. The peasants' wives are good-looking and sleek, and they like wearing their best clothes. Even on working days they do nothing biit sit on the banks by their huts searching each others' heads for insects. Then footsteps were heard, and Lyubka came in—a barefoot girl of about twenty in a red dress. She gave Yergunov a sidelong glance, and walked from one comer of the room to another a couple of times—in no ordinary manner, but with tiny steps, thrusting hcr bosom forward. She obviously enjoyed padding about in bare fcet on the newly scrubbed floor, having taken off her shoes on purpose. Laughing at something, Kabshnikov beckoned her with his finger. She came up to the table, and he showed her the prophet Elijah in his book—driving a carriage dra^ by three horses hurtling into the sky. Lyubka leant her clbows on the table. Her hair flew over her shoulder -a long auburn plait tied with red ribbon at the end—and almost touched the floor. She laughed too. 'What a fme picture—marvellous!' said as ifhe wanted to take the reins in Elijah's place.

The wind soughed in the stove. There was a growl and a squeak, as if a big dog had killed a rat.

'Whew! We must be haunted,' Lyubka said.

'It's the wind,' said Kalashnikov. He paused and raised his eyes to the orderly.

'What do you think, Mr. Yergunov, you being a

'Marvellous!' he repeated, moving his hands

Kalashnikov.

devils or aren't there?'

'Now, how can I put it, my dear fellow?'
answered the orderly with a shrug of one
shoulder. 'Scientifically speaking, there ain't no
such thing as devils of course, because that's all
superstition. But taking a plain man's view, as
you and I are now—yes, devils do exist, to cut a

scholar?' he asked. 'Are there such things as

long story short. I've been through a lot in my time. After my training I was posted to the dragoons as medical orderly, and I was in the war, of course—I have a medal and a decoration from the Red Cross. But after San Stefano I came back to Russia and took a job with the rural

council. Having been around such a lot in my

dreamt of. I've seen devils too sometimes. I don't mean with horns or a tail—that's all rubbish—but ordinary ones, as you might say, or something of the sort.' 'Where?' asked Kalashnikov. 'In various places—no need to go far afield. Last year, between you and me, I met one right here—by this very inn, like. I'm driving to Golyshino, as I recall, to do some vaccinations and all that. Well, you know how it is, I have my racing sulky as usual, my horse, the various trappings I need, besides which I have my watch on me and so forth, so I'm on my guard as I drive along, just in case something happens—there are enough tramps about. I come to that blasted Snake Gulch, and I start going do^. Then, suddenly, I notice someone or other on foot and all that-black hair, black eyes, his whole face seeming smutted with soot. He comes up to my horse and takes the left rein. "'Stop!" says he. 'He looks the horse over, then me, see? Then he throws do^ the rein, doesn't utter a bad word. "'Where are you off to?" he asks, his teeth

day, I've seen more things than some have even

"I'm going to do smallpox vaccinations," say I. "And what buanes is it of yours?" "Well, if that's how it is," he says, "then you can vaccinate me too,"—and he bares his arm and shoves it under my nose. 'I don't stop to argue of course, I just vaccinate to get rid of him. Then I look at my lancet—and it's rusty all over.' The peasant sleeping by the stove suddenly turned over and threw off his coat. To his amazement, Yergunov recognized the very stranger whom he had met that day in Snake Gulch. The peasant's hair, beard and eyes were black as soot, and his face was swarthy, besides

bared and his eyes vicious.

"Ah." t^^s I. "vou devil. vou!"

which he had a black spot the size of a lentil on his right cheek. He looked at Yergunov contemptuously.

'I did take hold of your left rein,' said he. 'That's quite true. But about the vaccination you are lying, sir. We never even mentioned vaccination, you and I.'

The orderly was taken aback.

'I wasn't talking about you,' he said. 'So if

you're lying dowi, lie down.' The swarthy peasant had never been to the hospital, and Yergunov did not know who he was or where he came from. Looking at the man now, he decided that he must be a gypsy. The peasant stood up, stretched himself, gave a loud ya\, went up to Lyubka and Kalash- nikov, sat down beside them and also started looking at the book. Rapture and envy appeared on his sleepy face. 'Look, Merik,' said Lyubka to him, 'you bring me horses like that, and I'll drive to heaven.' 'Sinners can't go to heaven,' said Kalashnikov. 'You have to be a saint.' Then Lyubka laid the table, serving a large hunk of bacon fat, salted gherkins and a wooden platter of stewed meat cut in small pieces, followed by a frying-pan with sausage and cabbage hissing in it. A cut-glass spirits decanter also appeared on the table, wafting a smell of orange peel through the room after everyone had been poured a glass. Yergunov was annoyed that Kalashnikov and the dark-skinned Merik should talk to each other and ignore him—he might just as well not have been there. And he wanted to talk to them, wanted to brag, have a drink and a good meal—and a spot of fun with Lyubka if possible. While they supped, she sat downwn near him half a dozen times, touching him with her lovely shoulders as if by accident, and stroking her broad hips with her hands. She was a hearty, laughing, flighty, restive girl who kept sitting do^ and standing-up. While sitting, she would keep turning her breast or her back to her neighbour—she was a proper fidget—and was always brushing against him with elbow or knee. Yergunov was also displeased by the peasants drinking only a glass apiece, and it was somehow awkward for him to drink on his own. But he could not stop himself taking a second glass, then a third, and he ate up all the sausage. Not wanting the peasants to cold-shoulder him, he decided on flattery so as to be accepted as one of the boys. 'You've some great lads in Bogalyovka!' he said with a w:>g of his head. 'Great in what way?' Kalashnikov asked. 'Oh, you know, take that horse business. Great rustlers, that lot are!' 'What's so great about them? They're drunkards and thieves, more like.' 'That's all over and done with,' said Merik after a short pause. 'Old Filya's about the only one of them left now, and he's blind.' 'Yes, there's only Filya,' sighed Kalashnikov. 'He must be about seventy now, I reckon. Some German settlers put out one of his eyes, and he doesn't see too well with the other. Wall-eved, he is. There was a time when the police inspector would see him, and—"Hallo there, Sharnil!" he'd shout. And the peasants all said the same. Shamil, they always called him, but now he's only known as One-eyed Filya. He was a proper lad! He and old Andrew-Lyubka's father that was- made their way into Rozhnovo one night when some cavalry regi- ments were stationed there. They stole nine military mounts, the pick of the bunch, and they weren't frightened of the sentries. And that very morning they sold all these horses to Gypsy Afonka for twenty roubles. Aye! But nowadays your thief is more concerned to steal a horse from someone who's drunk or asleep. He's lost to shame, he'll steal the very boots off a drunkard—and then he's so grasping he'll take the horse over a hundred miles away, and try to sell it in a market, haggling like a Jew till the police sergeant arrests him, the fool. That's no fun, it's a thorough disgrace. They're a miserable lot, I must sav!' • 'What about Merik?' .nskcd Lyubka. 'Merik ain't one of us,' s::^id Knlashnikov. 'He comes from the Kharkov country, from Mizhirich. Rut it's true he's quite a bd -a good man he is, we ain't got no complaints.' Lyubka gave Merik a sly, gleeful look. 'Yes, no wonder he was ducked in that icehole,' she said. 'How was that?' asked Yergunov. 'Wc11, it was this way,' said Merik with a laugh. 'Filva stole three horscs off some tenant farmers in Samoylovka, and they thought it was me. In Samoylovka there were about ten of these farmers a11 told, and with their labourers that made thirty men, a11 of the Molokan sect. "Come and have a look, Merik," says one of them at the market. "We've brought some new horses from the fair". 'We11, I'm interested, naturally, so along I go. Then the whole lot of them, a11 thirty, tie my hands behind me and take me to the river.

'There's one holc in the ice already, and they cut another next to it, seven feet away. Then they take a rope, see? They put a noose under my armpits and tie a crooked stick to the other end, so it will go through both holes see? We11, they shove the stick through and haul, while I—just as I am in fur coat and high boots—crash into that ice-hole with them standing there kicking me in or ramming me with a chopper. Then they drag me under the ice and haul me out of the

"We'll give you horses!" say they.

hole.'

together.

'First thing I felt was the cold shock,' Merik went on. 'But when they pull me out I'm helpless, I just lie on the snow with them Molokans standing by hitting my knees and elbows with their sticks. It doesn't half hurt! When they've beaten me they go away, but everything on me's

frozen, my clothes is a11 ice. I stand up, but I ain't got no strength. Then a peasant woman drives

Lyubka shuddered and hunched herself

past, thank God, and gives me a lift.'
Meanwhile Yergunov had drunk five or six glasses. Feeling light- hearted, he too had an urge

that he was a bit of a lad himself and afraid of nothing. 'Once at home in Penza Province—' he began. Because he had drunk a lot and was rather tipsy—and perhaps be-cause he had been caught out lying a couple of times—the peasants took not the slightest notice of him, and even stopped answering his questions. What's more, they pernitted themselves such outspoken- ness in his presence—ignoring him, in other words—that a creepy, cold feeling came over him. Kalashnikov had the dignified bcaring of a solid, respectable citizen. He spoke at length, making the sign of the cross over his mouth whenever he yawned, and no one could have kno^ that he was a thief, a cruel bandit who robbed the poor, had been to prison twice already, and had been sentenced to Siberian exile by his village com- munity, except that his father and uncle-robbers and good-for-nothings like himself—had bought him off. But Merik had a dashing air. Seeing Lyubka and Kalashnikov admiring him, and t^^^g himself no end of a lad,

he kept putting his arms akimbo, puffing out his

to spin some weird and wonderful yam, showing

creaked. After supper Kalashnikov faced the icon and said grace without standing up, and shook Merik's hand. Merik said grace too, and shook Kalashnikov's hand. Lyubka cleared away supper, threw some pepper- mint cakes, roast nuts and pumpkin seeds on the table, and served two bottles of sweet wine. 'May old Andrew rest in peace,' said Kalashnikov, clinking glasses with Merik, 'and the Kingdom of Heaven be his. When he was alive we used to meet here, or at his brother Martin's, and—what men those were, heaven help us, what talk we had! Wonderful talk! Martin would be there, with Filya and Theodore Stukotey. It was all right and proper—but what a time we had, we didn't half have fun!' Lyubka went out and came back a little later wearing a green ker-chief and beads. 'Look, Meri.k,' she said. 'See what Kalashnikov brought me today.' She looked at herself in the mirror, tossing her head several times to make the beads jingle. Then

she opened a chest and began taking out ... first a

chest, and stretching so violently that the bench

cotton dress with red and blue polka-dots, then another-red, with flounces, rustling and swishing like paper—then a new kerchief, navyblue shot with rainbow colours. She displayed all these things, laughing and flinging up her arms as if amazed that such treasures should be hers. Kalashnikov tuned the balalaika and started playing, and Yergunov simply could not make out what kind of song he was singing, gay or sad—for it was so very sad at times that you felt like crying, but then it would brighten up again. Suddenly Merik shot up and began stamp-ing his heels on one spot. Then he spread his arms and strutted on his heels from table to stove and from stove to chest, after which he flew up as if stung, clicking heel-plates in mid-air and launching himself into a squatting dance. Lyubka threw up both hands with a frantic squeak and followed suit. First she moved sideways—viciously, as if wanting to creep up on someone and hit them from behind. She rapidly clattered her bare heels as Merik had clattered his boot-heels, spun toplike and crouched, her red dress billowing like a bell. Glaring at her angrily and baring his teeth, Merik swooped towards her, doing squat- ting touching the floor.

'Phew, that girl has spirit!' Yergunov thought, sitting on the chest and observing the dance from there. 'What fire! Nothing's too good for her.'

He regretted being a medical orderly instead of an ordinary peasant. Why must he wear a coat

steps, and wanting to destroy her with his terrible legs, but she jumped up and tossed back her head. Waving her arms as a big bird flaps its wings, she floated across the room, scarce

blue shirt with a cord belt—in which case, he, like Merik, could have sWlg boldly, danced, drunk and thrown both arns round Lyubka?

The rat-tat-tat, the shouts, the whoops set crockery jingling in the cupboard and made the candle-light dance. The thread broke, and Lyubka's beads flew all over the floor, the green kerchief slipped off her head, and she was less

and a watch-chain with a gilt key, and not a navy-

eyes flashing, while Merik's hands and feet looked ready to fly off at any moment. Then Merik gave a last stamp and stood like one rooted to the spot.

like a girl than a red cloud whipping by with dark

Exhausted, scarcely breathing, Lyubka

stooped over his chest, lean- ing on him as on a post, while he embraced her, looked into her eyes, and spoke tenderly and affectionately as if in jest. 'I'll fi.nd out where your old mother's money's hidden later on. I'll kill her, I'll cut your little throat with my little knife, and then I'll set fire to the inn. It'll be thought you both died in the fire, and I'll take your money to the Kuban and keep droves ofhorses, and raise sheep.' Not answering, Lyubka only looked at him guiltily. 'Is it nice in the Kuban, Merik?' she asked. He said nothing, but went to the chest and sat down, deep in thought-dreaming about the Kuban, most likely. 'It's time I was going, though,' said Kalaslinikov, standing up. 'Filya must bc expecting me by now. Good-bye, Lyubka.' YergWlov went out into the yard to make sure that Kalashnikov did not take his horse. Still the blizzard raged. Their long tails clinging to weeds and bushes, white clouds floated about the yard, while in the fields beyond the fence, giants in broad-slccvcd white shrouds whirled and fell, then stood up again to wave their arms and fight. And what a galc was blowing! Unable to endure its rudc carcsscs, bare birches and cherry-trees bowed down to the ground. 'Oh Lord,' they wept, 'what sin have we committed that Thou hast bent iis to the growtd and wilt not set us free?' 'Whoa there!' said Kalashnikov sternly, mounting his horse. One half of the gate was open, and by it lay a deep snowdrift. 'Come on then, gee up!' shouted Kalashnikov. Starting off, his small, short-legged nag sank belly deep in the drift. White with snow, Kalashnikov and horse soon vanished through the gate. When Yergwtov came back into the room, Lyubka was crawling about the floor picking up her beads, and Merik was not there. 'A glorious girl,' Yergunov thought, lying on the bench and placing his coat wtder his head. 'Oh, if only Merik wasn't here!' Lyubka aroused him as she crawled about the floor near the bench. He would most certainly get up and embrace her, he thought, ifMerik wasn't

Lyubka picked up her beads and went out. The candle was burning low, and the flame caught a piece ofpaper in the candle-stick. Yergwtov placed his revolver and matches beside him, and put out the candle. The icon-lamp was flickering so much that it hurt his eyes. Patches of light danced on ceiling, floor and cupboard, and among them he had visions of Lyubka—a buxom, fuU-breasted girl. Now she spun like a top. Now she panted, exhausted by the dance. 'Oh, if only Merik would go to the devil!' he thought. The lamp gave a last flicker, sputtered and went out. Someone who could only be Merik came in and sat on the bench. He drew at his pipe, and his dark cheek with its black spot was lit up for a moment. The foul tobacco smoke tickled Yergwtov's throat.

'What filthy tobacco, da^ it!' he said. 'It makes

'I mix my tobacco with oat blooms,' Merik

me feel quite sick.'

there, and what happened after that would remain to be seen. She was still a girl, admittedly, but hardly a virgin—and even if she were, need one stand on ceremony in this robbers' lair? chest.'

He smoked, spat and went out again. About half an hour passed, then a light suddenly flashed in the lobby, and Merik appeared in a short fur coat and cap, followed by Lyubka carrying a candle.

'Don't go away, Merik,' Lyubka implored.

'No, Lyubka. Don't keep me.'

'Listen, Merik,' said Lyubka, her voice growing soft and tender. 'I know you'll find Mother's money, you'll kill us both, you'U go to the Kuban and you'll love other girls. But I don't care, I ask only one thing of you, darling—stay

answered after a short pause. 'It's better for the

'But you have no mount. You walked here, didn't you? So what will you ride?'

Merik bent down and whispered in Lyubka's ear. She looked at the door, and laughed through her tears.

'No, I want to go and celebrate,' said Merik,

with me.'

fastening his belt.

'And he's asleep, the pompous swine,' she said. Merik embraced her, kissed her hard and went out. Yergunov stuck his revolver in his pocket, jumped up quickly and ran after him. 'Get out of my way!' he told Lyubka, who had hurriedly bolted the lobby door and stood across the threshold. 'Let me through, don't stand there!' 'Why go out?' 'To look at my horse.' Mischievously and fondly, Lyubka gazed up at him. 'Why look at that, when you can look at me?' she asked, bending do[^] and touching the gilt key on his watch-chain. 'Let me through or he'll take my horse,' Yergunov said. 'Let go, you bitch!' he shouted, hitting her angrily on the shoulder, and barg-ing as hard as he could with his chest to shove her off the door. But she clung hard to the bolt, and seemed made of iron. 'Let me go!' he shouted, exhausted. 'He'll go off with it, I tell you!' 'Why should he? Not he.' Panting and rubbing her shoulder, which hurt, she looked up at him again, blushed and laughed. 'Don't leave, darling,' she said. 'I'm bored on my own.'

Yergunov gazed into her eyes, hesitated and then put his arms round her. She did not resist. 'Now, no more silliness, let me go,' he said. She did not speak. 'I heard you just now,' he said, 'telling Merik vou loved him.' 'He's not the only one. Who I love—that's my secret.' She touched his watch-key again. 'Give me that,' she asked softly. Unfastening the key, Yergunov gave it her. She suddenly craned her neck, listening with a serious expression, and her look struck the orderly as cold and calculating. Remembering his horse, he now easily pushed her to one side and ran out into the yard. In the shed a sleepy pig grunted in lazy thythm, and a cow banged her horn. Yergunov lit a match. He saw the pig, the cow, the dogs streaking towards his light from all sides, but of his horse there was no trace. Shouting, shaking his fists at dogs, stumbling into drifts, floundering in snow, he ran through the gate and stared into darkness. He strained his eyes, but could see only the flying snow, its flakes distinctly form- ing various figures. Now the white, laughing face of a corpse peeped through the gloom. Now a white horse galloped past, ridden by an Amazon in a muslin dress. Or a string of white swans flew overhead. Shaking with rage and cold, baffled, Yergunov fired his revolver at the dogs, hitting none of them, and rushed back indoors. As he entered the lobby, he distinctly heard someone dart out of the room beyond, banging the door. It was dark in there. Yergunov pushed the door, but it was bolted. Then, lighting match after match, he rushed back to the lobby, and thence to the kitchen, and on from there to a little room where the walls were all draped with petticoats and dresses, where there was a smell of co^^ower and dill, and where, in the corner near the stove, stood someone's bed with a great mound of pillows on it. This must be the old mother's room. He passed through to another room, also a small one, where he saw Lyubka—lying on a chest, covered with a gaudy patchwork cotton quilt and pretending to be asleep. Above the head of her bed an icon-lamp was burning.

'Where's my horse?' asked the orderly grimly. Lvubka did not stir. 'Where's my horse, I ask you?' Yergunov repeated in an even grimmer voice, and tore the quilt off her. 'I asked you a question, you bitch!' he shouted. She started up and rose to her knees. She held her shift with one hand, and tried to grasp the quilt with the other, crouching against the wall. She looked at Yergunov with loathing and fear as she warily followed his slightest move with eyes like a trapped animal's. 'Tell me where my horse is,' shouted Yergunov, 'or I'll beat the living daylights out of you!' 'Go away, da^ you!' she wheezed hoarsely. Seizing her shift near the neck, Yergunov wrenched, then lost control of himself and embraced the girl as hard as he could. Hissing with rage, she slithered in his clutches, freed one arm—the other was caught in the torn shift—and punched him on the top of his head. Pain numbed his senses, there was a ringing

and a banging in his ears. Lurching backwards, he received another blow—on the temple. He

reeled, clutched the door-posts to stop himselffalling, made his way to the room where his things were, and lay on the bench. He lay there for a wlule, then took the match-box from his pocket, and began light- ing one match after another quite aimlessly. He would light one, blow it out and throw it under the table—until all the matches were gone. Outside, meanwhile, the sky was tu^^g blue and the cocks had started crowing. Dut Yergunov's head still ached, and his ears roared as if he was under a railway bridge with a train passing overhead. Somehow he got his coat and hat on. He could not find his saddle and bundle of shopping, and his bag was empty. No wonder someone had scurried out of that room when he had come in from the yard not so long ago. He picked up a poker in the kitchen to keep off the dogs, and went out into the yard, leaving the door wide open. The blizzard had sub- sided, the weather was calm. When he had passed through the gate, the white fields seemed dead, there was not one bird in the morning sky. On both sides of the road, and in the far distance, were dark blue copses of small trees. Yergunov tried to consider his forthcoming reception in the hospi- tal, and what the doctor would say. He must certainly give thought to that and have his answers ready in advance, but such thoughts dissolved and eluded him. Walking along, he could chink only of Lyubka and the peasants that he had spent the night with. He remembered, too, how Lyubka's plait had swung loose to the floor as she bent down for the guilt after hitting him for the second time. His mind was in such a muddle. Why are there doctors and medical orderlies, he wondered, why are there merchants, clerks and peasants in chis world? Why aren't there jusc free men? The birds and beasts are free, aren't they? So is Merik. They fear no one, they need no one. Now, whose idea was it—who says we have to get up in the morning, have a meal at midday and go to bed at night? That a doctor is senior to an orderly? That one must live in a room and love no one but one's wife? Why shouldn't things be the other way round—lunch at night and sleep by day? Oh, to leap on a horse, not asking whose it is, and race the wind down fields, woods and dales like some at everyone!
Yergunov threw the poker in the snow and pressed his forehead on the cold, white trunk of a birch tree, lost in thought. And his grey, monotonous life, his wages, his subordinate position, his dispensary, the everlasting fussing over jars and poultices, seemed contemptible aid sickening.
'Who says it's wrong to have a bit of fun?' he wondered ruefully. 'Those who talk that way have never lived a free life like Merik or Kalaslmikov, they haven't loved Lyubka. They've

fend out of hell! Oh, to make love to girls, to laugh

enjoyed themselves. And they've loved no one but their frog-like wives.'

If he still wasn't a burglar, a swindler—a highway robber, even— that was only through lack of ability or suitable opportunity. Such was his present view of himself.

Some eighteen months passed. In spring, after Easter, Yergunov— long since dismissed from his hospital and drifting around out of work —left

the tavern at Repino late one night and wandered

aimlessly down the street.

spent all their lives on their knees, they haven't

of spring and the breath of a warm, caressing breeze. From the sky the guiet, starlit night gazed do^ on earth. God, how deep that sky is, how infinitely broad its canopy over the world! The world is well enough made, thought Yergunov. But why do people divide each other into sober and drunk, employed and discharged, and so forth. What right have they? Why do the sober and well-fed sleep comfortably in their homes, while the drunken and the starving must roam the country without shelter? The man who doesn't work, and doesn't earn wages-why must he neces- sarily go hungry, unclothed, without boots? Whose idea was this? Why don't the birds and forest beasts have jobs or earn wages-but enjoy themselves instead? Unfurled over the horizon, a magnificent crimson glow quivered in the far sky, and Yergunov stood watching it for a long time. Why, he kept wondering, should it be a sin if he had run off with someone's samovar vesterday and drunk the proceeds in the tavern? Why? Two carts drove past on the road. In one a

peasant woman slept, in the other sat a bare-

He walked into the country. There was a scent

'Where's the fire, old man?' asked Yergunov. 'At Andrew Chirikov's inn,' the old man replied. Then Yergunov remembered his winter adventure of eighteen months ago in that same inn, remembered Merik's boastful threat. Picturing the old woman and Lyubka with their throats cut, burning, he envied Merik. On his way back to the tavern, he looked at the houses of rich inn-keepers, cattle-dealers and blacksmiths. It would be a good idea to burgle some rich man's house at night, he reflected. **GUSEV** It is getting dark, and will soon be night. Guscy, a discharged private soldier, sits up in his bunk. 'I say, Paul Ivanovich,' he reiarks in a low voice. 'A soldier in Suchan told me their ship ran

headed old man.

bottom.'

The nondescript person whom he addresses, kno^ to everyone in the ship's sick-bay as Paul Ivanovich, acts as if he has not heard, and says

into a great fish on the way out and broke her

nothing. Once more quietness descends. Wind plays in the rigging, the screw thuds, waves thrash, bunks creak, but their ears have long been attuned to all that, and they feel as if their surroundings are slumbering silently. It is boring. The three patients—two soldiers and one sailor—who have spent all day playing cards, are already dozing and talking in their sleep. The sea is growing rough, it seems. Beneath Gusev the bunk slowly rises and falls, as if sighing—once, twice, a third time. Something clangs on to the floor—a mug must have fallen. 'The wind's broken loose from its chain,' says Gusev, listening. This time Paul Ivanovich coughs. 'First you have a ship hitting a fish,' he replies irritably. 'Then you have a wind breaking loose from its chain. Is the wind a beast, that it breaks loose, eh?' 'It's how folk talk.' 'Then folk are as ignorant as you, they'll say anything. A man needs a head on his shoulders—he needs to use his reason, you senseless creature.' Paul Ivanovich is subject to se.a-sickness, and when the sea is rough he is usually badtempered, exasperated by the merest trifle. But there is absolutely nothing to be angry about, in Gusev's opinion. What is there so strange or surprising in that fish, even—or in the wind bursting its bonds? Suppose the fish is mountainsized, and has a hard back like a sturgeon's. Suppose, too, that there are thick stone walls at the world's end, and that fierce winds arc chained to those walls. If the winds haven't broken loose, then why do they thrash about like mad over the whole sea, tearing away like dogs? What happens to them in calm weather if they aren't chained up? For some time Gusev considers mountainous fish and stout, rusty chains. Then he grows bored and thinks of the home country to which he is now returning after five years' service in the Far East. He pictures a large, snow-covered pond. On one side of the pond is the red-brick pottery with its tall chi^ey and clouds of black smoke, and on the other side is the village. Out of the fifth yard from the end his brother Alexis drives his sledge with his little son Vanka sitting behind him in his felt over-boots together with his little girl Akulka, also felt-booted. Alexis has been drinking, Vanka is laughing, and Akulka's face cannot be seen because she is all muffled up. 'He'll get them kids frostbitten if he don't watch out,' thinks Gusev. 'O Lord,' he whispers, 'grant them reason and- the sense to honour their parents, and not be cleverer than their mum and dad.' 'Those boots need new soles,' rambles the delirious sailor in his deep voice. 'Yes indeed.' Gusev's thoughts break olf. Instead of the pond, a large bull's head without eyes appears for no reason whatever, while horse and sledge no longer move ahead, but spin in a cloud of black smoke. Still, he's glad he's seen the folks at home. His happiness takes his breath away. It ripples, tingling, over his whole body, quivers in his fingers. 'We met again, thanks be to God,' he rambles, but at once opens his eyes and tries to fi.nd some water in the darkness. He drinks and lies back, and again the sledge passes—followed once more by the eyeless bull's

And so it goes on till daybreak. First a dark blue circle emerges from the blackness—the port-hole. Then, bit by bit, Gusev can m.ake out the man in the next bunk- Paul Ivanovich. Paul sleeps sitting up because lying downwn makes him choke. His face is grey, his nose is long and sharp, and his eyes seem huge because he has grownwn so fearfully thin. His temples are sunken, his beard is wispy, his hair is long. From his face you cannot possibly tell what class he belongs to—is he gentleman, merchant or peasant? His expression and long hair might be those of a hermit, or of a novice in a monastery, but when he speaks he doesn't sound

head, smoke, clouds.

breathing hard for him as he mumbles with his parched lips.

He sees Gusev watching him, and turns to face him

like a monk, somehow. Coughing, bad air and disease have worn him do\wn and made

him.

'I'm beginning to grasp the point,' says he. 'Y«,

'I'm beginning to grasp the point,' says he. 'Y now I see it **all.'**

'See what, Paul Ivanovich?' Tll tell you. Why aren't you serious cases kept somewhere quiet, that's what's been puzzling me? Why should you fi.nd yourselves tossing about in a sweltering hot steamship—a place where everything endangers your lives, in other words? Dut now it's all clear, indeed it is. Your doctors put you on the ship to get rid of you. They're sick of messing around with such cattle. You pay them nothing, you only cause them trouble, and you spoil their statistics by dying. Which makes you cattle. And getting rid of you isn't hard. There are two requisites. First, one must lack all conscience and humanity. Second, one must deceive the steamship line. Of the first requisite the le» said the better— we're pastmasters at that. And the second we can always pull off, given a little practice. Five sick men don't stand out in a crowd of four hundred fit soldiers and sailors. So they get you on board, mix you up with the able-bodied, hurriedly count you and find nothing amiss in the confusion. Then, when the ship's already under way, they see paralytics and consumptives in the last stages lying around on deck.'

Not understanding Paul Ivanovich, and thinking he was being told off, Gusev spoke in self-defence. 'I lay around on deck because I was so weak. I was mighty chilly when they unloaded us from the barge.' 'It's a scandal,' Paul Ivanovich goes on. 'The worst thing is, they know perfectly well you can't survive this long journey, don't they? And yet they put you here. Now, let's assume you last out till the Indian Ocean. What happens next doesn't bear thinking o(And such is their gratitude for loyal service and a clean record!' Paul Ivanovich gives an angry look, fro^ing disdainfully. 'I'd like a go at these people in the newspapers,' he pants. 'I'd make the fur fly all right!' The two soldier-patients and the sailor are already awake and at their cards. The sailor half lies in his bunk, while the soldiers sit on the floor near him in the most awkward postures. One soldier has his right arm in a sling, with the hand bandaged up in a regular bundle, so he holds his cards in his right armpit or in the crook of his elbow, playing them with his left hand. The sea is pitching and rolling heavily—impossible to stand up, drink tea or take medicine. 'Were you an officer's servant?' Paul Ivanovich asks Gusev. 'Yes sir, a batman.' 'God, God!' says Paul Ivanovich, with a sad shake of his head. 'Uproot a man from home, drag him ten thousand miles, give him tuberculosis and—and where does it all lead, I wonder? To making a batman of him for some Captain Kopeykin or Midshipman Dyrka. Very sensible, I must say!' 'It's not hard work, Paul Ivanovich. You get up of a morning, clean the boots, put the samovar on, tidy the room—then there's no more to do all day. The lieutcnant spends all day drawing plans, like, and you can say your prayers, read books, go out in the street—whatever you want. God grant everyone such a life.' 'Oh, what could be better! The lieutenant draws his "plans, like", and you spend your day in the kitchen longing for your home. "Plans, like!" It's not plans that matter, it's human life.

You only have one life, and that should be

respected.' 'Well, of course, Paul Ivanovich, a bad man never gets off lightly, either at home or in the service. But you live proper and obey orders and who needs harm you? Our masters are educated gentlemen, they understand. I was never in the regimental lock-up, not in five years I wasn't, and I wasn't struck—now let me see—not more than once.' 'What was that for?' 'Fighting. I'm a bit too ready with my fists, Paul Ivanovich. Four Chinamen come in our vard, carrying firewood or something-I don't recall. Well, I'm feeling bored, so I, er, knock 'em about a bit, and make one bastard's nose bleed. The lieutenant sees it through the window. Right furious he is, and he gives me one on the ear.' 'You wretched, stupid man,' whispers Paul Ivanovich. 'You don't understand anything.' Utterly worn out by the pitching and tossing, he closes his eyes. His head keeps falling back, or forward on his chest, and he several times tries to lie flat, but it comes to nothing because the choking stops him. 'Why did you hit those four Chinamen?' he 'Oh, I dunno. They comes in the yard, so I just hits 'em.' They fall silent. The card players go on playing for a couple of

asks a little later.

hours with much enthusiasm and cursing, but the pitching and tossing wear even them out, they abandon their cards and lie down. Once more Gusev pictures the large pond, the pottery, the

village.

Once more the sledge runs by, and again Vanka laughs, while that silly Akulka has thro^ open her fur and stuck out her legs.

'Look, everyone,' she seems to say. 'I have better mow-boots t^m Vanka. Mine are new.'

'Rve years old, and still she has no sense,' rambles Gusev. 'Instead of kicking your legs, why don't you fetch your soldier uncle a drink? I'll

don't you fetch your soldier uncle a drink? I'll give you something nice.'

Then Andron, a flint-lock gun slung over his shoulder, brings a hare he has killed, followed by that decrepit old Jew Isajah, who offers a piece of

shoulder, brings a hare he has killed, followed by that decrepit old Jew Isaiah, who offers a piece of soap in exchange for the hare. There's a black calf just inside the front door of the hut, Domna is sewing a shirt and crying. Then comes the eyeless several sailors past— dragging something bulky over the deck, it seems, or else something has fallen with a crash. Then they run past again. Has there been an accident? Gusev lifts his head, listening, and sees the two soldiers and the sailor playing cards again. Paul Ivanovich is sitting up, moving his lips. He chokes, he feels too weak to breathe, and he is thirsty, but the water is warm and nasty. The boat is still pitching. Suddenly something strange happens to one of the card-playing soldiers. He calls hearts diamonds, he muddles the score and drops his cards, then he gives a silly, scared smile and looks round at everyone. 'One moment, lads,' says he and lies on the floor. Everyone is aghast. They call him, but he doesn't respond. 'Maybe you feel bad, eh, Stephen?' asks the

Overhead someone gives a loud shout, and

buB's head again, the black smoke.

priest perhaps?'
'Have some water, Stephen,' says the sailor.

soldier with his arm in a sling. 'Should we call a

'Come on, mate, you drink this.' 'Now, why bang his teeth with the mug?' asks Gusev angrily. 'Can't you see, you fool?' 'What is it?' 'What is it?' Gusev mimics him. 'He has no breath in him, he's dead. That's what it is. What senseless people, Lord help us!' III The ship is no longer heaving, and Paul Ivanovich has cheered up. He is no longer angry, and his expression is boastful, challenging and mocking. 'Yes,' he seems about to say, 'I'm going to tell you something to make you all split your sides laughing.' The port-hole is open and a soft breeze blows on Paul Ivanovich. Voices are heard, and the plashing of oars. Just beneath the port-hole someone sets up an unpleasant, shrill droning—a Chinese singing, that must be. 'Yes, we're in the roadstead now,' Paul Ivanovich says with a sardonic smile. 'Another month or so and we'll be in Russia. Yes indeed, sirs, gentlemen and barrack-room scum. I'll go to friend in Kharkov, a literary man. I'll go and see him.

"Now, old boy," I'll say, "you can drop your loathsome plots about female amours and the beauties of nature for the time being, and expose these verminous bipeds. Here are some subjects

Odessa, and then straight on to Kharkov. I have a

you. He ponders for a minute.

for

m i

'Know how I fooled them, Gusev?' he asks. 'Fooled who, Paul Ivanovich?'

'Why, those people we were talking about. There are only two classes on this boat, see, frst and third. And no one's allowed to travel third class except possents the riff raff in other

class except peasants—the riff-raff, in other words. Wear a jacket and look in the least like a gentleman or bourgeois—then you must go fi.rst class, if you please! You must fork out your five

hundred roubles if it kills you.

"Now why," I ask, "did you make such a rule?

Trying to raise the prestige of the Russian

intelligentsia, I assume?"

"Not at all. We don't allow it because no

nasty, I haven't got five hundred roubles either way. I've never embezzled public funds, I haven't exploited any natives. I've not done any smuggling-nor have I ever flogged anyone to death. So judge for yourself—have I any right to travel first class, let alone reckon myself a member of the Russian intelligentsia?" 'But logic gets you nowhere with these people, so I'm reduced to deception. I put on a worknun's coat and high boots, I assume the facial expression of a drunken brute, and off"I go to the agent. "Gimme one o' them tickets, kind sir!" 'And what might your station be in life?' asks the sailor. 'The clerical. My father was an honest priest who always told the powers that be the truth to their faces—and no little did he sufffer for it.' S.A.O.S.-8 Paul Ivanovich is tired of speaking. He gasps for breath, but still goes on. 'Yes, I never mince my words, I fear nothing

respectable person should travel third—it's very

"'Oh yes? Grateful for your concern on behalf of respectable per- sons, I'm sure! But nice or

nasty and messy in there."

me and you in this respect. You're a blind, benighted, downwn-trodden lot. You see nothing-and what you do see you don't understand. People tell you the wind's broken loose from its chain—that you're cattle, savages. And you believe them. They punch you on the neck-vou kiss their hand. Some animal in a racoon coat robs you, then tips you fifteen copecks—and, "Oh, let me kiss your hand, sir," say you. You're pariahs, you're a pathetic lot, but me—that's another matter. I live a conscious life, and I see everything as an eagle or hawk sees it, soaring above the earth. I understand it all. I am protest incarnate. If see tyranny, I protest. If see a canting hypocrite, I protest. If I see swine triumphant, I protest. I can't be put downwn, no Spanish Inquisition can silence me. No sir. Cut out my tongue and I'll protest in mime. Wall me up in a cellar and I'll shout so loud, I'll be heard a mile off. Or I'll starve myself to death, and leave that extra weight on their black consciences. Kill me-my ghost will still haunt you. "You're quite insufferable, Paul Ivanovich"—so say all who know me, and I glory in that reputation. I've

and no one-there's a vast difference between

with everyone. "Don't come back," my friends write from European Russia. So I da^ well will come back and show them, indeed I will. That's life, the way I see it—that's what I call living.' Not listening, Gusev looks through the porthole. On limpid water of delicate turquoise hue a boat tosses, bathed in blinding hot sunlight. In it stand naked Chinese, holding up cages of canaries. 'Sing, sing,' they shout. Another boat bangs into the first, and a steam cutter dashes past. Then comes yet another boat with a fat Chinese sitting in it, eating rice with chopsticks. The water heaves lazily, with lazy white gulls gliding above it. 'That greasy one needs a good clout on the neck,' thinks Gusev, gazing at the fat Chinese and vawning. He is dozing, and feels as if all nature is dream-bound too. Time passes swiftly. The day goes by unnoticed, unnoticed too steals on the dark.

No longer at anchor, the ship forges on to

served three years in the Far East, and I'll be remembered there for a century. I've had rows IV
Two days pass. Paul Ivanovich no longer sits up. He is I ying down with his eyes shut, and his nose seems to have grown sharper.

'Paul Ivanovich!' Gusev shouts. 'Hey, Paul Ivanovich!'

Paul Ivanovich opens his eyes and moves his lips.

'Feeling unwell?'

'It's nothing, nothing,' gasps Paul Ivanovich in answer. 'On the contrary, I feel better, actually. I can lie down now, see ? I feel easier.'

'Well, thank God for that, Paul Ivanovich.'

'Comparing myself with you poor lads, I feel sorry for you. My lungs are all right, this is only a stomach cough. I can endure hell, let alone the Red Sea. I have a critical attitude to my illness

some further destina-tion.

and medicines, what's more. But you—you benighted people, you have a rotten time, you really do.'

There is no motion and the sea is calm, but it is sweltering hot, like a steam bath. It was hard enough to listen, let alone speak. Gusev hugs his knees, rests his head on them and thinks of his

snow and cold in this stifling hcat! You're sledging along, when the horses suddenly shy and bolt. Roads, ditches, gulleys-it's all one to them. Along they hurtle like mad, right down the village, over pond, past pottery, out through open country. 'Hold him!' shout pottery hands and peasants at the top of their voices. 'Hold hard!' But why hold? Let the keen, cold gale lash your face and bite your hands. Those clods of snow kicked up by horses' hooves—let them fall on cap, down collar, on neck and chest. Runners may squeak, traces and swingletrees snap—to hell with them! And what joy when the sledge overturns and you fly full tilt into a snowdrift, face buried in snow— then stand up, white all over, with icicles hanging from your moustache, no cap, no mittens, your belt undone. People laugh, dogs bark. Paul Ivanovich half opens one eye and looks at Gusev. 'Did your commanding officer steal, Gusev?' he asks softly.

homcland. Heavens, what joy to think about

'Who can tell, Paul Ivanovich? We know nothing, it don't come to our ears.' A long silence follows. Gusev broods, rambles deliriously, keeps drinking water. He finds it hard to speak, hard to listen, and he is afraid of being talked to. One hour passes, then a second, then a third. Evening comes on, then night, but he notices nothing, and still sits dreaming of the frost. It sounds as if somconc has come into the sickbay, and voices are heard—but five minutes later everything is silent. 'God be with him,' says the soldier with his arm in a sling. 'May he rest in peace, he was a rcstless man.' 'What?' Gusev asks, 'Who?' 'He's dead, they've just carried him up.' 'Ah well,' mumbles Gusev with a ya^. 'May the Kingdom of Heaven be his.' 'What do you think, Gusev?' asks the soldier with the sling after a short pause. 'Will he go to heaven or not?' 'Who?' 'Paul Ivanovich.' 'Yes, he will—he suffered so long. And then he's from the clergy, and priests always have a lot of relations—their prayers will save him.' The soldier with the sling sits on Gusev's bunk. 'You're not long for this world either, Gusey,' hc says in an under- tone. 'You'll never get to Russia.' 'Did the doctor or his assistant say so?' Gusev asks. 'It's not that anyone said so, it's just obvious-you can always tell when someone's just going to die. You don't cat, you don't drink, and you're so thin-you're a frightful sight. It's consumption, in fact. I don't say this to upset you, but you may want to have the sacrament and the last rites. And if you have :\ny money you'd better give it to the senior officer.' 'I never wrote home,' sighs Gusev. 'They won't even know I'm dead.' 'They will,' says the sick sailor in a deep voice. 'When you're dead an entry will be made in the ship's log, they'll give a note to the Army Commander in Odessa, and he'll send a message to your parish or whatever it is.' This talk makes Gusev uneasy, and a vague

urge disturbs him. He drinks water, but that isn't

breathes in the hot, dank air, but that isn't it either. He tries to think of home and frost-and it still isn't right. He feels in the end that one more minute in the sick-bay will surely choke him to dcath. 'I'm real bad, mates,' says hc. 'I'm going on deck—help me up, for Christ's sakc.' 'All right,' agrees the soldier with the sling. 'You'll never do it on your o^, I'll carry you. Hold on to my neck.' Gusev puts his arms round the soldier's neck, while the soldier puts his able arm round Gusev and carries him up. Sailors and discharged soldiers are sleeping all over the place on deck—so many of them that it is hard to pass. 'Get do^,' the soldier with the sling says quietly. 'Follow me slowly, hold on to my shirt.' It is dark. There are no lights on deck or masts, or in the sea around them. Still as a statue on the tip of the bow stands the man on watch, but he too looks as ifhe is sleeping. Left to its o^ devices, apparently, the ship seems to be sailing where it lists. 'They're going to throw Paul Ivanovich in the

it. He stretches towards the port-hole and

sea now,' says the soldier with the sling. 'They'll put him in a sack and throw him in.' 'Yes. That's the way of it.' 'But it's better to lie in the earth at home. At least your mother will come and cry over your grave.' 'Very true.' There is a smell of dung and hay. Bullocks with lowered heads are standing by the ship's rail. One, two, three-there are eight of them. There is a small pony too. Gusev puts his hand out to stroke it, but it tosses its head, bares its teeth, and tries to bite his sleeve. 'Blasted thing!' says Gusev angrily. The two of them, he and the sailor, quietly thread their way to the bows, then stand by the rail and look up and do^ without a word. Overhead are deep sky, bright stars, peace, quiet—and it is just like being at home in your village. But do^ below are darkness and disorder. The tall waves roar for no kno^ reason. Whichever wave you watch, each is trying to lift itself above the others, crushing them and chasing its neighbour, while on it, with a growling flash of its white mane, pounces a third smaller, were it not made of stout iron, the waves would snap it without the slightest compunction and devour all the people, saints and sinners alike. The ship shows the same mindless cruelty.

That beaked monster drives on, cutting millions

The sea has no sense, no pity. Were the ship

roller no less wild and hideous.

of waves in her path, not fearing darkness, wind, void, solitude. She cares for nothing, and if the ocean had its people this juggernaut would crush them too, saints and sinners alike.

'Where are we now?' Gusev asks.

'I don't know. In the ocean, we must be.' 'Can't see land.'
'Some hope! We shan't see that for a week,

they say.'
Silently reflecting, both soldiers watch the white foam with its phosphorescent glint. The first to break silence is Gusev.

'It ain't frightening,' says he. 'It does give you the creeps a bit, though—like sitting in a dark forest. But if they was to lower a dinghy into the

forest. But if they was to lower a dinghy into the water now, say, and an officer told me to go sixty miles over the sea and fish—1'd go. Or say some

good Christian was to fall over- board, I'd go in

'Are you afeared of dying?'
'Aye. It's the old home that worries me. My brother's none too steady, see? He drinks, he beats his wife when he didn't ought to, and he don't look up to his parents. It'll all go to rack and ruin without me, and my father and my old mother will have to beg for their bread, very like. But I can't rightly stand up, mate, and it's so

after him. A German or a Chinaman I wouldn't

save, but I'd go in after a Christian.'

stuffy here. Let's go to bed.'

v
Gusev goes back to the sick-bay and gets in hisSome vague
urge still disturbs him, but what it is he wants he just can't reckon. His chest feels tight, his

head's pounding, and his mouth's so parched,

he can hardly move his tongue. He dozes and rambles. Tormented by nightmares, cough and sweltering atmosphere, he falls fast asleep by morning. He dreams that they havejust taken the bread out of the oven in his barracks. He has

climbed into the stove himself, and is having a steam bath, lashing himself with a birch switch. He sleeps for two days. At noon on the third, two bay.

They sew him up in sail-cloth and put in two iron bars to weigh him do^. Se^ in canvas, he looks like a carrot or radish—broad at the head and narrow at the base.

They carry him on deck before sundo^, and place him on a plank. One end of the plank rests on the ship's rail, the other on a box set on a stool. Heads bare, discharged soldiers and crew stand by.

'Blessed is the Lord's name,' begins the priest. 'As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall

soldiers come do^ and carry him out of the sick-

Soldiers and crew cross themselves, glancing sideways at the waves.

Strange that a man has been sewn into that sail-cloth and will shortly fly into those waves. Could that really happen to any of them?

The priest scatters earth over Gusev and

'Amen,' chant three sailors.

be.'

makes an obeisance. Eternal Memory is sung.

The officer of the watch tilts one end of the plank. Gusev slides down it, flies off head first, does a somersault in the air and—in he splashes!

lace for a second, but the second passes and he vanishes beneath the waves. He moves swiftly towards the bottom. Will he reach it? It is said to be three miles do^. He sinks eight or nine fathoms, then begins to move more and more slowly, swaying rhythmically as if trying to make up his mind. Caught by a current, he is swept sideways more swiftly than do^wards. Now he meets a shoal of little pilot-fsh. Seeing the dark body, the fish stop dead. Suddenly all t^rc tail at once and vanish. Less than a minute later they again pounce on Gusev like arrows and stitch the water round him with zig-zags. Then another dark hulk looms—a shark. Ponderous, reluctant and apparently ignoring Gusev, it glides under him and he sinks on to its back. Then it turns belly upwards, basking in the warm, translucent water, and languidly opening its jaw with the two rows of fangs. The pilot-fish are delighted, waiting to see what will happen next. After playing with the body, the shark nonchalantly puts itsjaws underneath, cautiously probing with its fangs, and the sail-cloth tears

Foam envelops him, and he seems swathed in

the shark on the flank and goes swiftly to the bottom. Overhead, meanwhile, clouds are massing on the sunset side—one like a triumphal arch, another like a lion, a third like a pair of scissors. From the clouds a broad, green shaft of light breaks through, spanning out to the sky's very centre. A little later a violet ray settles alongside, then a gold one by that, and then a pink one. The sky turns a delicate mauve. Gazing at this sky so glorious and magical, the ocean scowls at first, but soon it too takes on tender, joyous, ardent hues for which human speech hardly has a name. PEASANT WOMEN **JusT** opposite the church in the village of Raybuzh stands an iron-roofed, two-storey house with a stone foundation. The o^er, Philip Kashin, also kno[^] as Dyudya, lives on the ground floor with his failly, while on the upper storey^<xtremely hot in summer, ex- tremely

cold in winter—are lodgings for passing officials, merchants and cowty gentlemen. Dyudya rents

along the body's whole length from head to foot. One iron bar falls out, scares the pilot-fi.sh, hits plots of land, keeps a tavern on the highway, deals in tar, honey, cattle and bonnets, and has saved about eight thousand roubles which he keeps in the to^ bank. His elder son Theodore is foreman mechanic in a factory—having gone up in the world, as the locals say, and left the rest of them stand-ing. Theodore's wife Sophia, a plain woman in poor health, makes her home with her father-in-law, is always crying, and drives over to hospital for treatment every Sunday. Dyudya's second son, hunch- backed Alyoshka, lives at home with his father, and was recently married to a girl from a poor family called Barbara—a pretty young thing who enjoys the best of health and likes to dress smartly. When officials and merchants put up at the house, they always insist on Barbara serving the samovar and making their beds. One June evening—the sun was setting and a scent of hay, warm dung and fresh milk filled the air—a plain cart with three occupants drove into Dyudya's yard. There was a man of about thirty in a sail- cloth suit sitting beside a boy of seven or eight in a long, black coat with big bone buttons, and there was a red-shirted youth as driver.

them up and do^ the street, while the man washed, faced the church to say a prayer, spread out a rug by the can, and sat do^ with the boy to have supper. He ate with leisurely dignity. Having seen plenty of travellen in his day, Dyudya recognized his bearing as that of a biisinesslike, serious man who knows his o' worth. Dyudya sat in his porch in his waistcoat, without a cap, waiting for the traveller to speak—he was used to visiton telling various bedtime stories of an evening, and liked listening to them. His wife, old Afana- syevna, and his daughter-in-law, Sophia, were milking in the cow- shed, while Barbara—the other daughterin-law—sat upstain by an open window eating sunflower seeds. 'Would the little boy be your son, then?' Dyudya asked the traveller. 'No. he's adopted—an orphan. I took him in for my soul's salvation.' They fell into conversation, and the visitor turned out a talkative man with guite a tum of phrase. From what he said Dyudya learnt that he

The youth unhitched the horses and walked

was a local to^sman of the lower sort and a householder, that he went by the name of Matthew Savvich, that he was now on his way to look at some allotments which he had rented from some German settlers, and that the boy was called Kuzka. It was a hot, stifling evening, and no one felt like sleep. When it was dark, and pale stars twinkled here and there in the sky, Matthew Savvich began telling the story of how Kuzka had come into his care. Afanasyevna and Sophia stood a little way off listening, and Kuzka went to the gate. 'It's a complicated story in the extreme, old man,' Matthew began. 'To tell you all of it would take all night and more. Ten years ago there lived in our street, in the cottage next to mine—where the chand-lery and dairy now are—an old widow called Martha Kapluntsev, who had two sons. One was a railway guard. The other, Vasya, was about my age, and lived at home with his mother. Old Kapluntsev had kept horses, about five pair, and had a carting business in town. The widow carried on her husband's business, and was as good at managing her carriers as the old man, so that the carting cleared about five roubles' profit some days. The lad made a bit of money too, breeding pedigree pigeons and selling them to fanciers. He was for- ever standing on the roof, throwing up a broom and whistling, while his tumblers flew right up in the sky-but not high enough for him, he wanted them higher still. He caught goldfnches and starlings, and made them cages. 'It seemed a waste of time, but his timewasting was soon bringing in ten roubles a month. Well now, in course of time the old lady loses the use ofher legs and takes to her bed, for which reason the house has no woman to run it, and that's about as good as a man having no eyes! So the old lady bestirs herself and decides to get Vasya married. They call in the matchmaker at once, one thing leads to another, there's lots of women's talk, and Vasya goes to inspect the local girls. He picks on Mashenka, Widow Samokhvalikha's daughter. They're betrothed without much ado, and it's all fixed up in one week. She's a young girl of about seventeen, a small, short little thing, but fair-<:omplexioned and attractive, with all the makings of a highclass young lady, and her dowry isn't bad—about five hundred roubles in cash, a cow and a bed. But the old lady knew what was coming, and two days after the wedding she departs for that heavenly Jerusalem where there's neither illness nor sighing. The young couple bury her and settle do^. For six months everything's fine, but then disaster suddenly strikes again— it never rains but it pours. Vasya's summoned to an office for the con-scription balloting, and they take him for a soldier, poor boy-won't even grant him anv exemptions, but shave his head and pack him off to Poland. God's will it was, it couldn't be helped. He's all right as he says good-bye to the wife in his yard, but when he takes his last look at his pigeon-loft he weeps buckets—a sorry sight he is. At first Mashenka gets her mother to live with her to keep her company, and the mother stays on till the confinement, when this boy Kuzka is born. But then she goes to another married daughter in Oboyan, leaving Mashenka alone with her baby. There are the five carters—a drunken, rowdy crew. She has the horses and drays on her hands, besides which there's her fence falling do, or her chiev catching fi.re, see? It's not woman's work, so she turns to me for every little thing, since we're neighbours. I go and fix things up, give her a few tips. 'Well, of course, all this means going indoors, having tea and a chat. I'm a young chap—a bit brainy, like, fond of talking about this and that—and she's a cultured, polite girl too. She dresses nicely and carries a parasol in summer. I'll start talking religion or politics, which flatters her and she'll give me tea and jam. 'In fact, old man, to cut a long story short, within a twelve-month the devil, the adversary of mankind, has me in a proper muddle, I can tell you. I notice that if I don't go and see her, I never feel right that day—I'm bored. And I keep thinking of excuses to call. "It's time to put in your window-frames for winter," I say. And I hang around all day with her—putting in her frames, but taking care to leave a couple over for next day. "'I'd better count Vasya's pigeons," I say, "and see that none of them gets lost"—and so on. 'I keep talking to her over the fcnce, and end by making a little gate in it as a short cut. There's a lot of evil and nastiness in this world from the fcmale sex—even saints have been led astray, let love with me. I begin noticing that she misses me too, and is always walking near the fence and looking into my yard through the cracks. My mind reels at the thought of her. Early one moriing, at dawn on a Thursday in Easter Week, I'm going past her gate on my way to market

when up pops the Evil One. I look through the trellis thing at the top of her gate, and there she is—already awake and feeding her ducks in the middle of the yard. I can't resist calling her. She comes and looks at me through the trellis, her little face all pale, her eyes soft and sleepy-

alone us sinners. Mashenka doesn't keep me at arm's length, and instead of thinking of her husband and keeping herself for him, she falls in

complimenting her, like as if we were at a party instead of standing by that gate, while she blushes, laughs and looks me straight in the eye without blinking. I lose all sense and begin

'I find her very attractive and begin

looking.

declaring my amorous feelings. 'She opens the gate to let me in, and we live

together as man and wife from that morning on.' Hunchbacked Alyoshka came into the yard without looking at anyone. A minute later he ran out of doors again with his accordion and vanished through the gate, jingling copper coins in his pocket and cracking sunflower seeds on his way. 'Who's that?' asked Matthew Savvich. 'It's my son Alyoshka,' answered Dyudya. 'The rascal's off on a spree. He's a hunchback, God having afflicted him that way, so we don't ask much of him.' 'He's always with the lads, always having his bit of fun,' sighed Afanasyevna. 'We married him offjust before Shrovetide, and thought he'd improve—but he's even worse, I do declare.' 'It didn't work out,' Dyudya said. 'We only made a strange girl's fortune when we didn't need to.' Beyond the church someone began singing a magnificent, sad song. The words were inaudible, and only the voices could be heard-two tenors and a bass. While everyone listened, the yard grew as quict as can be. Two of the singers suddenly broke off with a

peal of laughter, but the third—a tenor—went on

from the street, and ran gasping into the house

singing, taking so high a note that all felt impelled to gaze upwards as if the voice had reached the very height of heaven. Barbara came out of doors and looked at the church, shading her eyes with her hand as if blinded by sunlight. 'It's the priest's sons and the schoolmaster,' she said. The three voices once more sang in unison. Matthew Savvich sighed. 'Well, that's the way of it, old man,' he went on. 'Two years later we get a letter from Vasya in Warsaw. He's being invalided out of the army, he writes—he isn't well. Dy this time I've banished all that nonsense from my head, and

arrangements are under way to marry me to a decent young woman, but what I don't know is how to be rid of this wretched love affair. I make up my mind to speak to Mashenka every day, but

I don't know how I ^ do it without a lot of female squawking. The letter frees my hands. Mashenka and I read it together, and she turns white as a sheet.

' "Thank God," says I. "This means you can be

an honest woman again."
'"I won't live with him," she tells me.

"It ain't so simple. I never loved him—I married him against my will because Mother made me." "Now don't try and wriggle out of it, you little fool," I say. "Just tell me this—were you married in church or weren't you?" ' "Yes I was," says she. "But it's you I love, and I'll live with you till my dying day. People may laugh at me, but I don't care." "You're a God-fearing woman," say I. "You've

"'He's your husband, ain't he?" says I.

read what the Scripture says, haven't you?"" 'If she's married, she should cleave to her husband,' said Dyudya.

'Yes, husband and wife arc one flesh. "You and I have sinned," I tell her, "and we must stop. We must repent and fear God. Let's

beg Vasya's pardon," say I. "He's a quiet, mild fellow—he won't kill us. And it's better," I say, "to suffer agonies from a lawful husband in this world than gnash your teeth on the Day

'The woman won't listen, she's set on having her o^ way, and takes no notice.

ofJudgement."

"I love you," says she, and that was that.

Trinity Sunday, early in the morning—I can see everything through the fence. He runs into the house, and comes out a minute later with Kuzka in his arms, laugh- ing and crying. He kisses Kuzka and looks at his pigeon loft—he wants to go to his pigeons, but hasn't the heart to put Kuzka down, A soft, sentimental sort of fellow, he was. The day passes off all right, quietly and uneventfully. The bells are rung for evening service. "Tomorrow's Trinity Sunday," I think, "So why don't they deco- rate their gate and fence with green boughs? Something's wrong," thinks I. 'So I go over. I look, and there he is sitting on the floor in the middle of the room, rolling his eyes as if he was drunk, with tears streaming Jown his cheeks and his hands trembling. He takes some cracknels, necklaces, gingerbread and various sweets out ofhis bundle, and throws them all over the floor. Kuzka, about three years old at the time, crawls around munching gingerbread, while Mashenka stands by the stove, pale and shuddering. "'I'm no wife to you, I don't want to live with

'Vasya arrives home on the Saturday before

you," she mutters, and all sorts of silly rubbish. 'I bow low to Vasva. "We have done you wrong, Vasya," I say. "Forgive us, for Christ's sake!" 'Then I get up and speak to Mashenka. "You, Mashenka, must now wash Vasva's feet and drink the dirty water. Be his obedient wife, and pray God for me that He may forgive my transgressions in His mercy." 'As if inspired by an angel in heaven, I read her a lecture and speak with such feeling that I actually break do-wn and cry. Well, two days later Vasya comes to see me. "I'll forgive you, Matthew, and forgive my wife too," he says. "God help you both. She's a soldier's wife, it's a common way of behaving for a young female, it's hard to keep yourself to yourself. She ain't the first and she won't be the last. The only thing is," says he, "I ask you to act as if there had never been anything between you— don't let on. And I," says he, "will try to please her every way I can, so she'll love me again." 'He shakes hands with me, has some tea and goes away looking happy. Well, thinks I, thank can't live without t>» you. 'The shameless hussy!' sighed Dyudya. 'I shout at her, I stamp my feet, I drag her out in the lobby, and I put the door on the latch. "Go to your husband," I shout. "Don't shame me in public. Have some fear of God in your heart." 'So it goes on every day. One morning I'm standing in my yard by the stable, mending a bridle, and suddenly I see her run in through the gate, barefoot, just as she was in her petticoat, coming straight towards me. She picks up the bridle and gets tarall over her, trembling and crying.

"I can't live with that hateful creature, I can't

'I get angry and hit her twice with the bridle, and meanwhile Vasya runs in through the gate. "Don't hit her, don't hit her!" he shouts, quite

bear it. If you don't love me, kill me."

God for that, and I'm glad it's all turned out so well. But no sooner is Vasya out of my yard than in comes Mashenka—something terrible, it was.

"Don't leave me, for Christ's sake," she begs. "I

She hangs on my neck, crying.

'But he runs up himself and lashes out like a maniac, punching her with all his might, then throws her on the ground and starts kicking her. I try to protect her, but he picks up the reins and goes for her with those. And all the time he's thrashing her, he's squealing and whinny- ing like a foal.' 'I'd give you reins if I had my way!' muttered Barbara, moving ofl". 'Torturing us women, you rotten swine!' 'Shut up, bitch!' shouted Dyudya. 'Squealing away he was,' Matthew Savvich went on. 'One of the carters runs out ofhis yard, 1 call my own workman, and the three of us take Mashenka away from him and lead her home by the arms. Dis- graceful, it was! That evening I go along to see how she is, and she's lying in bed all wrapped up with fomentations on her. Only her eyes and nose can be seen, and she's looking at the ceiling. "Hello, Mashenka," I say. No answer. 'Vasya's sitting in the next room clutching his head. "Tm a wicked man, I've ruined my life!" he

frantic.

' "The righteous will go to heaven in the next world," say I. "But you'll go into the fiery Gehenna along with all the other whores. Don't disobey your husband—down on your knees to him!"

'But not a word does she answer, she doesn't even wink an eye—I might have been talking to a stone. Next day Vasya sickens with something like cholera, and by evening I hear he's dead.

'Not wanting to show people her shameless face and bruises, Mashenka doesn't go to the cemetery. And soon the rumour spreads among the townsfolk that Vasya's death wasn't natural,

'I sit with Mashcnka for halfan hour and read

her a lecture—put the fear of God into her.

weeps. "Let me die, O Lord!"

They bury him.

and that Mashenka did him in. The story reaches the authorities, who dig up Vasya, slit his guts and fmd arsenic in his belly—an open and shut case, it was. The police come and take Mashenka away together with that little innocent Kuzka, and put them in prison. That's where her flighty

ways got her, it was punishment from God.
'They tried her eight months later. I remember

and grey prison coat. She was thin, pale, sharpeyed—a pathetic sight. Behind her was a soldier with a gun. She wouldn't plead not guilty. There were some in court who said she'd poisoned her husband, while others argued that her husband had taken the poison himself in his griel I was one witness. When they cross- examined me, I told the whole truth. "She done it, the sinful creature," said I. "She didn't love her husband, you can't get away from it—and she was used to having her o^ way." 'They began the trial in the morning, and that night they sentenced her to thirteen yeaxs' hard labour in Siberia. After the sentence, Mashenka was in the local prison for three months, and I used to go and see her—take her tea and sugar out of common humanity. But when she sees me she trembles all over and throws her arms about. "'Go away," she mutters. "Go away!" 'And she clasps Kuzka to her as if afraid I might take him off her. "Now," I say, "see what you've sunk to! Oh Mashenka, Mashenka, you lost soul! You wouldn't listen when I tried to talk sense into you, and now

her sitting in the dock wearing a white kerchief

you must pay for it. It's your fault," say I, "you'vc only yourself to blame." 'I read her a lecture, and she keeps telling me to go away, go away, huddling against the will with Kuzka and shivering. When they're taking her to our county town, I go to see her off at the railway station and slip a rouble in her bundle to save my soul. Dut she never got to Siberia—she fell sick of a fever in the county to^ and died in gaol.' 'Serve the bitch right!' said Dyudya. 'They brought Kuzka back home. I thought it over, and decided to adopt him. And why not? Gaol-bird's spa^ he may be—still he's a living soul, a Christian. I felt sorry for him. I'll make him a clerk, and if I don't have children of my own I'll make him a merchant. Nowa- days I take him with me wherever I go, so he can learn something.' All the time while Matthew Savvich was telling his story, Kuzka sat on a stone near the gate, his head cupped in his hands, and looking at the sky. In the darkness he looked like a treestump from a distance. 'Go to ^d, Kuzka,' Matthew Savvich yelled.

yawning noisily. 'They all try to be too clever,' he added. 'They won't listen, and then they end up getting what they asked for.' The moon was already sailing in the sky above the yard. It was moving swiftly to one side, while the clouds below it sped the other way. The clouds drifted off, but the moon was still clearly seen above the yard. Matthew Savvich turned towards the church and prayed, then wished them good night and lay do^ on the ground near the cart. Kuzka also said his prayers, then lay in the cart, covering hiiself with his coat. To make himself comfortable, he burrowed in the hay, curling up with his elbows touching his knees. From the yard Dyudya could be seen lighting a candle in a downstairs room, putting on his spectacles, and standing in the comcr with a book. For a long time he read, bowing before the icon. The visitors fell asleep. Afanasyevna and Sophia went up to the cart and looked at Kuzka. 'He's asleep, poor little orphan,' the old woman said. 'He's thin and pale, nothing but skin and bones. He has no mother, and no one to feed

'Yes, it's time,' said Dyudya, getting up and

him properly.' 'My Grishutka's two years older, I reckon,' Sophia said. 'He's no better than a slave, living in that factory without his mother. The master beats him, I'll warrant. When I looked at this little boy j ust now, I remembered Grishutka, and it made my blood tum cold.' A minute passed in silence. 'He won't remember his mother, I reckon,' said the old woman. 'How could he?' Huge tears flowed from Sophia's eyes. 'He's curled up like a kitten,' she said, sobbing and laughing with tender pity. 'Poor little orphan.' Kuzka started, and opened his eyes. He saw an ugly, wrinkled, tear- stained face before him, and next to it another, an old woman's— toothless, sharp-chinned, hook-nosed. Above was the fathomless sky with its racing clouds and moon. He screamed in terror, and Sophia screamed too. Echo answered both of them, and their alarm Bashed through the stifling air. A neighbouring watchman started banging, and a dog barked. Matthew Savvich muttered in his sleep, and turned over. Late at night, when Dyudya, the old woman and the watchman next door were all asleep, Sophia went out through the gate and sat on a bench. The heat was stifling, and her head ached from crying. Broad and long-with two verstposts visible on the right, and another two on the left-the street seemed to go on for ever. The moon had abandoned the yard to stand behind the church, and one side of the street was bathed in moonlight, while the other was black with shadows. The long shadows of poplars and starling-cotes spanned the entire street, and the church's shadow, black and menacing, lay in a broad band, clasping Dyudya's gate and half his house. There was no one about and it was quiet. From time to time faint strains of music were wafted from the end of the street—Alyoshka playing his accor- dion, no doubt. In the shadow near the church fence someone was walking. Was it man or cow-or no more than a large bird rustling in the trees? One could not tell. Then a figure emerged from the shadows,

paused, said something in a man's voice and vanished down the church lane. A little later

another figure appeared about five yards from the gate. This person was moving straight to the gate from the church, and stopped still on seeing Sophia on the bench. 'Is that you, Barbara?' Sophia asked. 'What if it is?' Barbara it was. She stood still for a minute, then came and sat on the bench. 'Where have you been?' asked Sophia. Barbara made no answer. 'You mind you don't get into trouble,' Sophia said. 'Playing around like this, and you only just married. Did you hear how they kicked Mashenka and whipped her with the reins? You mind that don't happen to you.' 'I don't care.' Barbara laughed into her handkerchief. 'I've been having a bit of fun with the priest's son,' she whispered. 'You don't mean it!' 'It's God's truth.' 'That's a sin,' Sophia whispered. 'Who cares? Why bothet? Sin or no sin, I'd rather be struck by lightning than live this way. I'm young and healthy, and I have a hunchbacked husband that I can't abide—he's that pig-headed, he's wotse than that blasted Dyudya. I never had enough to eat as a gitl, and I went batefoot. To escape such misery I took the bait of Alyoshka's money, and became a slave. I was caught like a rat in a trap, and now I'd rather sleep with a viper than with that rotten Alvoshka. And your life too—it don't bear thinking of! Your Theodote threw you out of the factory—sent you to his father's—and took up with another woman. They took your boy off you and made a slave out of him. You wotk like a horse, and never hear a kind wotd. Better pine away as an old maid all vout life, better take yout half-roubles from the priest's sons, better go begging, bettet throw yourself head first do[^] a well' 'That's a sin,' Sophia whispered again. 'Who cares?' Somewhere beyond the church the same three voices-the two tenors and the bass-started another sad song. Once again the words were inaudible. 'They're making quite a night of it,' Barbara laughed. She began whispering about the fun she was said, what his friends were like, and about how she also carried on with officials and merchants who stayed at the house. The sad song bore a whiff of freedom, and Sophia began laughing. It was all very sinful and frightening and sweet to the ear. She envied Barbara, sorry that she hadn't sinned herself when she was young and beautiful. Midnight struck in the old church by the cemetery. 'We'd better go to bed, or else Dyudya rna y miM us,' said Sophia, getting up. Both went quietly into the yard. 'I went away and missed the end of his story about Mashenka,' said Barbara, making her bed under the window. 'She died in gaol, he said. She'd poisoned her husband.' Barbara lay down by Sophia and thought for a moment. 'I could kill Alyoshka,' she said. 'I'd think nothing of it.' 'You don't mean that, God help you.' As Sophia was dropping off, Barbara huddled

having with the priest's son of a night-what he

up to her. 'Let's do away with Dyudya and Alyoshka,' she whispered in her ear. Sophia shuddered and said nothing, then opened her eyes and stared at the sky for a long time without winking. 'They'd find out,' she said. 'No, they wouldn't. Dyudya's an old man, he's not long for this world. And they'll say Alyoshka died of drink.' 'I'm afraid—. God would strike us dead.' 'Who cares?' Both lay awake, silently thinking. 'It's cold,' said Sophia, shivering all over. 'It'll soon be morning, I reckon. Are you asleep?' 'No. Don't take any notice of me, dear,' whispered Barbara. 'I'm so angry with them swine, I don't know what I'm saying. Go to sleep, it's nearly daylight. Sleep.' Both were silent. They calmed do^ and soon fell asleep. The old woman was the first to wake up. She woke Sophia, and they both went to the shed to milk the cows. Hunchbacked Alyoshka walked in, dead drunk, without his accordion, his chest and the shed, flopped on to a sledge without undressing, and started snoring at once. When the crosses on the church, and then the windows, were blazing in the bright flame of the rising sun, and the shadows from trees and well-sweep sp^med the dewy grass of the yard, Matthew Savvichjumped up and bestirred himself. 'Get up, Kuzka!' he shouted. 'Time to harness up! Look slippy there!' The morning's bustle began. A young Jewish woman in a flounced bro\ dress led a horse into the yard to water it. The pulley of the well creaked piteously, the pail rattled. Sleepy, listless, covered with dew, Kuzka sat in the cart, lazily putting on his coat, listening to water splashing out of the pail in the well, and shivering with cold. 'Give my lad a nudge, missus, so he'll go and harness up,' shouted Matthew Savvich to Sophia. Then Dyudya yelled from a window. 'Sophia, charge that woman a copeck for watering her horse. They're always doing that, the Jewish

scum.

knees covered with dust and straw—so he must have fallen down on the way. He staggered into

them in a heavy, rough, deep voice. Three sheep ran into the yard, couldn't find the gate, butted the fence—and the noise woke Barbara, who seized her bedding in both arms and made for the house. 'You might have driven the sheep out,' the old woman shouted at her. 'You're too high and mighty, I suppose!' 'There she goes again—why should I work for such monsters?' muttered Barbara as she went indoors. The cart was greased, the horses harnessed. Dyudya came out of the house carrying an abacus, and sat in the porch working out what to charge the visitor for his night's lodging, oats and water. 'That's a lot for oats, old man,' said Matthew Savvich.

'Then don't take them. No one's forcing you,

Just as the travellers were going to get in the cart and leave, some- thing held them up for a

Mister Merchant.'

In the street sheep were running to and fro, bleating. Women shouted at the shepherd, who played his pipe, cracked his whip, or answered

'Where did you put it, you little swine?' Matthew Savvich roared angrily. 'Where is it?' Kuzka's face was contorted with terror as he rushed this way and that near the cart. Not finding it there, he ran to the gate, then to the cowshed. The old woman and Sophia helped him look.

moment—Kuzka had lost his cap.

Savvich. 'Little bleeder!' The cap was found at the bottom of the cart. B^^g off the hay with his sleeves, Kuzka put it on and mounted the cart—nervowly, still looking

'I'U tear your ears off!' shouted Matthew

terrified, as if fearing to be struck from behind. Matthew Savvich crossed himself, the lad tugged

the reins. The cart moved off and rolled out of the vard. IN EXILE

Old Simon—or 'Foxy', as he was called—and a young Tatar whose name no one knew, were sitting by a bonfire on the river bank, and the other three ferrymen were inside the hut. Simon

was an old fellow of about sixty, lean and toothless, but broad-shouldered and still husky, from the look of him. He was drunk and would bottle of vodka in his pocket—he was afraid of his hut-mates asking for a swig. The Tatar was ill and depressed. Hc wrapped his rags around him, saying how good life had been in Simbirsk Province and what a beautiful, clever wife he had left behind. He was about twenty-ftve at most. Pale, ill-looking, sad-faced, he seemed no more than a boy in the firelight. 'Now, this ain't no heaven on earth, I grant you,' said Foxy. 'There's just water, see? There's bare banks, there's clay everywhere, and that's all. It's long past Easter, but the ice is still coming do\wn river and it snowed this morning.' 'This bad, bad place,' said the Tatar, casting a fearful glance around him. Some ten paces away the dark, cold river flowed, grumbling, lapping the rutted clay bank, sweeping swiftly on to the distant sea. Just by the bank loomed the dark hulk of the big boat which the ferry- men called their barge. Far away on the opposite bank lights snaked, now dimming, now flickering as last year's grass was burnt. Beyond the snakes was yet more blackness. Small chunks

of ice rapped the barge. It was damp and cold.

have gone off to sleep long ago but for the pint

blackness everywhere, but something was missing. The stars were quite different at home in Simbirsk Province, and so was the sky. 'This bad, bad place,' he repeated. 'You'll settle do^,' said Foxy with a laugh. 'You're young and stupid yet, you ain't dry behind the ears, like, and you're daft enough to think you're the unluckiest man on earth. In time, though, you'll say it's a great life, this. Take me, for instance. We'll have clear water in a weck and we'll get the other ferry-boat started. The rest of you'll be tramping Siberia, but I'll stay here and ply from one bank to the other. Twenty-two years I've been at it, day and night. There's pike down in S.R.O.S.-9 the water and our local salmon, but I'm above water, praise the Lord. I don't need nothing. It's a great life, this is.' The Tatar put some wood on the fire and lay downwn closer to the heat. 'My father sick man,' he said. 'When he die my mother and wife come here. They promise.' 'What do you need with mother and wife?' asked Foxy. 'That's all daft, mate, it's the devil

The Tatar looked at the sky. There were as many stars as at home, there was the same

heed the bastard, don't you give in to him. Ifit's your woman he's on about, you do him downwn—you don't want her, say. If it's freedom, don't you give way—you don't want any, say. You don't need any- thing: no father, no mother, no wife, no freedom, no homestead, no nothing. You don't need a thing, blast their rotten souls!' Foxy took a swig from his bottle. 'I ain't just another yokel, mate,' he went on. 'I ain't a bumpkin, like. I'm a verger's son, I am. When I lived in Kursk before losing my freedom I wore a frock-coat, but now I've trained myself to sleep uncovered on the ground and eat grass. Oh, it's a great life, this is. I need nothing, I fear nobody. The way I see it, I'm the richest man on earth, and the freest. When they sent me here from European Russia I dug my heels in on the first day. I don't want nothing, says I. The devil's on at me about a wife, a family, my freedom, but I don't want nothing, I tell him. I stood firm and now I'm all right, see, I ain't got no complaints. But the man that gives way to the devil and heeds him but once—he's a goner, there's no saving him. Up to his neck in the bog he'll stick and he'll

befuddling you, danm his black soul. Don't you

that comes a cropper, it's gentry too and educated folk.

'Fifteen years ago a certain squire was sent out here to Siberia. There was some property quarrel with his brothers back there, he forged a will or something. They did say he was a titled gentleman, like, but maybe he wasjust an official. Who cares? Well, the squire turns up here and the first thing he does, he buys a house and land

never get out. And it ain't just us stupid peasants

in Mukhortinskoye.

"I want to cam my living," says he, "in the sweat of my face, seeing as how I'm a gentleman no more, but an exile."

"All right," says I, "and good luck to you. It's a

good idea, that is."

'He was young then. Very spry he was and always on the go. He did his o^ reaping, he fished and he'd ride lis horse forty mile. The trouble

was, though, that from his first year he begins going over to Gyrino, to the post office. He'll stand on my ferryboat.

'"Oh, Simon," he'll sigh, "it's quite a time since they sent me money from home."

""You don't need money, Mr. Vasily," says I.

"What good is it? You drop that old stuff, forget it. You put it from your mind as if it was all a dream, like, and start a new life." 'Don't you heed the devil, I tell him. He'll do you no good, he'll put a noose round you. Now it's money you're after, says I, but a bit later it'll be something else, see? And then something clse again. If you want to be happy, says I, then the main thing is-don't have no wants. Yes, indeed. If fate's played us a rotten trick, you and me, there's no call to beg for mercy, says I, and crawl on our bellies, we should despise it, laugh at it, or else fate will have the last laugh, and I tell him so. 'About two years later I ferry him over here, and he's rubbing his hands and laughing. ' "I'm off to Gyrino to meet my wife," says he. "She's taken pity on me and come out," he says. "She's a good woman, very kind." 'Fair panting withjoy, he was. Then, a day later, back he comes with this wife. She's a beautiful young lady with a little hat on and she has a little baby girl in her arms. And there's all sorts of baggage. My Mr. Vasily is dancing around her, he can't take his eyes offher, he can't— he fair dotes on her.

' "Yes. Simon old man, life's not so bad even in Siberia." 'All right, thinks I, but you'll have no joy of it. 'After that he was off to Gyrino every week, I reckon, to see if any money had come from home. Oh, he needed a mint of money. ' "She has sacrificed her youth and beauty for me out here in Siberia," says he. "She's sharing my wretched lot and so I'm bound to do what I can to please her." 'To keep his lady amused he meets up with officials and various riff-raff. But of course he has to feed that lot and give them their drink, then there has to be a piano, like, and some fluffy little dog on the sofa, rot its guts! 'It was all extravagance, in other words, sheer self-indulgence. His lady didn't stay long either. What else could you expect, what with the clay, the water, the cold, not a vegetable nor a fruit to be had, drunken boors all around, no proper manners—and her a spoilt lady from the metropolis, like? No wonder she took it bad. And, say what you like, her husband was a squire no longer, but an exile, and a bit of a come-down

that made!

'Three years later, I recall, about the middle of August, there was shouting from the other side. I take the ferry over, and there's the lady all wrapped up, and with her a young gent, an official. They've come in a troika. 'I ferry them over, they get iii their carriage and make themselves scarce. Gone without trace, they had. Towards morning up gallops Mr. Vasily with his carriage and pair. ' "Simon," he asks, "has my wife driven past with a gentleman in spectacles?" "She has that," says I, "aid they've vanished into thin air." 'Off he gallops after them, and he chascs them five days and lights. When I take him back to the other sidc later he flops do^ in the ferry and starts banging his head on the boards and yelling. "'I told you so," says I with a laugh. "Life ain't

so bad, evcn in Siberia," I reminds him. But he oily bangs his head the harder.

"Then he wanted his frecdom. His wife had made for European Russia, so he felt he must go there to see her and get her away from her lover. And believe me, mate, he took to galloping off to the post office or to authorities practically every

sold his land, he mortgaged his house to the Jews. He grew grey and bent, and yellowcomplexioned, like as if he had consumption. He talks to you and all the time he's coughing and choking, and there's tears in his eyes. Eight years he spent traipsing to and fro with his applications, but now he's bucked up again and become cheerful. He's offon a new lark now. His daughter's gro^ up, sec, and she's the very apple of his eye, like. And she ain't bad, I give her that, a pretty little thing with black eycbrows, and high-spirited with it. Every Sunday he drives her to church in Gyrino. They stand on the ferry side by side, her laughing and him feasting his eyes on her. "'Yes, Simon," says hc, "life ain't so bad, even in Siberia. Even in Siberia you can be happy. Sce what a fme daughter I have," says he. "You won't fmd her like within a thousand milc, I reckon." "'Your daughter's all right," says I, and that's true enough. 'But just you wait, thinks I to myselJ She's a

day. He kept puning in for a pardon and applying to be sent home—he reckoned he'd spent a couple of hundred roubles on telegr^rn alone. He

young girl, she's hot-blooded, she wants a bit of fun-and what kind of life is there here? And then she began pining away, matc. She withcrcd and withered and wasted right away, she fell sick and now she's bed-ridden. It's the consumption. There's your Sibcrian happiness, rot it, there's your life ain't so bad even in Siberia for you! He keeps visiting all the doctors aiid bringing them to his house. When he hears of a doctor or quack within a couple of hundred mile, he'll go and see him. He's spent a fortune on doctors, but he might as well have spent it on drink if you ask me. She'll die anyway. She'll die as sure as sure can be, and then he really is done for. He'll either hang himself in his misery or he'll try to escape, and we know what that means: he'll run for it, he'll be caught, he'll be tried, he'll get hard labour and a taste of the lash.' 'Good, good,' muttered the Tatar, hugging himself in fever. 'What's good?' asked Foxy. 'Wife and daughter. Never mind prison, never mind misery—he has seen wife and daughter. You say you don't need nothing. But not need nothing is bad. His wife live with him three years, years is good. Why you not under- stand?' Shivering, straining as he chose the Russian words ofwhich he knew so few, stuttering, the Tatar said he hoped that God would save him from falling ill in foreign parts, from dying and being buried in the cold, rusty earth. If his wife visited him for but a single day, for a single hour, even . . . to gain such happiness he said he would accept any tortures whatever and would thank God for them. Better one day's happiness than nothing. He spoke once more ofthe beautiful, clever wife he had left at home. Then he clutched his head in both hands, burst into tears, and began telling Simon that he was innocent and was suffering unjustly. His two brothers and his uncle had stolen a peasant's horses and had nearly beaten the old nun to death, but the community court had judged dishonestly, sentencing all three brothers to Siberia while their rich uncle stayed at home. 'You'll settle do^,' said Simon. The Tatar was silent, staring at the fire with tears in his eyes. He looked baffled and scared as

God gave him that. Nothingness is bad, but three

strangers in this dark, damp place instead of in Simbirsk Province. Foxy lay down near the fire, gave a laugh and started hum-ming a song. 'How can she be happy with her father?' he said a little later. 'He loves her, she's a comfort to him—granted. But he's an ugly customer too, mate, he's strict and hard, that old man is. But strictness ain't for young girls. Cuddles, giggles, titters, scent and pomade—that's more their line. Yes, indeed. 'Oh, what a business,' sighed Simon and stood up h':'avily. 'The vodka's fmished, so it's time for bed, eh? I'm off, mate.' 164in exile Now alone, the Tatar put on more wood, lay down, looked at the fire and began thinking of his native village, of his wife. If only she would come out for a month, or just for one day. Then let her go home again if she liked. Better a month, or just a day, than nothing. But supposing his wife did keep her word and come out, how would he feed her? Where would she live here? 'If there's no food, how she live?' the Tatar asked aloud.

if he still couldn't see why he should be among

he was paid only ten copecks a day. Travellers did give tips, true, but the other lads shared this tea aid vodka money among themselves. They gave the Tatar nothing, they only laughed at him. Being destitute, he was also famished, frozen and frightened. Now that his whole body ached and shook he should go in the hut and sleep there, but he had nothing to put over him and it was colder in there ^^ out on the bank. Here too there was nothing to cover up with, but he could at least ^^e up the fire. In a week's time the water would fall and they would launch the smaller ferry-boat. Then none of the ferrymen would be needed except Simon, and the Tatar would start tramping from village to village, begging alms and work. His wfe was only seventeen, a beautiful, spoilt, shy girl. Could she really trudge round the villages begging, with her face unveiled? No, the very thought was terrifying. Da^ was breaking. Barge, willow-dumps in the water, ripples ... all showed clearly, and if you looked the other way there was a clay cliff with a little bro^-thatched hovel at the bottom and the

For plying an oar here right round the clock

village huts clinging higher up. The village cocks crowed. Reddish clay cliff, barge, river, unkind strangers, hw1ger, cold, illness ... perhaps none of it was real. It was probably all a dream, the Tatar thought. He sensed that he was asleep aid heard himself snore. Ah, ofcourse—he was back home in Simbirsk Province, he had but to call his wife's name for her to ^^er and his mother was in the next room. But how frightening some dreams be! What are they for? The Tatar siiled and opened his eyes. What river was this? The Volga? It was snowing. 'Hey, let's be having you!' someone bellowed on the other side. 'Ba-a-arge!' The Tatar came to and went to rouse his comrades so that they could cross the river. Donning their tattered sheepskins as they went, half-asleep, swearing hoarsely, hunched in the cold, the ferrymen appeared on the bank. Woken from sleep, they found the river's piercing, frozen breath repulsive and unnerving. They took their time about jumping into the barge. The Tatar and three other rowers seized the long, broad-bladed oars wlich seemed like crayfish claws in the dark.

'All right, there's no hurry.' Foxy spoke as one convinced that there is time for everything in this world. Not that there's any point in any of it, either, he seemed to say. Detaching itself from the shore, the heavy, clumsy barge glided be- tween willow-clumps, and only the slowly retreating wiUow showed that it was in motion at all. The ferrymen plied their oars in measured unison while Foxy laid his belly on the rudder, flitting from one side to the other and describing an arc in the air. In the darkness they seemed to be mounted on some long-pawed prehistoric beast as they floated off to that cold, dismal clime which sometimes figures in one's worst dreams. Leaving the willow behind, they came out into open river. Those on the far shore could now hear the slap and measured plashing of oars, and shouted to them to get a move on. Ten minutes later the barge bumped heavily into a jetty.

'Will it ever, ever stop snowing?' muttered

Simon thrust his belly against the long rudder, while shouting continued on the far side and they twice fired a revolver—thinking the ferrymen

asleep, most likely, or gone to the local pub.

knows where it all comes from.' On the bank a short, thin old ^^ was waiting. He wore a short fox- fur coat and a white astrakhan cap, and stood guite still some way from his horses with a grim, tense look, as if trying to recall something and annoyed with his faulty memory. Simon went up to him and smiliugly doffed his cap. 'I must get to Anastasyevka quickly,' the old mansaid. 'My daughter's worse again and I'm told they have a new doctor there.' They lugged his four-wheeler on to the barge and set off back. During the crossing the man whom Simon called Mr. Vasily stood quite still, firmly pursing his thick lips and staring at one spot. When his driver asked permission to smoke he gave no answer and seemed not to have heard. Lying belly-forward on the rudder, Simon looked at him dcrisively. 'Things ain't so bad, even in Siberia,' said he. 'It's a life of sorts.' Foxy looked triumphant, as if he had just scored a point, and he seemed glad that things

had turned out just as he had expected. The

Simon, wiping snow off his face. 'Lord alone

wrctchcd, helpless look of the man in the fox coat gave him great pleasure, that was obvious. 'It's dirty travelling now, Mr. Vasily,' he said after they had har-nessed the horses on the bank. 'You should have waited a couple of weeks for drier wcather. Or, bcttcr still, you should have staved at home altogether. It's not as if there was any point your going. As you well know, sir, people have been travelling day in day out for donkeys' years, but no good ever came of it, believe vou me.' Vasily tipped him silently, climbed into his carriage and drove off. 'He's off to fctch a doctor, sce?' said Simon, doubled up with cold. 'But looking for a proper doctor round here . .. it's like looking for a needle in a haystack. Oh, it's a real wild-goosc chase, that is, may you rot in hcll! People are funny, Lord forgive me, sinner that I am.' Tatar went up to Foxy and looked at him with loathing and disgust. 'Him good, good. You bad,' he said, shivering and mixing Tatar words with his broken Russian. 'You bad. Squire him good soul, him fme man, but you wild beast, you bad. Squire alive, you dead. God made man to be alive, to have joy and grief and sorrow, but you not want anything. So you not alive-you stone, you clay! Stonc necd nothing, you need nothing. 'You stone. God not love you, God love squirc.' Everyone laughcd. The Tatar frowned squcamishly, made an impatient gesture, gathered his rags around him and went to the fire. Simon and the ferrymcn trudged off to the hut. 'It's cold,' wheczed onc man, stretcling himself on the straw laid on the damp clay fl.oor. 'Well, it ain't warm,' another agreed. 'Oh, it's a dog's life, this is.' AU lay do^. The door blew open and snow drifted in, but no one felt like getting up and closing the door. It was cold and they couldn't bother. 'I feel fme,' said Simon as he fell asleep. 'It's a great lifc, this.' 'You're a real old lag, we all know that. The devils wouldn't have you in hcll, they wouldn't.' From outside came noiscs like a hound's baying.

'What's that? Who's there?' 'The Tatar's crying.' 'Is he now? Hc's au odd one.' 'He'll settle down,' said Simon and fell straight asleep. Soon the others too fell asleep and the door just stayed open. ROTHSCHILD'S FIDDLE It was a small town, more wretched than a village, and almost all the inhabitants were old folk with a depressingly low death rate. Nor were many coffms required at the hospital and gaol. In a word, business was bad. Had Jacob Ivanov been making coffins in a county to he would probably have o^ed a house and been called 'mister'. But in this dump he was plain Jacob, his street nickname was 'Bronze' for whatever reason, and he lived as miserably as any farm labourer in his little old one-roomed shack which housed himself, his Martha, a stove, a double bed, coffins, his work-bench and all his household goods. Jacob made good solid coffins. For men-village and working-class folk-he made them to his o^ height, and never got them wrong because he was taller and stronger than anyone, For the gentry, though, and for women he made them to measure, using an iron ruler. He was not at aU keen on orders for children's coffins, which he would knock up contempt- uously without measuring. And when paid for them he would say that he 'quite frankly set no store by such trifles'. His fiddle brought him a small income on top ofhis trade. A Jewish band usually played at weddings in the to^, conducted by the tinker Moses Shakhkes who took more than half the proceeds. And since Jacob was a fine fiddler, especially with Russian folk tunes, Shakhkes sometimes asked him to join the band for fifty copecks a day plus tips. Straight away it made his face sweat and tum crimson, did sitting in the band. It was hot, there was a stifling smell of garlic, his f ddle squeaked. By his right ear wheezed the double-bass, by his left sobbed the flute played by a red-haired, emaciated Jew with a network of red and blue veins on his face. He was kno^ as Rothschild after the noted millionaire. Now, this bloody little Jew even contrived to play the merriest tunes in

even in the gaol, though now seventy years old.

lachrymose style. For no obvious reason Jacob became more and more obsessed by hatred and contempt for Jews, and for Rothschild in particular. He started picking on him and swearing at him. Once he made to beat him, whereat Rothschild took umbrage. 'I respect your talent, otherwise I am long ago throwing you out of window,' he said with an enraged glare. Then he burst into tears. This was why Bronze wasn't often asked to play in the band, but only in some dire crisis, when one of the Jews was unavailable. Jacob was always in a bad mood because of the appalling waste of money he had to endure. For instance, it was a sin to work on a Sunday or a Saint's Day, while Mondays were unlucky, so that made two himdred odd days a year when you had to sit around idle. And that was all so much money wasted. If someone in town held a wedding without music, or Shakhkes didn't ask Jacob to play, that meant stiU more losses. The police superintendent had been il for two years now. He was wasting away, and Jacob had waited impatiently for him to die, but the man had left for treatment in the county townwn, and da^ed if he didn't peg out there. Now, that was at least ten roubles downwn the drain, as his would have been an expensive coffin complete with brtocade lining. Thoughts of these losses hounded Jacob mostly at night. He would put his fiddle on the bed beside him, and when some such tomfoolery preyed on his mind he would touch the strings and the fiddle would twang in the darknen. That made him feel better. On the sixth of May in the previous year Manha had suddenly fallen ill. The old woman breathed heavily, drank a lot of water, was ^teady on her feet, but she would stiU do the stove herself of a morning, and even fetch the water. By evening, though, she would already be in bed. Jacob fiddled away all day. But when it was quite dark he took the book in which he listed his losses daily and began, out of sheer boredom, to add up the armual total. It came to more ^^ a thousand roubles. This so shocked him that he flung his abacus on the foor and stamped his feet. Then he picked up the abacus and clicked away again for a while, sighing deep, heartfelt sighs. His face was purple and wet with sweat. He was ^^^mg that if he had put that lost thousand in the bank he would have received at least forty roubles' interest a year. So that was forty more roubles downwn the drain. How- ever hard you tried to wriggle out of it, everything was just a dead loss in fact. Then he suddenly heard Martha call out. jacob, I'm dying.' He looked round at his wife. Her face was flushed in the heat, her expression was exceptionally bright and joyous. Accustomed to her pale face and timid, unhappy expression, Bronze was put out. She really did look as if she was dying, glad to be saying a permanent goodbye to hut, coffms and Jacob at long last. Gazing at the ceiling and moving her lips, she looked happy, as **ifshe** could actually see her saviour Death and was whispering to him. It was dawnwn and the first rays were seen through the window. Ashe looked at the old woman, it vaguely occurred to Jacob that for some reason he had never shownwn her any affection all his life. Never had he been kind to her, never had he thought of buying her a kerchief or bringing her sweetmeats from a her for his 'losses', threaten to punch her. True, he never had hit her. Still he had frightened her, she had always been petrified with fear. Yes, he had said she couldn't have tea because they had enough other expenses without that, so she only drank hot water. And now he knew why she looked so strangely joyous, and a chiU went through him. ^^en it was fully light he borrowed a neighbour's horse and drove Martha to hospital. There were not many patients, so he did not have long to wait. Only about three hours. To his great joy the patients were not received on this occasion by the doctor, who was il himself, but by his assistant Maxim, an old fellow said by everyone in townwn to be better than the doctor, d^nken brawler though he was. 'I humbly greet you,' said Jacob, taking his old woman into the consulting-room. 'You must excuse us troubling you with our ^^mg affairs, sir. Now, as you see, guv'nor, my old woman has faUen sick. She's my better ^^ in a manner of speaking, **if** you'll pardon the expression' Frowning, stroking his side-whiskers, the

wedding. All he had done was yell at her, blame

white-eyebrowed auistant examined the old woman, who sat hunched on a stool, wizened, sharp-nosed, open-mouthed, her profile like a thirsty bird's. 'H^romph. Well, yes,' the assistant slowly pronounced, and sighed. 'It's influenza, fever perhaps. There's typhus in townwn. Ah well, the old woman's lived her life, praise the Lord. How old is she?' 'Seventy come next year, guv'nor.' 'Ah well, her life's over. Time she was on her way.' 'It's true enough, what you just said, sir.' Jacob smiled out of politeness. 'And we thanks you most kindly for being so nice about it, like. But, if you'll pardon the exprewion, every insect wants to live.' 'Not half it does.' The assistant's tone suggested that it depended on him whether the old woman lived or died. 'Now then, my good man, you put a cold compress on her head and give her one of these powders twice a day. And now cheerio to you. A very bong jour.' From his face Jacob could tell that it was all up, and that no powders would help now. Obviously Martha was going to die soon, either today or tomorrow. He gave the assistant's elbow a push and winked. 'We ought to cup her, Mr. Maxim sir,' he said in a low voice. 'Haven't the time, my good man. Take your old woman and be off with you. So long and all that.' 'Begging your kindnes, sir,' implored Jacob. 'As you know, mister, if it was her guts or her innards, like, what was sick, then it's powders and drops she should have. But this here is a chill, and the great thing with chills is to bleed 'em, sir.' But the assistant had already called for his next patient, and a vilage woman with a little boy bad come into the consulting-room. 'Buzz off you, beat it!' The assistant frowned at Jacob. 'Don't hang around.' 'Then at least put some leeches to her. I'll be grateful to you all my life, I wil.' The auistant lost his temper. 'Don't you bandy words widi me,' he yelled. 'D-da^ed oaf!' Jacob lost his temper too, and ^med completely crimson. But he grabbed Martha's arm without a single word and took her out of cart did he cast a stem, mocking look at that hospital.

'They're a high and mighty lot round here,' he said. 'He'd have cupped a rich man, I'll be bound,

but for a poor one he grudges even a single leech.

Bastards!'

the room. Only when they were getting into their

They arrived home, and Martha, after entering the house, stood for about ten minutes gripping the stove. If she was to lie downwn Jacob would talk about all the money he'd lost and blame her for lolling about and not wanting

to work—or so she thought. And Jacob looked at her miserably, remembering that tomorrow was St. John's Day, and the day after that was St. Nicholas's Day, after which came Sunday and Unlucky Monday. That made four days when he

Unlucky Monday. That made four days when he couldn't work. But Martha was sure to die on one of those days, so he must make the coffin today. He took his iron ruler, went up to the old woman

and measured her. Then she lay downwn and he crossed and staned on the coffin.

When the work was finished, Jacob put on his

spectacles and wrote in his book.

'Martha Ivanov: to one coffin, .2 roubles 40

He sighed. The old woman lay there all the time silently, her eyes shut, but when it grew dark that evening she suddenly called the old man. 'Remember fifty years ago, Jacob?' She looked at him happily. 'God gave us a little fair-haired baby, remember? We were always sitting by the river, you and I, singing songs under the willow tree.' She laughed bitterly. 'The little girl died.' Jacob cudgelled his brains, but could recall neither baby nor willow. 'You're imagining things.' The priest came and gave the last rites, whereupon Martha mumbled something or other. By mo^rng she was gone. Old women neighbours washed her, dressed her, laid her in her coffin. So as not to waste money on the sexton, Jacob read the lesson hi^^lf, and he got the grave for nothing because

copecks.'

the cemetery care- taker was a crony of his. Four peasants bore the coffin to the cemetery out ofrespect, not for money. It was followed by old women, beggars and two vilage idiots while people in the street crossed the^relves piously. Jacob was delighted that it was al so right and seemly, that it didn't cost much or hurt anyone's feelings. As he said good-bye to Martha for the last time he tou^ed the coffin. 'Good workmanship, that,' he thought. But on his way back from the cemetery he was overcome by a great sorrow. He felt vaguely unwell. His breath came hot and heavy, his legs were weak, he felt thirsty. Then various thoughts began to prey on his mind. He again remembered that never in his life had he been kind to Martha or sho^wn her affection. The fifty-two years of their life together in one hut—it seemed su^ a long, long time. But somehow he had never given her a thought in all that time, he had no more noticed her than a cat or dog. But she had made up the stove every day, hadn't she? She had cooked, baked, fetched water, cut wood, shared his bed. And when he came back from weddingsshe would reverently hang his fiddle on the wall and put him to bed—all this in silence, looking scared and troubled. Rothschild approached Jacob, s^^^g and bowing.

'I been looking for you, ^iter,' he said. 'Mister Moses sends his respects, says he vonts you at once.' Jacob wasn't interested. He wanted to cry. 'Leave me alone.' He walked on. 'Vot are you doing?' Rothschild ran ahead, much alarmed. 'Mister Moses'll be offended. You're to come at once, said he.' Out of breath, blinking, with all those red freckles, the Jew dis- gusted Jacob. The green frock-coat with the black patches, his whole frail, puny figure—what a loathsome sight. 'Keep out of my way, Garlick-breath,' shouted Jacob. 'You leave me alone.' The Jew, angered, also shouted. 'You are being quiet or I am throwing you over fence.' 'Out of my fight, you!' bellowed Jacob, pouncing on him with clenched fists. 'Proper poison, them greasy bastards are.' Scared to death, Rothschild crouched do^wn, waving his hands above his head as if warding off blows, then jumped up and scampered off as fast as he could, hopping about and flapping his arms as he ran. You could see the quaking of his long, thin back. At ^^ the street gleefully rushed after him shouting 'Dirty Yid !' Barking dogs chased him too. Someone roared with laughter and then whistled, the dogs barked louder and in closer harmony. Then a dog must have bitten Rothschild, for a shout of pain and despair was heard. Jacob walked on the co^rnon, then started off along the edge of the townwn without kno^mg where he was going. 'There's old Jake, there he goes,' shouted the boys. Then he came to the river. Here sand- pipers swooped and twittered, ducks quacked. The sun's heat beat downwn and the water sparkled till it hurt the eyes. Walking along the tow-path, Jacob saw a buxom, red-<heeked woman emerge from a bathing hut.</p> 'Da^ performing seal,' he thought. Not far from the bathing hut boys were fishing for crayfish, using meat as bait. They saw ^m. 'Hey, there's old Jake,' they shouted nastily. Then came the broad old willow tree with its huge hollow and crows' nests. Suddenly acob's memory up a vivid image ofthat fair-haired baby and the willow that Martha had spoken of Yes, it was the same willow—so green, so quiet, so sad.

He sat beneath it and began remembering. On the other bank, now a water meadow, had been a silver-birch forest, and over there on that bare hill on the horizon the dark blue bulk of an ancient pine wood. Barges had plied up and downwn the river. But now it was al flat and bare with the one little silver birch on the near side, slim and youthful as a young girl. There were only ducks and geese on the river, and it was hard to ^^ that barges had ever passed here. Even the geese seemed fewer. Jacob shut his eyes and pictured vast fliocks of white geese swooping towards each other. How was it, he wondered, that he had never been by the river in the last forty or ftfty years of his life. Or, if he had, it had made no impre»ion on him. Why, this was a proper river, not just any old stream. You could fish it, you could sell the fish to shopkeepers, clerks and the man who kept the station bar, you could put the money in the bank. You could sail a boat from one riverside estate to another playing your fiddle, and all m^mer of folk would pay you for it. You could try

starting up the barges again—better than making

How old it had gro^, poor thing.

coffins, that was. Then you could breed geese, slaughter them and send them to Moscow in winter. 'The downwn alone would fetch ten roubles a year, I'll be bound.' But he had let al this go by, he had done nothing about it. Oh, what a waste, what a waste of money! If you put it all together —fishing, fiddling, barging, gooseslaughtering—what a lot of money you'd have made. But none of it had happened, not even in your dreams. Life had flowed past without profit, without enjoyment— gone aimlessly, leaving nothing to show for it. The future was empty. And ifyou looked back there was only all the awful waste of money that sent shivers downwn your spine. Why couldn't a man live without all that loss and waste? And why, he wondered, had they cut downwn the birch forest? Aid the pine wood? Why wasn't that common put to use? Why do people always do the wrong things? Why had Jacob spent all his life cursing, bellowing, threatening people with his fists, ill-treating his wife? And what, oh what, was the point of scaring and insulting that Jew just now? Why are people generally such a nuisance to each other? After all, it's all such a waste of money, a terrible waste it is. Without the hate and malice folks could get a lot of profit out of each other. That evening and night he had visions of baby, willow, fish, dead geese, of Martha widi her thirsty bird's profile, and of Rothschild's wretched, pale face, while various other gargovle-like faces advanced on him from all sides muttering about all the waste of money. He tossed and turned, he got out of bed half a dozen times to play his fiddle. Next morning he forced himself to get up and went to the hospital. That same Maxim told him to put a cold compress on his head and gave him powders, but his look and tone made Jacob realize that it was all up and that no powders would help now. Later, on his way home, he reckoned that dcath would be pure gain to him. He wouldn't have to eat, drink, pay taxes or offend folk. And since a man lies in his grave not just one but hundreds and thousands of years, the proft would be colossal. Man's life is debit, his death credit. The argument was correct, of course, but painfuUy disagreeable too. Why are things so oddly arranged? You only live once, so

why don't you get anything out of it?

the grave, so it would be orphaned and go the way of the birches and the pines. Nothing in this world has ever come to any-thing, nothing ever will. Jacob went out of the hut and sat in the door- way clasping the fiddle to his breast. Thinking of his wasted, profitless life, he started

He didn't mind dying, but when he got home and saw his fiddle his heart missed a beat and he felt sorry. He couldn't take his fiddle with him to

playing he knew not what, but it came out poignantly moving and tears coursed do^wn his cheeks. The harder he thought the sadder grew the fiddle's song.

The latch squeaked twice and Rothschild appeared at the garden gate. He crossed half the yard boldly, but when he saw Jacob he suddenly stopped, cringed and—through fear, no doubt—gesticulated as if trying to indicate the

time with his fingers.

'Come along then,' said Jacob kindly, beckoning him. 'It's all right.'

Looking at him mistrustfully and fearfully, Ro^^Md began to approach but stopped a few

feet away.

'Don't hit me, I beg you.' He squatted downwn.

do without him, he says. There's a vedding on Vednesday, Aye, that there is, Mister Shapovalov is marrying his daughter to a fine young man. A rich folks' vedding this, and no mistake!' The Jew screwed up one eye. 'Can't be done.' Jacob breathed heavily. 'I'm ill, son.' He again struck up, his tears spurting on to tlie fiddle. Rothschild listened carefully, standing sideways on, arms crossed on his breast. His scared, baffled look gradually gave way to a sorrowful, suffering expression. He rolled his eyes as if in anguished delight. 'A-a-ah!' he said as the tears crawled downwn his cheeks and splashed on his green frock-coat. After that Jacob lay downwn all day, sick at heart. When the priest heard his confession that evening and asked whether he remembered committing any particular sin he exerted his failing memory and once more recalled Martha's unhappy face and the desperate yell of the Jew bitten by a dog. 'Give my fddle to Rothschild,' he said in a voice

'It's Mister Moses has sent me again. Never fear, says he, you go to Jacob again—tell him we can't

'Very well,' the priest answered.

Now everyone in town wants to know where Rothschild got such a fme fiddle. Did he buy it, did he steal it? Or did someone leave it with him as a pledge? He only plays the fiddle now, having given up the flute long ago. From his bow there

barely audible.

come from his flute. But when he tries to repeat the tune Jacob had played in his doorway the outcome is so sad and mournful that his listeners weep and he ends by rolling his eyes up with an

flow those same poignant strains which used to

'A-a-ah!'

So popular is this new tune in townwn that merchants and officials are always asking Rothschild over and making him play it a dozen

times.
THE STUDENT
Thb weather was fine and calm at first.
Thrushes were singing, and in the near-by

swamps some creature droned piteously as if blowing into an empty bottle. A woodcock flew over and a shot reverberated merrily in the spring air. But when darknes fell on the wood an

unwelcome, piercing cold wind blew up from the

on the puddles and the wood seemed inhospitable, abandoned, empty. It smelt of winter. Ivan Velikopolsky, a student at a theological college and a sexton's son, was re^^mg home along the path through the water meadow after a day's shooting. His fingers were numb, his face b^ned in the wind. This sudden onset of cold seemed to have destroyed the order and harmony of things, s^^mg dread into Nature herself and M^rng the shades of night to thicken faster fha" was needful. Eve^^^^ was so abandoned, so very gloomy, somehow, in the widows' aUotments near the river did a light gleam. But far around, where the village stood about three miles away, everything drcrwned in the de^ evening mist. The student remembered that, when he had left the house, his mother had been sitting barefoot on the lobby floor cleaning the samovar, while his father lay coughing on the stove. There was no cooking at home because today was Good Friday, and he felt famished. Cringing in the cold, he reflected that just such a

east and eve^^Mg grew silent. Ice needles formed

Terrible and Peter the Great. Their times had kno^ just such ferocious poverty and hunger. There had been the same thatched roofs with the holes in them, the same ignor^ra and misery, the same desolation on all sides, the same gloom and sense of oppression. All these horrors had been, still were, and would continue to be, and the passing of another thousand years would make things no better. He did not feel like going home. The allotments were called widows' because they were kept by two widows, a mother and daughter. A bonfire was b^^rng briskly crackling, lighting up the plough-land far around. Widow Vasilisa, a tall, plump old woman in a man's fur jacket, stood gazing pensively at the fire. Her short, pock-marked, stupid-looking daughter Lukerya sat on the ground washing a cooking pot and some spoons. They had just had supper, obviously. Men's voices were heard, some l^^ labourers watering their horses by the river. 'So winter's come back,' said the student, approaching the fire. 'Good evening.' Vasilisa shuddered, but then saw who it was and smiled a welcome.

wind had blo wn in the days of Ryurik, Ivan the

'That means you'll be rich one day.' They talked. Vasilisa, a woman of some experience—having been wet-nurse to gentlefolk and then a nanny—spoke delicately, always smiling a gentle, dignified smile. But her daughter Lukerya, a peasant whose husband had beaten her, only screwed up her eyes at the student, saying nothing and wearing an odd look as if she was deaf and dumb. 'On a cold night like this the Apostle Peter warmed himself by a fl.re.' The student held out his hands towa.rds the flames. 'So it must have been cold then. What a frightening night that was, Granny, what a very sorrowful, what a very long light.' He looked at the da.rkness around and abruptly jerked his head. 'Were you in church yesterday for the Twelve Gospel Readings?' 'Yes,' Vasil.isa answered. 'At the Last Supper, you'll remember, Peter said to Jesus, "Lord, I am ready to go with Thee, both into prison, and to death." And the Lord said, "I say unto thee, Peter, before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice." After supper

'Goodness me, I didn't recognize you,' she said.

poor Peter was weary in spirit, and enfeebled. His eyes were heavy, he couldn't fight offsleep and he slept. Then, as you have heard, Judas that night kissed Jesus and betrayed Him to the torturers. They bound Him, they took Him to the high priest, they smote Him, while Peter—worn, tormented, anguished, perturbed, you understand, not having slept properly, foreseeing some fearful hap- pening on this earth—went after them. He loved Jesus passionately, to distraction, and now, afar, he saw Him being bufeted.' Lukerya put do^wn the spoons and stared at the student. 'They went to the high priest,' he continued. 'They put Jesus to the question, and meanwhile the workmen had kindled a fire in the midst of the hall, as it was cold, and were warming themselves. Peter stood with them near the fire—also warming himself, as I am now. A certain maid beheld him, and said, "This man was also with Jesus." In otlier words she was saying that he too should be taken for questioning. All the workmen round the fire must

Jesus prayed in mortal agony in the garden, while

him." But he denied it again. And for the third time someone addressed him. "Did I not see thee in the garden with Him this day?" He denied Him for the third time. And after that the cock straightway crowed, and Peter, looking at Jesus from afar, remembered the words which He had said to him at supper. He remembered, his eyes were opened, and he went out of the hall and shed bitter tears. The Gospel says, "And he went out, and wept bit- terly." I can imagine it was a very quiet, very dark garden and his hollow sobs could hardly be heard in the silence.' The student sighed, plunged deep in thought. Still smiling, Vasilisa suddenly sobbed and tears, large and profuse, flowed do^ her cheeks. She shielded her face from the fire with her sleeve as if ashamed of the tears, while Lukerya, staring at the student, blushed and her expression became distressed and tense as if she was holding back a

The workmen returned from the river. One of

terrible pain.

have looked at him suspiciously and sternly because he was confused and said, "I know him not." A little later someone recognized him as one of Jesus' disciples and said, "Thou also wast with Agaui darkness came upon him, and his hands began to freeze. A cruel wind blew, it was real winter weather again, and it did not seem as if Easter Sunday could be only the day after tomorrow.

The student thought of Vasilisa. Her weeping meant that all that had happened to Peter on that terrible night had a particular meaning for her.

He looked back. The lonely fire quietly flickered in the darkness, no one could be seen near it. Again the student reflected that, if

them, on horseback, was already near and the light from the fire quivered on him. The studem said good lught to the widows and moved on.

Vasilisa had wept and her daughter had been moved, then obviously what he had just told them about happenings nineteen centuries ago—it had a meaning for the present, for both women, and also probably for this God-forsaken village, for hinself, for all people. It had not been

old woman weep. It was because Peter was near to her, because she was bound up heart and soul with his innermost feelings. Joy suddenly stirred within him. He even

his gift for poignant narrative that had made the

by an unbroken chain ofhappenings, each flowing from the other.'

He felt as if he had just seen both ends of that chain. When he touched one end the other vibrated.

'The past', thought he, 'is linked to the present

Crossing the river by ferry, and then climbing the hill, he looked at his home village and at the narrow strip of cold crimson sunset shining in the west. And he brooded on truth and

stopped for a moment to catch his breati.

beauty—how they had guided human life there in the garden and the high priest's palace, how they had continued without a break till the present day, always as the most important element in man's life and in earthly life in general. A sensation of youth, health, strength—he was only twenty-two years old—together with an anticipation, ineffably sweet, of happiness, strange, mysterious happiness, gradually came over him. And life

THF. HEAD GARDENER'S STORY
There was a flower sale at Count and Countess

seemed enchanting, miraculous, imbued with

exalted significance.

N's greenhouse. But there were not many buyers, just myself, my landownwning neighbour and a young timber merchant. While labourers carried our magni- ficent purchases out and packed them on carts, we sat by the green- house door discoursing of this and that. To sit in a garden on a warm April morning, to listen to the birds, and to sec the flowers sunning themselves now that they had been brought outside—how very delightful. The stowage of the plants was handled by the head gardener Michael Karlovich—a venerable, full-faced, dean-shaven old fellow in a fur waistcoat—he had taken off his frock-coat. He said nothing all this time, but listened to our conversation in case we might say anything new. He was an intelligent, easy-going, universally respected Somehow everyone thought he was German, though he was Swedish on his father's side and Russian on his mother's. He was an Orthodox church-goer, he knew Russian, Swedish and German, he read a lot in these languages, and you could give him no greater delight than lending him a new book or talking to him about Ibsen, for instance.

instance, he called himself a 'head' gardener, though there were no under-gardeners. His expression was highly dignified and haughty. He did not permit contra- dictions, he liked to be listened to seriously and attentively. 'Now, that young spark over there—hc's a frightful rogue, I can tell you.' My neighbour pointed to a workman with a florid gipsy's face riding past on a water-cart. 'He was had up in to\wn for robbery last week and got off on grounds of insanity. Dut just look at the blackguard's face, he's as sane as can be. Russian courts are always acquitting scoundrels nowadays, explaining everything by ill health and tempor- ary insanity, but these acquittals, this blatant leniency, this aiding and abctting—it bodes no good. It demoralizes the massC"S, blunting every- one's sense of justice because they're used to seeing vice going un-punished, so that one can boldly apply to our day Shakespeare's lines.' "For in the fatness of these pursy times Virtue itself of vice must pardon beg." ' 'True, true,' agreed the merchant. 'These

He had his foibles, but innocent ones. For

The gardener Michael Karlovich turned to us. 'For myselfl'm always delighted with an acquittal, gentleman,' said he. 'A not guilty verdict doesn't make me fear for morality and justice. Far from it, it pleases me. Even when my conscience tells me that a jury has been wrong to acquit a criminal, even then I feel exultant. Judge for yourselves, gentlemen—ifjudges and juries believe more in *man* than in clues, circumstantial

evidence and speeches, then is not this *faith in* man itself superior to all mnndane considerations? Such faith is accessible only to those few who nnderstand Christ and feel His

acquittals have caused a boom in murder and

arson. Just ask the peas::nts.'

'A fine thought,' said I.

presence.'

'But not a new one. I even remember once hearing a story on this theme long long ago, a most delightful story.' The gardener smiled. 'My old grandmother, now passed away—my father's mother, a wonderful old woman—used to teU me it. She told it in Swedish, but it doesn't sonnd as

well in Russian, it's less classic.'
Stil, we asked him to tell the story undeterred

the labourers, and began. In a certain small townwn there lived an elderly, ugly bachelor called Thomson or Wilson. The name doesn't matter, it's beside the point. He practised the noble calling of doctor, was always grim and nn- sociable, spoke only when his profession required it. He never made social visits, never carried acquaintanceship beyond a silent bow, lived as humbly as any hermit. He was a scholar, in fact, and in those days scholars were unlike ordinary people. They would spend their days and nights contemplating, reading books, healing sickness, rating all else mere frivolity and being too busy to speak without need. The townwns- folk appreciated this, trying not to pester him with their visits and idle chat. They were overjoyed that God had sent them a healer at last, they were proud to have so

by the crudeness of the Russian language. Well pleased, he slowly lit his pipe, looked angrily at

remarkable a man living in their town.

They used to say that he 'knew everything'.

Nor was this all. We should also add his love for everyone. In the scholar's breast beat a wondrous, angelic heart. And in any case the

townwnsfolk were strangers to him, they weren't his kith and kin after all, yet he loved them like his children, was ready to give his very life for them. He suffered from tuberculosis, he was always coughing, but when called to a patient he would forget his illness, not sparing him-self, and would puff his way up mountains however high. He spurned heat and cold, despised hnnger and thirst, never accepted money, and— odd, isn't it?-when one of his patients died he would follow the coffin with the relatives and weep. He soon became so vital to the townwn that folk wondered how they had ever managed without him. Their gratitude knew no bonnds. Adults and children, the good-natured and illnatured, the honest men and rogues—everyone, in a word—respected him, valued him. No one in the little townwn and its environs would have done him an il turn, or even thought of it. He never locked his doors and windows when leaving his quarters, being absolutely assured that no thiefwould venture to harm him. As a doctor he often had to walk highways, forests and monntains, the hannts of hungry vagabonds, but felt completely safe. One night on his way home highwaymen who, when they saw who it was, respectfully doffed their hats and asked if he was hungry. When he said he was not, they gave him a warm cloak and escorted him all the way to townwn, happy that fortnne had granted tiem this chance of conveying their thanks to one so noble-spirited. Then again, if you take my drift, my grandmother used to say that even horses, cows and dogs knew him and showed how glad they were to see him. Yet tlus man whose saintliness seemed a bulwark against all evil, this man whom tlie very robbers and madmen wished well—he was fonnd murdered one morning. Covered with blood, his skull smashed in, he lay in a gulley with a surprised look on his pale face. No, it was not horror but surprise which had frozen on his face when he saw his murderer before him. Now, imagine how heart-broken the townsfolk and locals were. All were in despair, not believing their eyes, wondering who could kill such a man. The court officers who conducted the investigation and examined the corpse

pronounced as follows.

from a patient he was waylaid in a wood by

'Here is every evidence of murder. Since, however, no one on earth could bring himself to kill our doctor, it obviously cannot be murder and the accumulated clues must derive from pure coincidence. We must .tSsume that the doctor stumbled into the gulley in the dark and died from the fall.' With this opinion the whole town concurred. The doctor was buried, and there was no more talk of death by violence. The very existence of someone base and foul enough to murder him seemed improbable. After all, even vileness does have its limits, doesn't it? But then suddenly, believe it or not, chance revealed the murderer. A certain scallywag, who had often stood trial and was known for his diuolute life, was seen in an inn with a snuff-box and watch, once the doctor's, which he was using to obtain drink. When questioned he showed embarrassment and told some blatant lie. His home was searched, and in his bed were found a shirt with blood-stained sleeves and the doctor's lancet in a golden case. What more clues were needed? They put the villain in prison, and the townsfolk were perturbed while claiming it as 'Look, there may have been a mistake. Clues can be misleading, after all.'

The murderer stubbornly denied his complicity in court. Everything was against him. His guilt was as plain as that this soil is black, but the magistrates had apparently taken leave of their senses. Ten times they weighed every clue, viewing the witnesses with suspicion, blushing, drinking water.

'most unlikely' and 'impossible'.

The presiding magistrate addressed the murderer. 'Prisoner in the dock, the court finds you guilty of the murder of Doctor Such-and-Such and sentences you' The chief magistrate was about to say 'to

morning, and did not finish until evening.

They began trying the case early in the

death', but dropped the paper on which the sentence had been written and wiped off cold sweat.

'No,' he shouted. 'May God punish me if this judgement is wrong, but I swear he is not guilty.

judgement is wrong, but I swear he is not guilty.
That anyone would dare kill our friend the doctor
I do not concede. Man cannot sink so low!

I do not concede. Man cannot sink so low.'
'No indeed,' the other magistrates concurred.

'No,' echoed the crowd. 'Let him go.' They let the murderer go scot free, and not a soul reproached the court with a miscarriage of justice. According to my grandmother God forgave all the townwnsfolk their sins because of their great faith in man. He rejoices when folk believe that man is His image and likeness, and He is grieved if men forget their human dignity and judge their fellows to be worse than dogs. Even if the acquittal should harm the townwnsfolk, yet just consider how beneficent an influence their faith in man has had on them. That faith is no dead formula, now is it? It educates us in noble sentiments, always prompting us to love and respect everyone. Everyonc—that's what's so important. Michael Karlovich ended. My neighbour wanted to offer some objection, but the head gardener made a gesture signifying a dislike of all objections, and went over to the carts to continue supervising the loading with an expression of great dignity on his face. **PATCH** A hungry she-wolf got up to go hunting. Her three cubs were all fast asleep, huddled together went off. It was already March—spring in fact—but at night trees cracked in the cold as though it was still December. Stick out your tongue and it felt as if it had been bitten. The wolf was in bad health and very wary—the least sound made her start. She feared that someone might hurt her cubs while she was away from home. She was scared by the scent of men and horses, by tree stumps, wood piles, and by the dark road with animal droppings on it. She seemed to sense men standing in the darkness behind the trees and dogs howling beyond the wood somewhere. She was guite old and was losing her scent, so she sometimes took a fox's track for a dog's and even lost her way, betrayed by her scent —which had never happened when she was young. Being unweU, she had stopped hunting calves and big rams, as of old, and kept well out of the way of mares with foals, feeding only on carrion. Only very seldom did she have fresh meat-,-in spring when she met a doe hare and made off with her babies or got among the lambs in a peasant's barn.

in each other's warmth. She gave them a lick and

By the post road, about three miles from her lair, was a forest lodge. This was the home of Ignat, an old watchman of about seventy who was always coughing and talking to himself He usually slept at night and wandered through the forest in daytime with a shot-gun, whistling at the hares. He must have had something to do with engines once because he never came to a halt without shouting 'Brakes on!' and he would not go on without a 'Full steam ahead!' He had a big black mongrel bitch called Arapka, and when she ran too far ahead he shouted, 'Reverse!' Sometimes he sang, staggering violently, and he often fell-blown over by the wind, thought the wolf-and shouted, 'We've run off the rails!' The wolf remembered a ram and two ewes grazing near the lodge in summer and autumn and she fancied she had heard bleating in the shed not long ago as she ran past. As she went up to the hut, she con- sidered that it was now March—the season when there must be lambs in the shed. Tortured by hunger, she thought how ravenously she would devour a lamb, and such thoughts made her teeth snap and her eyes glint in the dark like two lamps.

Arapka must be sleeping under the b^. The wolf climbed over a snowdrift onto the shed roof and began scratching the thatch away with her paws and muzzle. The straw was rotten and crumbling, and she nearly fell through. Suddenly the smell of warm steam, dung and sheep's ^^ hit her straight in the muzzle. Feeling the cold, a lamb gently bleated do^ below. The wolfiumped through the hole and her four paws and chest hit something soft and warm. That must be the ram. Meanwhile something in the shed suddenly whined and barked and there was a lot of shrill yapping. The sheep all crashed back against the waU and the terrified wolf seized something in her teeth at random and rushed out.... She ran as fast as she could. Scenting wolf, Arapka howled furiously, frightened hens clucked inside the lodge, and Ignat went out into the porch. 'FuU steam ahead!' he shouted. 'Sound the whistle!' He whistled like an engine and then shouted

lgnat's hut, bam, cattle-shed and well had deep snow piled all round them. It was quiet and noises. When things had gro\ quieter the wolf calmed downwn a little. Holding the prey in her teeth and dragging it along the snow, she noticed that it was heavier and somehow harder than lambs usually are at that season. It seemed to have a different smell and there were strange noises. The wolf stopped and laid her burden on the snow, so that she could rest and start eating—then suddenly leapt back in disgust. This was no lamb, but a puppy—black, with a big head and long legs, of some large type, with a white patch over his whole forehead like Arapka. Judging by his manners, he was an ordinary ignorant farm dog. He licked his injured back, wagged his tail, quite unimpressed, and barked at the woll She growled like a dog and ran of[He ran after her. She looked back and clicked her teeth. Hc stopped, baffled, and must have decided

several rimes. The forest echoed back all these

the wolf She growled like a dog and ran of. He ran after her. She looked back and clicked her teeth. Hc stopped, baffled, and must have decided that she was having a game with him bccause he stretched his muzzle back towards the lodge and gave a joyous, ringing peal of barks as if asking his mother Arapka to come and play with him and the wolf.

cach aspen-tree could be clearly seen. Woodcocks were waking already and the puppy kept putting up magnificent cock birds which were startled by its barks and careless gambols. 'Why does he run after me?' wondered the wolf, annoyed. 'He must want me to eat him.' She and her cubs lived in a shallow lair. Three years ago a tall old pine had been torn up by the roots in a great storm, and that was how the hole had been made. Now there were dead leaves and moss at the bottom and it was strewn with bones and bullocks' honis, the cubs' playthings. The cubs were awake and all three of them, very

It was already growing light and as the wolf made her way home through a thick aspen copse,

much alike, stood in a row on the edge of the hole, wagging their tails and watching their mother come back. Seeing them, the puppy stopped some way off and stared for a while. When he noticed them staring back at him, he

barked angrily at them because they were

strangers. It was light now and the sun was up. Snow sparkled all around and still he stood apart,

barking. The mother suckled her cubs, who

while she gnawed a white, dry horse's bone. She was frantic with hunger, the puppy had given her a headache with his barking, and she felt like pouncing on the intruder and rending him in pieces. In the end the puppy grew tired and hoarse. Seeing that no one was afraid of him or even noticing him, he timidly approached the cubs, now squatting down, now bouncing forward. Now that it was light it was easy to see what he was like. He had a large white forehead with a bump on it—usually the sign of an extremely stupid dog. He had tiny, dull, light blue eyes and his whole expression was idiotic. Going up to the cubs, he stretched out his broad paws, put his muzzle on them and set up a sort of champing, mumbling noise. This made no sense to the cubs, but they wagged their tails. Then the puppy cuffed one of the cubs on its large head and the cub cuffed him back. The puppy stood sideways on, looking at the cub out of the corner ofhis eye, wagging his

tail—then suddenly dashed offand circled a few

prodded her emaciated belly with their paws

him. He fell on his back, kicking up his legs and all three poW1ced, squealing with joy, and began playfully biting him, not trying to hurt. Crows perched on a tall pine looked down at this engagement in great agitation. It was all very noisy and it was all great fun. There was warm spring sunshine. Game birds flew over the fallen pine from time to time, emerald-coloured in the brilliant sunshine. Wolves usinaly teach their cubs to hunt by giving them some of their prey to play with, and as the wolf watched her cubs chasing the puppy on the snow and wrestling with ^m, she thought that they might as well pick up a few hints. Having played long enough, the cubs went to their lair and lay down, to sleep. The puppy howled a little because he was hungry, then he too stretched out in the sun. When they woke up they started playing again. All day and evening the wolf could not forget the night before— the lamb bleating in the shed and the smeU of sheep's She kept snapping her teeth from hunger and went on gnawing greedily at the old bone, pretending that it was a lamb.

times on the frozen snow. The cubs chased after

'I think I'U eat him ...' decided the wolJ She went up to him. He gave her muzzle a lick and yapped, ^^^mg that she wanted to play. She had eaten dog in the old days, but the pup had a strong doggy smeU, and now that she was unwell she could not stand that smeU any more. It sickened her, so she went away.... Towards night it grew cold. The pup felt bored and set off home. When the cubs were fast asleep the wolf went hunting again. As on the night before, the faintest sound startled her and she was scared of treest^ps, timber and dark, lonely juniper bushes which looked at a distance like men. She ran over the frozen snow, keeping off the road. Suddenly, on the road far ahead, something black moved. She looked hard and pricked up her ears. Yes, something was moving ahead of her. She could even hear a rhythmical padding. A badger?

Cautiously, scarcely breathing, keeping well to one side, she overtook the dark blob, looked back and saw what it was. It was the puppy with the white forehead making his leisurely way home to

The cubs sucked and the puppy, hungry, ran

round sniffmg the snow.

She climbed once inorc over the snow-drift onto the shed. Yesterday's gap had been mended with straw and there were two new beams across the rooJ The wolf began working rapidly with feet and muzzle, looking round in casc the puppy was coming. But hardly had she scented the warm steam and reek of dung before a joyous peal of barks rang out behind her. The puppy was back.

He jumped onto the roof after the wolf. then through the hole. Feeling at home in the warm and recognizing his own sheep, he barked even

'I hope he won't be in my way again,' thought

But she had almost reached the lodge already.

the lodge.

the wolf, ^^ing quickly ahead.

louder.

Under the barn Arapka awoke and set up a howl as she scented wolJ There was a clucking of hens, and when Ignat appeared in the porch with his shot-gun, the terrified wolf was already far from the lodge.

'Got away!' whistled Ignat. 'Got away, eh? Full steam ahead!'

He pressed the trigger, but the gun misfired. He pressed it again. It misfired again. He pressed a third rime and a great shaft of fire flcw from the barrel, there was a deafening boom, and the hard kick of the recoil against his shoulder. He took his gun in one hand and his axe in the other and went to see what the noise was all about.... A little later he came back to the hut. 'What is it?' someone asked hoarsely—a pilgrim who was there for the night and had been woken by the noise. 'It doesn't matter . . .' answered Ignat. 'It's nothing at all. Our Patch has taken to sleeping in the warm with the sheep. But he hasn't the sense to use the door-has to try and get through the roo] The other night he made a hole in the roof and went larking about, the young varmint. Now he's back he's made another hole in the roof/ 'Must be stupid.' 'Yes, he has a screw loose. I can't abide stupidity!' sighed Ignat, climbing onto the stove. 'WeU, mister pilgrim, it's too early to get up, so let 's sleep. FuU stean ahead....' Next morning he caUcd Patch, puUed his ears till it hurt and then beat him with a switch. 'Use the door, can't you,' he kept saying. 'Use the door!'

Cossacks who now lived on his farm after seeing service in the Caucasus. Once he had been a strong, hefty young man, but he was a dry old stick nowadays—with drooping shoulders, shaggy eyebrows and a white moustache tinged with green.

One hot summer day he was on his way back to his farm from town, where he had been to church and seen a lawyer about his wil, having

Ivan Zhmu-^rni was a retired officer of

THE SAVAGE

conversation.

he thought, all is vanity and nothing on this earth lasts for ever.

At Provalye, a station on the Donets Line, a man came into **his** carriage and sat down opposite. He was fair-haired, middle-aged, stout,

and carried a shabby brief-case. They feU into

had a slight stroke about a fortnight earlier. Now that he was on the traui, he was hawited by solem, melancholy thoughts. He would soon die,

'Aye, it's not a thing to rush into, marriage isn't,' said Zhmukhin, looking thoughtfully through the ^mdow. 'I was married when I was forty-eight and was told it was too late in life. It

was neither late nor early as it turned out—I just shouldn't have married at all. A man soon gets bored with a wife, but there's them that won't let on, being ashamed to have an unhappy family life, see what I mean? They to keep quiet about it. A ^^ may be all over his wife with lots of "Mary this" and "Mary diat", when what he'd really like would be to pop Mary in a sack and drop her ii a lake. A wife 's a bore. Where 's the sense of it all? And children are no better, you take my word for it, I've two ofthc wretched things. There's no schooling for them out here in die steppe aid I can't afford to send them to school at Novocherkassk. So they live round here like a couple of young wolves. They'll soon be cutting people's throats on the highway, the way they're going.' The fair-haired n^ listened attentively and rephed briefly in a low voice. He seemed a quiet, unasswning sort and described himself as a solicitor on a business trip to the village of Dvuvevka. 'Why, that's oiJy six miles from me, by heaven!' said Zhmu^^i. From the way he spoke you would have thought that someone was denying the fact. 'Now look here, you'll find no horses at the station now. Ifyou ask me, your best plan is to come straight over to my place, sec what I mcan? Stay the night, see? Then you can drive over to- morrow moriung with my horses, and jolly good luck to you.' The solicitor accepted after a moment's thought. When they reached the station the sun was low over the steppe. On the way to the farm they said nothing at all, jolted beyond speech as the trap bobbed up and do-wn, squealing and apparently sobbing, as though all this bumping really hurt it. The solicitor found it a most uncomfortable ride and kept staring ahead, longing for the farm to come into sight. After about five miles there came a distant view of a low house and yard with a wall of dark stone slabs round it. The house had a green roof, peeling stucco and tiny slits of windows like screwed-up eyes. This farm stood in the fful blaze of the sun and no water or trees were to be seen anywhere near. Local squires and peasants had called it 'Savage Farm', ever since a surveyor had stayed there on his way through many years ago and spent the whole night talking to Zhmukhin. The surveyor had not been impressed. 'Sir!' he had told Zhmukhin severely as he drove off in the morning. 'You are a savage!' Hence the name 'Savage Farm', which caught on all the more when Zhmukhin's boys grew up and took to raiding near-by orchards and melonplots. Zhmukhin himself was called 'See-what-1mean?' be- cause he talked so much and was always using that expression. Zhmukhin's sons were standing in the yard near the bam, both barefoot and bare-headed, one about nineteen and the other a little younger. Just as the trap was corning into the yard, the younger boy threw a hen high in the air. It clucked and took wing, describing an arc. The elder fired a gun and it crashed to the ground, dead. 'That's my lads lea^mg to shoot,' said Zhmukhin. The travellers were greeted in the hall by a thin little woman with a pale face, still young and good-looking, who might have been a servant, to judge by her clothes. 'Now, may I do the honours ?' asked

The house consisted of two parts. One contained the parlour with old Zhmukhin's bedroom next door-stuffy rooms with low ceilings and hordes of flies and wasps. The kitchen, where they cooked, did the laundry and fed the men, was in the other part. There were geese and hen turkeys hatching eggs under the benches. Mrs. Zhmukhin's bed was in there and so were her two sons' beds. The furniture in the parlour was Linpainted and hail obviou)ly been roughly put together by a carpenter. On the walls hung gwlS, gamc-bags and whips, all old rubbish grey with dust, covered with the rust of ages. There were no pictures. In the comer was a dingy board that had staned life as an icon. A young Ukr^man peasant-won^ laid the table and served ham followed by beetroot soup. The guest refused vodka and would eat only bread and cucumbers. 'Have some ham,' said Zhmukhin. 'No thank you. I never touch it,' the guest

Zhmukhin. 'This is the mother of my two sons of bitches.' He turned to his wife. 'Come on, Missus,' he said. 'Do get a move on, and look after your guest. Let's have supper! Look sharp, Mother!'

ai1Swered. 'I don't eat meat.'

'Why is that?'

'I'm a vegetarian and killing animals is against my principles.'

Zhmukhin thought for a moment.

'Aye.. •. I see what you mean ...' he brought out

with a sigh. 'I met someone else in town once who didn't eat meat. It's a kind of new belief that's caught on. And why not? It's a good idea. After al, there's other ^igs in life beside

slaughtering and shooting, see what I mean? It's time we took things easy and gave the beasts a bit ofpeace and quiet. It's a sinful thing, is ^^g, it stands to reason. Sometimes if you shoot a hare in the leg, it screams like a baby. So it must hurt.'

'Of course it does. Animals feel pain like we do.'

'You're quite right,' said Zhmukhin. 'I get your

point,' he went on thoughtfuHy. 'But I must say, there's one thing I don't see. Suppose everyone stops eating meat? What'U happen to farm animals and things like hens and geese, see what

I mean ?'
'Hens and geese will live free like wild birds.'

'Oh, I see. WeU, it's quite true crows

aidjackdaws get on very well without us. ... Aye. .. . Hens, geese, hares, sheep—diey'U al be free to enjoy themselves, see, and praise God aid not fear us. We'U al have a bit of peace and guiet. Only, you kiow, there 's one thing I don't see,' Zhmukhin went on with a glance at the ham. 'What'll become of pigs? What shall we do with them?' 'The same thing. They'll be free like other animals.' 'Aye, I see. But look here, ifwe don't slaughter them, they'll breed, see ? Then you can say goodbye to your pastures and kitchen-gardem. Let a pig loose, you kiow, and take your eye off" it and it'U wreck your whole place in a day. A pig's a pig. It's not called a pig for nothing, you know....' They fnished supper. Zhmukhin got up from table and stalked up and do^ the room for a long time. He kept on and on talking. He liked a scrioiis, earnest talk and he liked to mcditatc. And hc fclt the need of something to hold on to in his old age, something to reassure ^m so that he need not be so afraid of dying. He wanted to be gentle, relaxed and self-confident like his guest, who had just made a meal of bread and cucumbers and thought himself a better ^^ for it. He sat on a healthy and stout, saying nothing, patient in his boredom. When you looked at ^m from the hall in the dusk he seemed like a rock that could not be budged. A man's all right ifhe has something to hang on to in life. Zhmukhin went through the hall to the porch and was heard sighing, deep in thought. 'Aye.... To be sure,' he said to It was growing dark and a few stars had come out. Indoors no lights had yet been lit. Someone slipped guietly into the parlour and stopped by the door. It was Lyubov-Zhm^^n's wife. 'Are you from town?' she asked timidly, not looking at the visitor. 'Yes, I live in to^.' 'Maybe you're something of a scholar, sir, and can tell us what to do. Please help us. We ought to send in an application.' 'What do you mean?' asked the guest. 'We've two sons, kind sir. They should have gone to school long ago, but no one ever comes here and there's no one to advise us. And I don't know about these things. You see, ifthey don't le^ anything, they'U be called up in the Cossacks as privates. It's not right, sir! They can't read and wriwrite. They're worse than peasants and Mr. Zhmukhin himself tⁿs up his nose at them. He won't have them in the house. But it's not their fault, is it? If we could only send the younger one to school, oh it is such a shame.' As she dragged out the words her voice guavered. How could a woman so small and young possibly have gro^-up children? 'Oh, it is such a shame!' 'You know nothing about it, Mother, and it's no business ofyours,' said Zhmukhin, appearing in the doorway. 'Stop 'moying our guest with your wild Out you go, Mother.' Mrs. Zhmukhin went out. 'Oh, it is such a shame!' she said again in the hall in her thin little voice. They made up a bed for the guest on a sofa in the parlour and lit a lamp in front of the icon so that he should not be in the dark. Zhmu- khin went to bed in his o^ room. He lay and thought of his soul, of old age, of the recent stroke that had so frightened and made him so conscious of death. He was given to abstract speculation when alone in the quiet. At meditated he wanted to fLX on some single idea, different from all others—some-thing signiJicant to serve ^m as a sign-post in life. He wanted to work out principles that would make his life as deep and serious as he was himself It would not be a bad thing for an old man like him to give up meat and other luxuries. Sooner or later men would stop ^^bg other men and animals, it was boWld to come. He imagined it happening, pictured himself living in peace with the animal kingdom—but then suddenly thought of pigs again and that thoroughly bewildered him. 'What a business, great heavens above,' he muttered with a deep sigh, and asked, 'Are you awake?' 'Yes.' Zhmukhin got out of bed and stood in the doorway with only his shirt on. His guest could see his stringy legs, as thin as sticks. 'Nowadays,' he began, 'we have things like the telegraph, see what I mean? And there's telephones and other miracles of one sort and an-

such he fancied himself a very deep, serious thinker whose sole concem on this earth was with things that reaUy matter. And now as he other as you might say, but people are no better. In my day, t^ny or forty years ago, men were rough and cruel, it's said. But isn't it just the same nowadays? In my time we never stood on ceremony, it's true. I remember being stationed for four solid months in the Caucasus by a small river. We had absolutely nothing to do-I was only a sergeant at the time—and something happened then that was as good as a story book. Right on the river bank, see, just where our company was stationed, some minor chiefwas buried—we'dkilled him ourselves not long before. At night the chief's widow used to visit the grave and cry, if you see what I mean. Her moaning and groaning fair gave us the willies and we just couldn't sleep. Two nights that went on, and we were fed up with it. Why should we lose our sleep for aU reason, pardon my language? What sense does that make? So we took that widow and flogged her. She stopped conming then, you take my word. 'Oh, you get a different type nowadays of course. They don't flog people, they're more clean-living and there's a lot more studying. But human nature hasn't changed, see? Not a bit ofit.

all sorts of riff-raflf working for him-men with no papers and nowhere to go. Saturday 's pay day, but he doesn't want to pay them, see? Grudges the money. So he gets hold of a foreman—another tramp, even if he does wear a hat. "Don't pay them a thing," he says. "Not one copeck. They'll beat you up," says he. "Well, let them. Just put up with it, and I'll pay you ten roubles of a Saturday." 'Well, Saturday evening rolls on and the workers duly come along, as the custom is, for their wages. "Nothing doing!" says the foreman. Well, one thing leads to another, and they start swearing and knocking him about a bit They punch him, they kick him-men can be like beasts, see, when they're starving. They beat him senseless and clear off. The boss tells someone to pour water over the foreman. He chucks hini his ten roubles, and he's glad to take it—in fact he'd be quite prepared to jump off a cliff for three. Aye.... On Monday along comes a new gang of workers. Why? Because they've nowhere else to

go.... And on Saturdays it's the same story over

'Take a case in point. There's a landowner roWld these parts, owns some mines, see? He has

The guest turned over to face the back of the sofa and muttered something.

"Take another case,' Zhmukhin went on. 'We once had anthrax here, see? Cattle were dying off like flies, believe you me. We had the vets going round and there were strict orders to bury the dead cattle deep in the earth a long way off, pour lime over them and al that—on a proper scientific basis, see what I mean? A horse of mine

again....'

of lime over it—and what do you think? Those young sparks, those dear lads of mine, dug up the horse at night, see, skinned it and sold the hide for three roubles, and that's a fact. So people haven't got any better. A leopard doesn't change his spots, and that's a fact. Makes you think,

died of it as well. I buried it with proper precautions, poured three or four hundredweight

though, eh? What do you say?'

Through the cracks in the window-shutters on one side ofthe room lightning flashed. The air was heavy with the threat of thunder, mosquitoes were biting, and Zhmukhin lay deep in thought in his room, sighing, groaning and ^^mg

to h^Melf. 'Aye To be sure,' he said. And he

could not sleep. Thunder growled somewhere in the far distance. 'Are you awake?' 'Yes,' answered the visitor. Zhmukhin got up, his heels clattering tlirough the parlour and hall as he went to the kitchen for a of water. 'There's nothing worse than stupidity, see?' he said a bit later, coming back with a dipper. 'The missus kneels down and prays. She prays every night, see—bangs her head on the floor. The ^^ thing is, she wants the boys to go to school. She's afraid of them being ordinary Cossacks and getting a sabre or two laid across their backs. But schooling means money and that doesn't grow on

trees. You can bang your head on the floor **ril** it goes right through, but if you haven't got it you haven't got it.

'The other reason she prays is that every woman thinks she's the unhappiest person in the world, see? I'm a blunt man and I'U not keep anything from you. She comes of a poor family.

Her father's a priest, so she's a daughter of the cloth as you might say. I ^^roed her when she was seventeen. They let her marry me chiefly

up and times were bad and I at least had land and a farm, see what I mean? And then I was an officer when all's said and done and she was flattered to marry me, see? She cried on our wedding day and since then she's hardly stopped the whole twenty years—oh, she's a proper crybaby, is our Lyubov. She sits and thinks all the time. And what does she ^^^ about, I ask you? What can a woman ^^^ about? Nothing. But then women aren't really human to my way of $t^{\wedge \wedge}g$.' The solicitor sat up abruptly. 'I'm sorry, it's a bit close in here,' he said. 'I must go outside.' Still talking about women, Zhmukhin drew the bolt in the ^^ and they both went out. As it happened a fuU moon was sailing through the sky over the farm, and the house and b^ra seemed whiter by moon-light than by day. There were also bright streaks of silver moonlight, crossing the grass between black shadows. Away to the right the steppe could be seen for miles, with stars softly glowing above it. AU was mysterious and infinitely remote, as though you were looking do^ into a deep abyss. But to the left

because they had nothing to eat. They were hard

heavy, pitch-black storm-clouds were stacked on top of one another above the steppe, their edges lit by the moon, and they looked like snowcapped moimtains, dark forests, the sea. Lightning flashed, thunder faintly rumbled, and it seemed like a battle in the mountains.... Just outside the grounds was a smaU night owl. 'To sleep! To sleep!' it cried monotonously. 'What rime is it?' asked the visitor. 'Iust after one.' 'Heavens, it won't be light for ages.' They went back to the house and lay down again. They should have slept—you usually sleep so well just before rain-but the old man was hankering after solemn, portentous ideas. Just thinking was not enough, he wanted to meditate. And he meditated that he would soon die, and ought for the good of his soul to shake off the laziness that caused day after day and year after year to be engulfed un- noticed, leaving no trace. He should plan some heroic exploit, like going on foot to some far-distant place or giving up meat like this young fellow. Once again he pictured the time when people would not kil animals any more. He saw it clearly and distinctly as if he was by some outlying clouds, and rain pattered lightly on the roof. Zhmukhin got up and looked iito the parlour, groaning from sheer old age and stretching himself. His guest was stiU awake, he saw.

actually there, but his confusion suddenly

The storm passed over, but they were caught

ret^rced, and all was blurred.

vegetarian like you, see what I mean? Hc didn't eat meat, never went hunting and wouldn't let his men fish. I see the point of course. Every animal should be free to enjoy life. But how can you let a

'We had a colonel in the Caucasus,' he said, 'a

pig go where it likes without keeping a eye on it, that's what I don't see ... ?' The guest sat up, his pale, haggard face showing annoyance and fatigue. He was

obviously suffering, and only his natural good m^rners prevented ^m from putting his annoyance into words.

'It's getting light,' he said mildly. 'Would you please let me have a horse now?'

'But why? Wait til it stops raining.' 'No, really, please,' begged the guest fearfully. 'I must go right now.'

was rising. It had just stopped raining, clouds raced past, there were more and more blue patches in the sky and down in the puddles the first rays of sunlight 'mdly glinted.

The solicitor took his brief-case and went

By the time they brought the horse the sun

He started quickly dressing.

through the hall to get ui the trap, while Mrs. Zhmukhin, tearful and pale—paler, seemingly, than the day before—gave him a careful, unb^^^g stare, looking as innocent as a little girl. Her dejected face showed how she envied his

freedom—what joy it would be for her if she could escape from the place! And she obviously

wanted to speak to him and must want his advice about the boys. She was so pathetic. Shc wasn't a wife, she wasn't the mistress of the house or even a servant, she was more of a dependant—an unwanted poor relation, a nobody. Her husband made a great fuss ofseeing his

ahead of 'm, while she huddled, timid and apologetic, against a waU, waiting her chance to speak.

'Do come again.' clie old man kept saying.

guest off, ^^mg non- stop and constantly darting

'You're always welcome, see what I mean?' The guest got quickly into the trap, clearly relieved, but looking scared as if he feared some last-minute hitch, but ilie trap lurched and squealed as on the day before and a pail tied to the back-board banged furiously. The solicitor looked back at Zhmukhin wiili an odd expression. It scemed as if he, like ilie surveyor before him, felt ilie urge to call Zhmukhin a savage or some such name, but being too kind he held himself back and said nothing. However, in the gateway he could suddenly stand it no longer and raised h.imself slightly. 'You're a bore!' he yelled angrily. He vanished through the gate. Zhmukhin's sons were standing near the bam. The elder had a gun and the younger held a grey cockerel with a beautiful bright comb. The younger threw ilie cockerel up as hard as he could and die bird flew higher than ilie house and ^roed over in die air like a pigeon. The elder boy fi.red and the cockerel fell like a stone. Greatly put out, baffled by his guest's odd, unexpected outcry, the old man slowly made his while on current intellectual trends, universal immorality, the telegraph, the telephone and the bicyclc—what use was all iliat stuff? He gradually calmed down, had a lcisurely breakfast, drank five glasses of tea and went to bed. IN THE CART They left town at half-past eight in the morning. The road had dried out and there was a glorious, hot April sun, but snow stil lay in the ditches and among the trees. The long, dark, foul ^mter had only just ended and here, suddenly, was spring. It was so warm. The sleepy trees with their bare boughs basked in the breath of springtime and black flocks of birds flew over open country where vast pools lay like lakes. What joy, you felt, to disappear into the unfathomable depths of that marvellous sky! But to Marya as she sat in the cart these things had nothing fresh or exciting to off^r. For thirteen years she had been a schoolmistress, and during those years she had gone into to-wn for her salary time without number. It might be spring, as now. It might be a rainy autunm evening or

way indoors. He sat at a table, reflecting for a

She seemed to have lived in these parts for so long—a hundred years or more—and felt as ifshe knew every stone and tree on the way from townwn to her school. Her whole life, past and present, was bound up with the place, and what did the future hold? The school, the road to townwn, the school, the road to townwn, the school, the road to town again, and that was al....

By now she had given up t^^^g of her life

before she was a teacher and had forgotten about

winter. What difference did it make? Al she ever

wanted was to get it over with.

most of it. Once she had had a father and mother who lived in a big flat near the Red Gates in Moscow, but that period had only left a vague, blurred, dreamlike memory. Her father had died when she was ten, her mother soon after.

There was a brother, an army officer, and they had corresponded for a ^rne, but then her brother lost the habit of answering. Al she had left from those days was a snapshot of her mother and that had faded, as the schoolhouse was so damp—all you could see of Mother now was hair and eyebrows.

After a mile or two her driver, old Simon,

turned round. 'They've nm in some official in townwn,' he said. 'Sent him away, they have. They say he helped some Germans in Moscow to kil Mayor Aleksevev.' 'Who told you?' 'Someone read it out from the newspaper at Ivan Ionov's in.' Another long silence followed. Marya thought of her school and of the forthcoming examinations, for which she was entering four boys and one girl. She was just ^^^mg about these exa^mations when Squire Khanov passed her in his carriage and four—the Khanov who had examined at her school last year. He recognized her as he drew level and bowed. 'Good morning,' he said. 'On your way home?' This Khanov, a man of about forty, with a wom face and a bored look, had begun to show his age, but was stiU handsome and attractive to women. He lived alone on his large estate. He had no job and it was said that he did nothing at home but stride about whistling or play chess with an old manservant. He also drank a lot, it was said. And true enough, even the papers that he had brought to last year's examinations had smelt of scent and spirits. He had been wearing new clothes and Marya had thought very attractive and felt rather shy sitting beside ^m. She was used to caUous, businesslike exa^mers, but this one had forgotten all his prayers and did not know what guestions to ask. He was most polite and tactful and everyone got full marks. 'Well, I'm going to see Bakvist,' he went on, addressing Marya. 'But I'm told he may be away.' They turned off the highway into a country lane, Khanov leading and Simon bringing up the rear. The four horses plodded down the lane, straining to haul the heavy carriage out of the mud, while Simon zig-zagged and made detours up hiU and down dale, often jumping off to help the horse. Marya thought of the school and wondered how ^fficult the examination questions would be. She was annoyed with the rural council because she had not found anyone in the office the day before. What inefficiency! She had been on to them for the last two years to sack her caretaker, who was rude and idle and beat the children. But no one would listen. It was hard to catch the was right out of his depth—he had been an excise officer before that and was only made inspector because he had friends in the right places. The education committee met very seldom, and then you could never find out where. The school manager was a peasant who could hardly write his name, and owned a-a dull, uncouth fellow and a crony of the caretaker. So where on earth could you complaui ? Or find anything out. . . ? 'He really is a good-looking man,' she thought, with a glance at Khanov. The track went from bad to worse. They entered woods where no more detours were possible. There were deep ruts with swishing, gurgling water and prickly branches that lashed you in the facc. 'CaU this a road!' Khanov said with a laugh. The schoolmistress stared at ^m. Why was he fool enough to live round here?

That's what she couldn't see. What use were his

council chairman in his office, and even if you succeeded he only told you with tears in his eyes that he had not a moment to spare. The inspector visited the school only once in three years and money, good looks and sophistication to in this dismal, filthy dump? He got nothing out of life! He was slowly jogging along the same ghastly track as Simon here and putting up with just the same discomforts. Why live here when you could live in St. Petersburg or abroad? He was rich, and it might have been thought worth his while to improve this foul track and spare himself aU the bother, and that look of despair on his coachman's face and Simon's. But he only laughed. He obviously didn't care—wasn't interested in any better life. He was kind, gentle, innocent. He didn't understand this rough life. He knew no more about it than he had about his prayers at the examinations. All he ever gave the school was terrestrial globes, yet he genuinely thought that ^^ made him a useful citizen and a leading light in popular education. A lot of use his globes were here! 'Hold tight, miss,' said Simon. The cart gave a great lurch and nearly overturned. Something heavy crashed onto Marya's feet—her bundles of shopping. Then came a steep climb on clay with water rushing and roaring do^ winding ruts as ifit had gnawed horses snorted. Khanov got do^ from his carriage and walked by the side of the track in his long overcoat. He was hot. 'CaU this a road!' he said with another laugh. 'At this rate we'll soon have no carriage left.' 'Well, why go out in such weather?' asked Simon sternly. 'Stay at home, can't you?' 'Home 's a bore, old fellow. I hate being cooped up there.' He looked fit and keen enough beside old Simon, but there was a hint of something in the way he walked which showed that he was reaUy a feeble, poisoned creature well on the road to nM. And from the forest, sure enough, came a sudden whiff of spirits. Marya was horrified. She was sorry for the man, and could see no good reason why he should be so hopeless. It struck her that if she was his wife or sister she would very likely give her whole life to saving him. 'His wife?' 1-lc livcd alonc on his large cstate, thc way things ha\1 workcd out, while she also livcil alonc—in her godforsaken villagc. llut could they be friends and cijitals? The very idea—impossible, absurd! Such is life, that's what

into the track. What a place to drive through! The

altogether. 'Why, oh why,' she thought, 'does God give these wcak, unhappy, useless people such good looks, delightful matmers and beautiful, melancholy eyes? Why are they so charming?' 'This is where we turn right,' said Khanov, gening back in his carriage. 'Goodbye and good luck.' Once more she thought of pupils, of the examinations, the caretaker and the education committee. Then she heard the departing carriage rumbling somewhere on her right, its noise borne on the wind-and these thoughts fused with others. She wanted to dream of

it comes down to. People's relationships have grown so complex, they make so little sense. They are too frightful to comcmplate—too depressing

fused with others. She wanted to dream of beautiful eyes, love and happiness that was not to be....

To be a wife? It was cold in the mornings with the caretaker out and no one to light the stoves. The children began arriving at crack of dawn, bringing in snow and mud and making a noise. It

was all so hideously uncomfortable. She had only a bed-sining-room in which she also did her

cooking. She had headaches every day after school and after diimer she always had heartburn. She had to collect money from the children for ftrewood and for the caretaker and hand it to the manager—then practically go down on her kiees to that smug, insolem lout before he let her have the wood. Examinations, peasants, snowdrifts-they filled her dreams at night. The life had aged and coarsened her—made her ugly, awkward, clumsy, as if her veins were fi.lled with lead. She was so scared of things. If the school manager or a local councillor came in, she would rise to her feet and did not dare sit down. And she called them 'sir'. No one found her attractive and life rolled wretchedly on without affection, sympathy or interesting friends. For her to fall in love, placed as she was, would be a disaster. 'Hold tight, miss!' Another steep rise.... She had become a teacher because she was hard up, not because she had any vocation for it. She never thought ofeducation as a calling, or as something of value. She always felt that examinations were the main thing in her job, not pupils or education, and anyway, what time had education? Teachers, badly paid doctors and their assistants do a tough enough job, yet arc so worricd about where their next meal is coming from— or about fuel, bad roads and illness—that they even miss the satisfaction of thinking that they are serving an ideal or working for the people. It is a hard, dull life and no one puts up with it for long except silent drudges like Marya. Vivacious, highly strung, sensitive souls may talk of their vocation and service to ideals, but they soon enough wilt and throw in their hand. Simon tried to pick the driest and shortest route through fields or back yards, but at one place the vilagers would not let ^m pass, another place was priest's land and no thoroughfare, while somewhere else again Ivan Ionov had bought a plot from the squire and dug a ditch round it. They kept tu^Mg back. They came to Lower Gorodishche. Near the in, in a place where the snow was spread with dung, stood carts loaded with oil of vitriol in carboys. The in was full of people, al waggoners, and smelt of vodka, tobacco and sheepskins. People

were talking at the top of their voices and the

she to think of her calling or of the value of

door, which had a weight-and-puUey to keep it shut, kept slam^mg. In the off-licence next door there was an accor- dion playing, and it never let up for a second. Marva sat do^ and drank tea, while peasants at the next table—half stewed already, what with the tea they had had and the stuffy ale-house atmosphere—were s-^^mg vodka and beer. Discordant voices rang out. 'Hey, Kuzma!' 'Eh?' 'Lord, save us!' 'That I can, Ivan, my boy!' 'Watch it, mate!' A short, pock-marked peasant with a little black beard, who had been ^^^ for a long time, suddenly showed surprise at something and swore vilely. Simon was sitting at the far end of the room. 'Hey, you! What do you mean by swearing!' he shouted angrily. 'Can't you see the young lady?' 'Young lady, eh?' sneered someone in the otlier corner. 'Clumsy swine!' 'Sorry, I didn't mean no harm ...' said the little peasant sheepishly. 'I ^^ ^mding my o^ business, just as the young lady was minding hers.... Good morning to you, miss.'

'And unco^rnonly obliged to you I am.' Enjoying her tea, Marya went red in the face like the peasants while she brooded yet again on the firewood and the caretaker. ... 'Just a moment, mate,' came a voice from the next table. 'It's her that tcachcs at Vyazovyc ... we know her—and a nicc voiing lady she is too.' 'Oh, yes, she's not bad at all.' The door kcpt banging as people came and went. Marya sat, still thinking the same old thoughts, while the accordion next door went on and on and on. On the floor had been patches ofsunlight. They had moved to the counter, crawled up the wall and disappeared altogether.

'Good morning,' answered the teacher.

So it must be past noon. The men at the next table made ready to go. Swaying slightly, the little peasant went up and shook hands with Marya. The others took their cue from him and also shook hands and then went out one after another. Nine times the door squeaked and slammed.

'Get ready, miss!' shouted Simon.

They drove off, but could still only move at walking pace.

Lower Gorodishche,' said Simon, turning round. 'What a swindle!' 'Why, what happened?' 'They say the chairman of the council pocketed a thousand, the manager another thousand, and the teacher got fi.ve hundred.' 'But the whole school only cost a thousand. You shouldn't tell such tales, old fellow. You're talking rubbish.' 'I wouldn't know.... I only got it from the others.' But Simon clearly didn't believe the teacher. The peasants never did trust her, they always thought that she was paid too much-a cool twenty-one roubles a month where five would have done—and they thought that she hung on to most of what she collected from the children for fi.rewood and the caretaker. The manager thought like the peasants. He himself made a bit on the firewood and was also paid by the peasants for managing the school, ofwhich the authorities knew nothing. The forest ended, thank God, and now it was

all level going to Vyazovye. They were nearly

'They built a school not long back here in

Simon. 'Why didn't you go to the right across the bridge?' 'Eh? We can get across here. It ain't vcry deep.' 'Mind we don't drown the horse then.' 'Eh?' 'Look—there's Khanov crossing the bridge,' said Marya, spotting a carriage and foiir far to the right. 'It is him, isn't it?' 'That it is. Bakvist must have been out. Pigheaded fool, Lord help us, going all that way when this be two"mile ncarer.' They drove down to the river. In summer it was a shalow brook, easily forded, and by August it had usually dried up, but now the spring floods

there—just the river to cross and the railway

'Hey! Where are you off to?' Marya asked

line—and that would be it.

have crossed here.

'Come on!' shouted Simon, angry and worried, tugging hard at the reins and flapping his elbows like wings. 'Gee up!'

The horse waded in up to its beUy and

had made it a cold, muddy torrent about forty feet across. On the bank, right up to the water's edge, were fresh wheel tracks, so someone must feet.
She stood up. 'Come on,' she shouted. 'Gee up!'
They came out on the other bank.
'Gawd help us, what with one thing and another,' muttered Simon, putting the harness to

stopped, but then plunged on again, stra^mg every sinew, and Marya felt a cold shock on her

rights. 'A proper botheration—'tis all the council's doing....'

Marya's galoshes and boots were full of water, the bottom of her dress and coat and one sleeve

were sopping wet—and worst of **al**, her sugar and flour were soaked. She could only throw up her hands in horror. 'Oh, Simon ...' she said. 'Simon, how could you

...?'
The barrier was down at the level-crossing and an express was ready to leave the station.

Marya stood by the crossing and waited for it to pass, trembling with cold in every limb. Vyazovye was in view—the school with its green roof and the church, its crosses ablaze in the evening sun.

The station windows blazed too and the smoke from the engine was pink.

Everything seemed to be shivering with cold.

The train came past, its win\mode mdows ablaze like the church crosses—it hurt to look at them. On the small platform at the end of a first-class carriage stood a woman and Marya glanced at her. It was her mother! What a fantastic likeness! Her mother had the same glorious hair, exactly the same forehead and set of the head. Vividly, with striking clarity, for the first time in thirteen years, she pictured her mother and father, her brother, their Moscow flat, the fish-tank and goldfish—all down to the last detail. Suddenly she heard a piano playing, heard her father's voice and felt as she had felt then—young, pretty, welldressed in a warm, light room, with her family round her. In a sudden surge ofjoy and happiness she clasped her head rapturously in her hands. 'Mother,' she cricd tenderly, appealuigly. For some reason she burst into tears, at which moment Khanov drove up with his coach and four. Seeing him, she imagined such happiness as has never been on earth. Shc smiled and nodded to him as to her friend and equal, fccling that the sky, the trees and al the windows were aglow with her triumphant happiness. No, her father and mother had not died, she had nover been a long nightmarc, and now she had woken ս**D__** 'Get in, miss.' Suddenly it aU vanished. The barrier slowly rose. Shivering, numb with cold, Marya got into the cart. The coach and four crossed the line, foUowed by Simon. The crossing-keeper raised his cap. 'Well, here we are. Vyazovye.' NEW VILLA A huge bridge was wider construction two miles from Obruchanovo village. From the village, which stood high on a steep bank, the trellised skeleton could be seen: a picturesque—indeed, a fantastic— sight in misty weather and on quiet winter days, when the thin iron struts and all the surrounding scaffolding were frost-covered. Engineer Kucherov, who was building the bridge—a stout, broad-shouldered, bearded man with a crumpled soft cap—sometimes drove through the village in a fast droshky or carriage. Sometimes the navvies

employed on the bridge carne along on their days

schoolmistress. It had aU been a strange dream, a

women, occasionally absconded with something. That was exceptional, though. Usually the days passed as quietly and rnievent-fully as if no construction was in progress at all. Only in the evenings, when bonfires blazed near the bridge, was the navvies' singing borne faintly on the breeze. In daytime there was an occasional sad, metallic clanking. Mrs. Kucherov, the engineer's wife, chanced to come over on a visit. Much taken with the river banks and the gorgeous view of the green valley with its hamlets, churches and cattle, she asked her husband to buy a small plot of land and build a villa. He did. They bought fifty acres, and on the high bank, in a meadow where once the village cows had strayed, they put up a handsome twostorey house with terrace, balconies, tower . .. and a spire which flew a flag on Swidays. After building it in about three months they planted large trees through the winter. Then, when spring carne with all the fresh greenery, the new garden already had its paths. A gardener and his two white-aproned auistants dug near the house, a fountain played and a globe made of looking-

off—begged for money, jeered at the local

estate already had its name: New Villa. One fine warm morning at the end of May two horses were brought to Obruchanovo for shoeing by the local blacksmith, Rodion Petrov. They carne from New Villa, they were snow-white, graceful, well-fed, and they bore a striking resemblance to each other. 'Like swans, they are,' said Rodion, awe-struck. His wife Stepanida, his children, his grand-children . .. all came out s.s.o.s.-ii ofdoors toscc, and a crowd gradu.illy collected. The Lychkovs, father and son-both naturally beardless, both puffy-faced and hatlcu—came along. So did Kozov: a tall, scraggy

glass gleamed so fiercely that it hurt the eyes. The

old boy with a long, narrow beard, carrying a walking-stick. Hc kept winking sly winks and smiling sardonic, knowing smiles.

'They're white, but they're no good,' said he. 'Put mine on oats, and they'd be just as sleek. I'd

make 'em plough—whip 'em too.'

The coachman just gave him a look ofscorn and said nothing. Then, as die smithy furnace

was heated up, the coachman talked and smoked cigarettes. The villagers learnt many details. His

^^ter and mistreu were rich. Before her marriage the mistress, Helen Kucherov, had been a poor governess in Moscow. She was kind, she was softhearted, she liked helping the poor. There was to be no ploughing or sowing on the new estatc, said he. They were just going to enjoy themselves breathing fresh air, that was their sole aim in life. When he had finished and started leading thc horses back home, a crowd ofurchins followed him. Dogs barked. Kozov watched him go, winking sarcastically. 'Think they o' everything!' he jeered. 'They build a house, they keep horses—but they're the lowest ofthe low, believe you me. Think they're the lords of creation, do they?' Kozov had somehow conccived an immediate loathing for the new estate, for those white horses, for that sleek, handsome coachman. He was a lonely man, was Kozov, a widower. He led a dull life—couldn't work because of some illness: 'me rheumatics' he would call it, or 'the worms'. The money for his keep camc from a son who worked at a Kharkov confectioner's. He would stroll idly along the river bank or village from da^ to dusk. If he saw someone carting a log, say were all ruined. And he would wink knowingly the while. On the estate Bengal lights and rockets were set off in the evenings, and a boat with red lamps would sail past Obruchanovo. One moning the engincer's wife, Helen Kucherov, brought hcr little daughter to the village in a yellow-wheeled trap drawn by a pair of dark bay ponics. Mother and daughter both wore broad-brimmed straw hats turned do^ over dieir ears. This happened at mucking-ont time, and Blacksmith Rodion—a tal, scraggy, bare-headed, barefoot old man with a pitchfork over his shoulder—stood near his nasty, dirty cart, staring flabbergasted at those ponies. He had never seen such small horses in his life ... that was written on his face. 'Look at 'er in the trap!' the whisper was heard on all sides. 'It's that there Kucherov woman.'

—or fishing—he would tell him that his wood was 'dry, rotten stuff', or that he would 'never catch anything on a day like this'. During droughts he would say that there would be no rain before the frosts came, and when it did rain he would say that the crops would all rot, they

Rodion's wife, Stepan- ida, a stout old girl, her kerchief slipping off her grey hair. She peered at the trap against the sun, smiling and fro^rong like a blind person. 'This is for your children, my good woman,' said Helen Kucherov. And gave her three roubles. Suddenly bursting into tears, Stepanida bowed to the ground, while Rodion too flopped down, showing his broad, bro^ pate and almost catcling his wife in the side with his pitchfork. Helen Kucherov felt awkward and went home. Ħ The Lychkovs, father and son, caught two carthorses straying in their meadow, together with one pony and a broad-muzzled Aalhaus bull-calf. These they drove off to the village, helped by 'Ginger' Volodka—Blacksrnith Rodion's son. They called the village elder, they collected witnesses, they went to assess the damage.

'Very well, let 'em try it on!' Kozov winked. 'Just let 'em try, that's all. Let's see them engineers

Scanning the huts quizzically, Helen Kucherov halted her horses near the poorest of all, where there were masses of children's heads—fair, dark, red—in the windows. Out ofthe hut ran

wriggle out of this! Think themselves above the law, do they? Very well, we'll send for the sergeant, make out a charge.' 'Make out a charge,' echoed Volodka. 'I ain't a-going to overlook it,' shouted the younger Lychkov. His voice sounded louder and louder, seeming to make lis beardless face bulge increasuigly. 'A fine to-do, this is! Ruin all the pasture, they will, if we let 'em! They ain't got no right to harm the common man. We ain't living in the dark ages.' 'No, that we ain't,' echoed Volodka. 'We've got on without a bridge so far,' said Lychkov Senior gloomily. 'We never asked for one, we don't need one and we won't 'ave one!' 'They ain't getting away with this, mates!' 'Just let 'em try it on!' winked Kozov. 'Let 'em squirm! Who do they diink they are?' They turned back towards the village, and as they went Lychkov Junior pounded his chest with his fist, shouting, while Volodka also shouted, echoing his words. Meanwhile, in the village, a crowd had formed round the pedigree bull-calf and horses. The calf glowered in embarrassment, but suddenly dropped his head to the ground and locked the animals up and waited.

That eveiing the engineer sent five roubles in compensation, where- upon both horses, pony and bull-calf returned home: unfed, unwatered, hanging their heads in guilt as if on their way to execution.

Having received the five roubles, the Lychkovs Senior and Junior, the village elder and

ran, kicking up his back legs. Taking fright, Kozov swung lis stick and everyone laughed. Then they

Kryakovo village on the other side, where there was a pub, and spent a long time whooping it up. Their singing and young Lychkov's shouting were heard. Back at the village the women couldn't sleep all night for worrying. Nor could Rodion.

'A bad business,' he sighed, tossing from side to side. 'He'll have the law on 'em, will Squire, if

he be vexed. They done him wrong, oh, that they

have. A bad business.'

Volodka crossed the river by boat, set off for

One day the men, Rodion included, went into their wood to decide who should reap what plot of land. On their way home they met the engineer. He wore a red calico shirt and high boots, he was followed by a setter with its long tongue stuck out. 'Good day, my lads,' said he. The peasants stopped, doffed their caps. 'I've been wanting to talk to you for some time, lads,' he went on. 'The thing is, your cattle have been in my garden and woods every day since early spring. It's all been trampled up. Your pigs have dug up the meadow, they're ruining the vegetable plot, and I've lost all the saplings in my wood. I can't get on with your shepherds, they bite your head offifyou ask them anything. You trespau on my land every day, but I do nothing, I don't get you fined, I don't complain. Now you've taken my horses and bull—and my five roubles. 'Is it fair, is it neighbourly?' he went on, his voice soft and pleading, his glance anything but stem. 'Is this how decent men behave? One of you cut do^ two young oaks in my wood a week ago. You've dug up the Yeresnevo road, and now I

h.nve to go two miles out of my way. Why are you always injuring me? What harm have I done you?

For God's sake tell me. My wife and I have tried our level best to live in peace and harmony with you—we help the village as much as we can.

doesn't refuse to help—she longs to be useful to you and your children. But you repay good with evil. You are unfair, my friends. Now, you just think it over, I beg you—think it over. We're treating you decently, so why can't you pay us hack in the same coin?' He turned and walked off. The peasants stood little longer, put their hats on, and left. Rodion-who misinterpreted everything, always putting his o-wn twist on things—gave a sigh. 'We'll have to pay, says he. Pay in coin, mates.' They walked to the village in silence. At home Rodion said his prayers, took his boots off, and sat on the bench beside his wife. Stepanida and he always did sit side by side at home, and they always walked downwn the street side by side. They always ate, drank and slept together, and the more they aged the more they loved each other. It was hot and crowded in their hut, and there were children everywhere: on floor, window-ledges and stove. Stepanida was still having babies despite her advanced years, and it was hard to tell which, in that huddle of children, were Rodion's and which

My wife is a kind, warm-hearted woman, she

Volodka's. Volodka's wife Lukerya—an illfavoured young woman with bulging eyes and a beaky nose—was mixing dough in a tub. Her husband sat on the stove, feet dangling. 'On the road near Nikita's buckwheat, er ... the engineer and his dog,' began Rodion after resting and scratching his sides and elbows. 'We must pay, says he. In coin, he says. I dunno about no coins, but ten copecks a hut-that we should collect. We're treating Squire right badly, we are. 'Tis a shame' 'We've done without a bridge so far,' said Volodka, looking at no one. 'We don't want no bridge.' 'Oh, get away with you! 'Tis a government bridge.' 'We don't want none of it.' 'Who asked you? What's it got to do with you?' ' "Who asked you?" ' mimicked Volodka. 'We have nowhere to go, so what do we want with a bridge? We can cross by boat if we want.' Someone outside banged the window so loudly that the whole hut seemed to shake. 'Volodka in?' said the voice ofLychkovJunior. 'Come out, Volodka. On our way!'

Volodka jumped down from the stove, looked for his cap. 'Don't go, Volodka,' Rodion said nervously. 'Don't go with them, son. You're such a silly boy, you're a proper baby, and they won't teach you no good. Don't go.' 'Don't go, son,' begged Stepanida, blinking on the brink of tears. 'They want to take you to the pub. I'll be bound.' ' "To the pub",' Volodka mimicked. 'You'll come back drunk again, you filthy hellhound.' Lukerya gave him an angry look. 'You go! And may the vodka rot your guts, you blasted tailless wonder!' 'You hold your tongue!' Volodka shouted. 'I'm married to a half-wit, my life's been ruined—oh, I'm so alone and unhappy! You ginger-haired sot!' lamented Lukerya, wiping her face with a dough-<:overed hand. 'I wish I'd never set eyes on you.' Volodka hit her on the ear and left. Helen Kucherov and her little daughter went for a stroll and arrived in the village on foot. It happened to be a Sunday, and the women and Sitting side by side on their porch, Rodion and Stepanida gave Helen and her little girl a friendly bow and smile, while over a dozen children watched them from the windows, their faces expressing bafflement and curiosity. Whispering was heard. 'It's that there Kucherov woman.' 'Good morning,' said Helen and stopped. 'Well, how are you?' she asked after a pause. 'Can't complain, praise be,' answered Rodion rapidly. 'We manage, that's true enough.' 'Oh, it's no end of a life, lady, ours is,' Stepanida laughed. 'You can sec how poor we arc, love. We've fourteen in the family, and only two at work. It ain't much ofa trade, a smith's ain't. People bring their horses for shoeing, but there's no coal—we can't afford it. It's a terrible life, lady,' she went on with a laugh. "Tis a proper botheration!' Helen sat on the porch and put her arms broodily rowid her little girl. The child too looked as if she was subject to gloomy musings, and pensively played with the smart lace parasol which she had taken from her mother.

girls were out and about in their bright dresses.

trouble and no end of work. And now God won't send us rain. It's a rotten life, that's plain enough.' 'You suffer in this life,' said Helen. 'But you'll be happy in the next.' Not understanding, Rodion only coughed into his fist. 'The rich are well off, lady,' said Stepanida. 'Even in the next world they are, love. Your rich man pays for his church candles, he has his special services held. And he gives to the poor, does the rich man. But your peasant hasn't time to make the sign of the cross over his fore-head, even. He's poor as a church mouse—so how can he save his soul? It makes for a mort of sinning, does poverty. Oh, it's a dog's life, ours —sheer howling misery, I call it! We've a good word for no one, missus. And the goings-on round here, love—well, all I say is, God 'elp us! There's no happiness for us in this world or the next. The rich have took it all.' She spoke good-humouredly, obviously long accustomed to retailing her miseries. Rodion smiled too. He liked feeling that his old woman

'We're so poor,' said Rodion. 'We have lots of

was so clever, that she had the gift of the gab. 'The rich aren't really so well off, appearances are deceptive,' said Helen. 'Everyone has some trouble or other. Now, we-my husband and 1—don't live poorly, we do have means. But are we happy? I'm still young, but I have four children already. They're always ill. I'm ill too—I'm always seeing the doctor.' 'What's the matter with you then?' Rodion asked. 'It's a woman's complaint. I can't sleep, I'm plagued by headaches. Here I sit talking to you, but my head feels rotten, my body's weak all over, and I'd rather do the hardest labour dian be in such a state. I'm worried too. You fear for your children and your husband all the time. Every family has some trouble or other, and we have ours. I'm not really a lady. My grandfather was an ordinary peasant, and my father a Moscow tradesman—so he was lower class too. But my husband has rich, well-connected parents. They didn't want him to marry me, but he disobeyed them, guarrelled with them. And they still haven't forgiven us. This bothers my husband—upsets him, makes him edgy all the

Near Rodion's hut men and women now stood around listening. Up came Kozov. He halted, shook his long narrow beard. Up came the Lychkovs, father and son. 'And another thing—you can't be happy and contented if you feel out of place,' went on Helen. 'Each of you has his plot of land—you all work, and you do know what you're working for. My husband builds bridges. Everyone has his own job, in other words. But I just drift, I have no bit ofland, I don't work, I feel out ofit. I'm telling you all this so you shan't judge from appearances. If a person has expensive clothes, and is well off, it doesn't follow that he's contented with his lot.' She got up to go away, taking her daughter's hand. 'I do like being with you here,' she smiled: a feeble, timid smile which showed how unwell she really was-and how young and pretty. She had

time. He loves his mother, loves her very much.

So I'm upset too, my feelings are hurt.'

haired, slender. They smelt of scent.
'I like the river, the woods, the village,' Helen

.1 pale, thin face, dark brows and fair hair. The little girl was just like her mother: thin, fair-

went on. 'I could spend all my life here. I feel as ifl could get well here, and find a place in life. I want, I do so much want, to help you: to be useful and close to you. I know how poor you are, and what I don't know I can feel and sense by instinct. I'm ill and weak myself-perhaps it's too late for me, now, to change my life as I should like. Dut I do have children, and I shall try to educate them to know you and like you. I shall always impress on them that their lives belong lo you, not to themselves. But I beg most earnestly, I implore you—do trust us, do live in friendship with us. My husband is a good, kind nun. Don't upset and irritate him. He's so sensitive to every trifle. Take yesterday—your c.ittle got into our vegetable garden, and one of you broke the fence by our bee- hives. It's your attitude to us ... it drives my husband frantic. 'I beg you,' she pleaded, croaing her hands on her breast, 'do please be good neighbours, do let us live in peace. A bad truce is better than a good war, they say, and it's always neighbours you buy rather than a house. My husband is, I repe.it, a good, kind man. If all goes well we'll do our utmost, I promise you: we'll mend roads, we'll promise.' 'We thanks you kindly, lady-stands to reason,' said Lychkov Senior, looking at the ground. 'You're educated, like, and you know what's best. It's just that a rich villager—name of "Raven" Voronov— once said he'd build a school in Yeresnevo, like. He too kept saying he'd give this and he'd give that. But all he did was put up the frame- work and walk out. Them peasants had to build the roof and finish it off-a thousand roubles, it cost 'em. Raven didn't care, just stroked his beard—but it was kind of hard on the lads.' 'That was Master Raven's doing,' winked Kozov, 'Now it's Mrs. Rook's turn!' Laughter was heard. 'We don't need no school,' said Volodka gloomily. 'Our kids go to Petrovskoye. Let 'em! We don't want one.' Hden suddenly felt nervous. She blenched, her face looked pinched, she flinched as at the touch of something coarse, and she went off without another word. She walked faster and faster without looking round.

build a school for your children. You have my

'Lady,' called Rodion, going after her. 'Wait a moment, missus, I want to talk to you.' He followed her, hatless. 'I've something to say, missus,' he told her quietly, as if begging for alms. They left the vilage, and Helen stopped in the shadow of an old mountain-ash near somebody's cart. 'Don't you take offence, rniuus,' said Rodion. 'Don't you take no notice. Just have patience, put up with things for a couple of years. Stay on here and put up with it, it'll be all right. We're decent, quiet folk. The peasants are all right, I'll take my oath. Never mind Kozov and the Lychkovs, never mind my Volo^u—that boy's an idiot, listens to the first that speaks. The rest are peaceable, guiet folk. One or two of them wouldn't mind putting in a good word and standing up for you, like, but they ^'t. They have fedings and consciences, but they ain't got no tongues. Don't you take offence, youjust put up with it. What docs it ^tter?' Helen looked pensively at the broad, calm

river, tears streaming do^ her cheeks. Embarrassed by her weeping, Rodion almost wept himsdI

'Don't you take no notice,' he muttered. 'Put up with it for a couple of years. We can have the school and the roads—but not just yet. Suppose you wanted to sow crops on this hillock, say. You'd first have to grub up the roots and pick out all the stones. Then you'd plough it—for ever acoming and a-going you'd be. Folk are the same, like, there's a lot of coming and going before you get things to rights.' A crowd detached itself from Rodion's hut, and moved off up the road towards the mountain-ash. They began singing, an accordion struck up. They kept coming nearer and nearer. 'Do let's leave here, Mother,' said the little girl—pale, huddling up to her mother and trembling all over. 'Let's go awav!' 'Where to?' 'Moscow. Let's go away, Mother.' The child burst into tears. Rodion, his face swcating profusely, was utterly taken aback. Hc removed a cucumber from his pocket—a little, twisted, crescent-shaped cucumber covered with rye crumbs—and thrust it into the girl's hands. 'Therc therc,' hc muttcred, frowiing sternly. 'Take the cucumber and cat it, dear. Don't cry, They walked off. He followed, wanting to say something kind and persuasive. Then, seeing that both were too engrossed in their thoughts and grief to notice him, he stopped. Shielding his eyes from the sun, he watched them for a while until they vanished into their wood.

IV

The engineer had evidently grown irritable and niggling, now seeing in every trifle some act of robbery or other outrage. He kept his gates bolted even in daytime, and at night two watchmen patrolled his garden beating boards.

now, or Mummy will smack you—she'll tell your

father of you. There, there.'

or navvy, no one knew which—took the new wheels off his cart and replaced them with old ones. A little later two bridles and a pair of tongs were taken, and murmurs were heard even in the village. The Lychkovs' place and Volodka's ought to be searched, it was said. Dut then both tongs

He hired no more labour from Obruchanovo. And then, as ill luck would have it, someone—peasant

and bridles turned up under the engineer's garden hedge, where someone had thro^ them.

Going from the wood one day, a crowd of

my park and near my place, but to leave them for my wife and children,' said he, looking angrily from one to the other. 'Dut your girls come before dawn, and we're left without any. Whatever we ask or don't ask, it makes no difference. Pleading, kindness, persuasion . . . they'rc all uscless, I see.' He fixed his indignant gaze on Rodion. 'My wifc and I have treated you as human beings, as equals,' he went on. 'Dut what about you? Oh—what's the usc of calking? We shall cnd up looking down on you, very likely—what else can we do?' Making an effort to keep his temper, in case he said too much, he turned on his heel and marched off. Rodion went home, prayed, took his boots off, sat on his bench beside his wife. 'Aye,' said he when he was rested. 'We're walking along just now, and there's Squire

Kucherov coming our way. Aye! He saw them girls at dawnwn. Why, says he, don't they pick some mushrooms for my wife and children?

peasants met the engineer on the road again. He

'I have asked you not to pick mushrooms in

stopped without saying good day.

going to look a/ter you," says he. I want to fall downwn at his feet, but I don't make so bold. God save him, Lord bless him' Stepanida croued herselfand sighed. 'Squire and his lady are so nice and kind, like,' Rodion went on. ' "We shall look after you"—he promises me that before them all. In our old age, er—. Not a bad thing, either—. I'd always remember them in my prayers. Holy Mother, bless him' The Fourteenth of September—the Feast of the Exaltation of the Cross—was the local church festival. After going over the river in the mo^rng, Lychkov Senior and Lychkov Junior came back towards afternoonThey lurched about the village for a while, singing and swapping obscenities, they had a fight,

Then he looks at me. "Me and the wife, we're a-

and they went up to the manor to complain. First Lychkov Senior entered the grounds carrying a long aspen stick. He halted indecisively, doffed his cap.

'What do you want?' shouted the engineer, who happened to be having tea on the terrace with his family.

'Begging your pardon, Squire,' began Lychkov, bursting into tears. 'Have mercy on me, sir—don't let me downwn. My son'll be the death of me. Ruined me, he has. He's always picking on me, sir' In came Lychkov Junior, hatless, also carrying a stick. He paused, he fixed a drunken, mindless stare on the terrace. 'It's not my job to deal with you,' said the engineer. 'Go and see the police, go to the magistrate.' 'I've been everywhere, I've made me applications,' said Lychkov Senior, sobbing. 'Where can I t^n now? He can murder me now, I suppose. Do anything he likes, can he? And to his father? His father?' He raised his stick and hit his son on the head. Then Junior raised his stick and struck the old man straight on his bald pate so hard that the stick actually rebounded. Without so much as a wince, Lychkov pere again hit Junior, again on the head. They just stood there clouting each other on the head-it looked more like some game than a fight. Massing beyond the gates, village men and women stared silently into the the Lychkovs they were too ashamed to go in.

Next mo^rng Helen left for Moscow with her children, and rumour had it that the engineer had put his house up for sale.

V

The bridge has long been a familiar sight—it is hard, now, to imagine this bit of river without its bridge. The heaps of building rubble have long

been covered with grau, the navvies are a thing of the past, and instead of their shanties the noise

of a passing train is heard almost hourly.

yard, all looking very serious. They had come to offer their holiday greetings, but when they saw

New Villa was sold long ago. It belongs, now, to a civil servant who brings his family over on his days off, has tea on his terrace and drives back to townwn. He wears a cockade on his cap, he talks and coughs like a bureaucrat of consequence, whereas in fact he's very much of a

junior. When the villagers bow to him he makes

no reply.

Everyone in Obruchanovo has aged. Kozov has died, Rodion has even more children in his hut, Volodka has grownwn a long ginger beard. They are just as poor as ever.

home after work: walking slowly, in single file. The wide saws sway on their shoulders, reflecting sunlight. Nightingales sing in the bushes on the river's bank, larks trill in the sky. At New Villa all is quiet, not a soul is to be seen-nothing but golden pigeons ... golden because they are flying in the siunshine high above the house. Everyone-Rodion, both Lychkovs, Volodkaremembers white horses, little ponies, fireworks, lamp-lit boat. They remember the engineer's wife, so handsome and elegant, coming to tie viUage, speaking to them so kindly. Yet none ofit might ever have happened, it is all like a dream or legend. They trudge along wearily, pensively. We're decent, quiet, reasoruble, god-fearing folk in the village, they reflect. Helen Kucherov had been a quiet, kind, gentle person t^^ you couldn't help liking her, poor thing. So why had they been on such bad terms, why had they parted as enemies? What was this mist which veiled everything ofreal importance, while

disclosing only such trifles as trespau, bridles,

Early one spring the Obruchanovites are sav.ing wood near the station. See them going

remember it now! How is it that they can get on with the new ownwner when they were on such bad terms with the engineer? Knowing no answer to these questions, they remain silent. Only Volodka mutters something. 'What's that?' asks Rodion. 'We've managed without a bridge,' says Volodka gloomily. 'We never asked for no bridge and we don't need none.' No one answers. They trudge on silently, heads bowed. ON OFFICIAL BUSINESS An acting coroner and a country doctor were on their way to hold an inquest in the village of Symva when they were overtaken by a snowstorm. For a while they went round in circles, and instead of tu^^g up (as intended) at noon they did not arrive until evening, when it was dark. They were to stay the night in a hut, the rural district council 'offices'. Now, it chanced that these same 'offices' housed the corpse: that of the council's ins^^ce representative Lesnitsky, who had reached Syrnya three days earlier, settled do^ in the hut, ordered a samovar and

tongs? Such nonsense it all seems when you

shot himself much to everyone's surprise. The strange ^^mer of his end—over that ^movar, after he had spread his food out on the table—had given rise to widespread suspicions of murder. An inquest there must be. Doctor and coroner shook the snow off in the passage, stamping their feet, while the elderly village constable, Eli Loshadin, stood near them holding a light: a tin lamp. There was a stink ofparaffin. 'Who are you, my man?' asked the doctor. 'Conshtible,' a^^ered the constable. That was how he signed his name in the post-office: conshtible. 'And where are the witneses?' 'Gone for their tea, sir, I reckon.' On the right was the parlour, or 'reception'—for persons of genteel rank—and on the left was the room for the vulgar, with its big stove and its shelf for sleeping on. Doctor and coroner, followed by the constable with the lamp above his head, went into 'reception'. Here, on the floor close to the table legs, a long, whiteshrouded body lay stock still. Besides that white covering the dim lamp-light clearly showed some the stillness of the corpse. On the table was the samovar, long cold, and around it were certain packets—the food, pres^ably. 'Shooting himself on council property—very tactless, that,' said the doctor. 'If he wanted to put a bullet through his brains he might have done it at home in some shed or other.' Just as he was—in fur cap, fur coat, felt boots—he lowered himself on to the bench. His companion the coroner sat opposite. 'They're so selfish, these hysterical neurotics,' the doctor went on sadly. 'When a neurotic sleeps in the same room as you, he'll rustle a newspaper. When you dine together he'll start a row with his wife without minding you. And when he fancies shooting himself he does it like this: in a village, on official premises, just to create as much trouble as possible. No matter where they are they think only of Number One, these birds do-oh, they're a selfish lot. That's why old folk so dislike what they call this "nervous" age.' 'Old folk dislike so many things,' yawned the

new rubber galoshes. It was all very eerie and nasty: the dark walls, the silence, those galoshes,

about the difference between suicides as they used to be and as they are today? In the old days your gentleman, s^^lled, would shoot himself because he'd embczzled public money, but your present-day suicide does it because he's fed up with life and depreaed. Which is better?' 'The fed-up-and-depressed brigade. Still, he didn't have to shoot himself on council property, now, did he?' 'Oh it's real vexing—more than flesh and blood can stand,' said the constable. 'The peasants are very upset, sir, they haven't slept these three nights. Their kids are crying. Their cows need milking, but the women are scared to go to the shed-afraid they'll see the gent's ghost in the dark. They'rc just silly women, I know, but there's some of the men scared too. They won't pass this hut on their own of an evening, they all troop by in a bunch. Them witnesses are the same.' Middle-aged, dark-bearded, bespectacled Dr. Starchenko and Coroner Lyzhin—fair-haired, quite young, having taken his degree only two years previously and looking more like a student than an official—sat deep in silent thought. They

coroner. 'Why don't you tell the older generation

wait till morning and spend the night here, but it wasn't even six o'clock yet, and they were faced with a long evening followed by a long, dark night, boredom, uncomfortable sleeping arrangements, cockroaches and the cold of early morning. Harking to the blizzard howling in chimney and loft, both thought how far this was from the life wlich they would have chosen, and of which they had once dreamed. How little they resembled their contemporaries who were now strolling do-wn brightly-lit townwn streets not noticing the bad weather, who were getting ready for the theatre or sicting over books in their studies. What they would have given, now, just to stroll along the Nevsky Prospekt in St. Petersburg or downwn Moscow's Petrovka Street, to listen to decent singing, to spend an hour or so in a restaurant! The blizzard whined and droned in the loft, there was a furious slamming outside: the office signboard, no doubt. 'I don't know about you, but I don't want to spend the night here. Starchenko stood up. 'It's not ax yet, it's too early for bed, so I'm off. There's

were annoyed at arriving late. Now they had to

a von Taunitz lives near by, only a couple of miles from I'll drive over for the evening. Constable, go and tell our driver not to take the horses out. 'Now, what about you?' he asked Lyzhin. 'I don't know. I'll go to sleep, I suppose.' The doctor wrapped his fur coat round him and went out. He was heard talking to the driver. Sleigh-bellsjingled on cold horses. He drove off. 'It ain't right for you to sleep here, ^iter,' said the constable. 'You go in the other room. It ain't clean, but thatwon't ^tter for one night. I'll just get a samovar from the caretaker and put it on. Then I'll nuke a pile of this here hay for you, sir, and you have a nice sleep.' A little later the coroner was sitting in the other room dri^mg tea while Constable Loshadin stood by the door talking. He was an old man: t^ned sixty, short, very ^rn, hunched, pale, with a naive smile and watery eyes. And he was for ever smacking his lips as if sucking sweets. He wore a

short sheepskin coat and felt boots, he always held a stick. He was evidently touched by the coroner's youth, which must be why he spoke to

him in this familiar way.

'Old Theodore, the gaffer on the parish council ... he told me to report when the police inspector or the coroner arived,' he said. 'Oh well, I suppose I must be on my way. It's nearly three miles to hU place, there's a blizzard and there's drifts. Proper awful it is—1 won't get there before midnight, belike. Hark at that howling!' 'I don't need your gaffer,' said Lyzhin. 'There's nothing for him to do here.' He looked at the old man inquisitively. 'I, old fellow, how long have you been constable round here?' 'How long? Why, thirty year, it must be. Five years after the serfs were freed I started the job, so you can reckon it yourselJ Since then I've been at it every day. Ochers have their holidays, but I never have no day off. It may be Easter over there, with church bells ringing and Christ getting Himself resurrected, but I'm doing me rounds with me little bag. I go to the accounts department, the post-office, the police inspector's place. I visit the magistrate, the tax man, the town hall, the ladies and gentlemen, the peasants and all other god-fearing Russian folks. I carry parcels, notices, tax papers, letters, all sorts of there's all these form things— red, white, vellow—what you write fi.gures on. Every squire, parson and rich villager must write down a dozen times a year what he's so-wn and reaped. how many bushels or hundredweight of rve he has, how much oats and hay—and also about the weather, different insects and that. They put do^ what they please, of course—it's only a form but it's me as has to go round handing out them bits of paper and then go round again collecting them. Now, take this dead gentleman here. There ain't no call to cut his guts out—there's no point, as you know yourself, it's only dirtying your hands for nothing. But you've been put to this trouble—you've come out here—because of them forms, sir. It can't be helped. Thirty year I've been traipsing round with forms. Summer's all right, it's warm and dry—but in winter or autu^ it's a nuisance. I've kno^ times when I near dro^ed and froze, there's nothing as hasn't happened to me. There was that time when some villains stole me bag in a wood and beat me up. And I've been had up in court' 'What ever for?'

forms, registers. These days, my dear good sir,

'What do you mean, fraud?' 'Well, what happened is, our clerk—Khrisanf Grigoryev-sells a contractor some boards as weren't his ... cheats him, like. I'm there when it's going on, and they send me out to the pub for some vodka. Well, the clerk doesn't cut me in-never even offers me a gla^-but seeing as I'm poor and don't look reliable, seeing I'm kind of no good, like, they takes us both to court. He goes to prison, but I'm let off on all counts, thank God. They read out one of them bits of paper at the trial, and they're all wearing uniform—in court, that is. Now, you take it from me, sir, my

'Fraud.'

kind of work ... for someone as ain't used to it, it's hell on earth, God help me, but it ain't nothing to the likes of us. It's when you're **not** doing your rounds that your feet ache! And it's worse for us indoors. Back at the parish offices it's make up the clerk's stove, fetch the clerk's water, clean the clerk's boots.'

'What wages do you get?' Lyzhin asked.

'Eighty-four rouble a year.'

'But you must make a bit on the side, surely?'

'Bit on the side? No fear! Gentlefolk don't tip

much these days. They're hard-hearted nowadays, arc gentlefolk—proper touchy they are. Bring 'em a form and they take it amiss. Doff your hat to 'em, and they take that amiss. "You didn't use the proper entrance," they say. "You're a dr^^ard," they say. "You stink ofonion, you oaf, you son of a bitch." There's some kind ones ofcourse, but what good are they? They only laugh at you, call you names. Take that Mr. Altukhin, now, He's kind and he looks sober, like, he has his head screwed on. But when he sees you he starts shouting things he don't even understand himself. He gives me a nickname, er' The constable pronounced a word, but so guietly that it made no sense. 'What?' asked Lyzhin. 'Say it again.' 'Mr. Administrator,' the constable repeated aloud. 'He's been calling me that for a long time, about six years. "Hallo there, Mr. Administrator." But it's al right, I don't mind—let 'im! And a lady will sometimes send you out a glau of vodka and a bit of pie—so you drink her health, like. The peasants give most. He's more warm- hearted, your peasant is, he fears God. He'll give you a bit of bread, a sup of cabbage stew, or a glass of something. Or the gaffers give you tea in the pub. Like now, say—them wimesses have gone for their tea. "You stay and keep watch, Loshadin," they tell me. And they give me a copeck each. They're scared beca\ they ain't used to these things. And yesterday they gave me fifteen copecks and a glass of tea.' 'And you—aren't you afraid?' 'I am that, mister, but it's all part of the job, ain't it? That's service life for you. Last year I was taking a prisoner to to^, when he suddenly starts beating me up-he doesn't half lam into me! There's open country and forests all around, no refuge anywhere. Now, take this business here. I remember Mr. Lesnitsky when he was only so high, I knew his father and his mum. I come from Nedoshchotovo village, and they—the Lesnitsky family—live half a mile away ... less, in fact, their land joins ours. Now, old Mr. Lesnitsky had an unmarried sister, a god-fearing, kind-hearted soul—Lord, remember Thy servant Julia, may her name live for ever! She never married, and when she was dying she split her property, leaving the monastery two hundred and fifty acres, and giving us-Nedoshchotovo village- five hundred to remember her by. But they do say as how the old squire her brother hid that paper—burnt it in his stove, he did, and took all the land himself. He's doing himself a good ^m, thinks he. But that ain't so, mate. You can't live by injustice, brother, not on this earth you can't. And the old squire didn't go to confession for twenty year, he turned against the church, like, and he died unrepentant. Burst himself hc did—he wasn't half fat. Right along his wholc length he burst. Then they take cverything away from the young master herename of Seryozha-to pay them debts. They take thc lot. Wcll, sceing he hasn't much booklearning—or sensc, either—his uncle, who's Council Chairman, thinks he'll take him on as insurance man. "Let Seryozha try it," says he. "It's easy enough, is the insurance." But the young master's proud, he is. He wants something with a bit more scope too, a bit more stylish, a bit more free and easy. Traipsing round the county in some broken-down cart talking to peasants ... it's rather a come-down. When he's on his rounds hc always has his eyes fixed on the ground. He don't say nothing. "Mr. Scryozha!" you can shout right into his ear, and he'll just look round with an "Eh?" And he'll C.x his eycs on the ground again. And now he's done himself in, see? It's awkward, sir—it ain't right. The things that happen ... you can't make head nor tail of them, God help us. Say your father was rich, but you're poor—well, it's real hard on you, true enough, but you must put up with it. I once lived well myself, sir, I've kept my two horses, my three cows, my twenty head ofsheep. But a time camc when I was left with only me little bag-even that wasn't mine but the government's. And now I've got what you might call the rottenest house in our village. Fell off me perch, I did—came down with a bump: it was king of the castle one day and dirty rascal the next!' 'What m:ide you so poor?' the coroner asked. 'My sons don't half knock back the vodka. The amount they shift . . . ifl told you, you'd never believe it.' Lyzhin realized as he listened that he himself would be blick in Moscow sooner or later, whereas this old boy would be stuck here doing his rounds for ever. How many more of them would he meet in life ... these bedraggled, unkempt, 'no good' old men in whose of their glass of tea and a profound faith that honesty is the only possible policy in life? Then he grew tired of listening and told the old man to bring hay for his bedding. Though there was an iron bedstead, with pillow and blankct, in 'reception', and though it could have been brought in, the corpse—the man who had perhaps sat on that bed before he died—had lain alongside for nearly three days. To sleep in it now would be wipleasant. 'Only half-past seven, how awful!' thought Lyzhin, looking at his watch.' He was not sleepy, but having nothing clse to do he lay down and pulled a rug over himself—just to pass the time. Loshadin cleared away the tea things, popping in and out several times, smacking his lips, sighing, fidgeting near the table. He took his lamp and went out in the end. Looking at that long grey hair and bent body from behind, Lyzhin thought that the old man was just like a wizard in an opera. It was dark. There must have been a moon bclind the clouds because the windows and the

consciousness the concept of the fifteen-copeck piece was somehow indissolubly fused with that

'Oh lord, lord, lord—' moaned a woman in the loft. Or so it seemed. Then something struck the outside wall with a great thudding crash. The coroner pricked up his ears. That was no woman but the howling wind. Feeling chilly, he

snow on their frames could be so clearly seen.

The blizzard howled and howled.

warmed up on all this stuff: blizzard, hut, old man;-corpse next door. What a far cry, all this, from the life of his dreams-how alien, how petty, how dull! If the man had killed himself in Moscow or those parts, if the coroner had had to hold that inquest, how interesting and important

put his fur coat over the rug, reflecting as he

it would all have been. He irnght even have been scared to sleep in the next room to a corpse. Here, though, more than six hundred miles from Moscow, all these things appeared in different

guise. This wasn't life, these weren't people—they were just 'things on forms' (as Loshadin would put it). None of this would leave the faintest trace

in the memory, it would be forgotten as soon as

Lyzhin left Syrnya. His country—real Russia—was Moscow and St. Peters- burg. This an ace investigator, say, prosecuting at the assizes, making a splash socially—you're bound to think of Moscow. Moscow ... that's where the action is! Whereas hete you want nothing, you easily come to terms with your own insignificance, and you expect only one thing oflife:just let it hurry up and go away. Borne in imagination along Moscow streets, Lyzhin called at friends' houses, met relatives and colleagues. His heart leapt for joy to think that he was only twenty-six—and if he escaped from here and reached Moscow in fi.ve or ten years it still wouldn't be too late, there would still be a whole life ahead of him. Sinking into unconsciousness, his thoughts now more and more confused, he imagined the long corridors of the Moscow courthouse, himselfgiving a speech, his sisters, and an orchestra which was droning away for some reason. And again he heard the same howling, again the same thudding crashes. Then he suddenly remembered talking to a

cashier once at the council offices, when a certain

place was just a provincial outpost. When you dream of making a stir, becoming popular—being

approached the counter. He had that unpleasant look about the eyes which you see in people who have slept too long after lunch—it spoilt his subtle, intelligent profile. He wore jack-boots which didn't suit him: they looked too rough. The cashier had introduced him as 'our insurance man'. So that was who Lesnitsky had been—the very same, Lyzhin now reckoned. He remembered Lesnitsky's quiet voice, pictured his walk . . . and seemed to hear someone walking near him now: someone who walked just like Lesnitsky. Suddenly he panicked, his head went cold. 'Who's there?' he asked in alarm. 'The conshtible.' 'What do you want?' 'It's just a question, sir. You saidjust now you didn't need the gaffer here, but I'm afraid he might get vexed, like. He told me to fetch him, so hadn't I better?' 'Oh, bother you,' said Lyzhin, testily, covering himself up again. 'I'm fed up with you.' 'He might get vexed, like. I'll be on my way, sir, and you make yourself at home here.'

thin, pale, dark-eyed, black-haired individual had

murmuring in the passage— the wime »es must he back. 'We'll let those poor fellows off early tomorrow,' thought the coroner. 'We'll start the inguest at daybreak.' Then, just as he was losing consciousness, more footsteps-not timid, these, but swift and noisy—were heard. A door slammed, there were voices, a match was struck. 'Asleep, eh?' rapped Dr. Starchenko crossly, lighting match after match. He was completely covered with snow and brought a chill air in with him. 'Asleep, eh? Get up, we're going to von Taunitz's, he's sent his own horses for you. Come

Loshadin left. There was coughing and

on, you'll at least get your supper and a decent sleep. I've come for you myself, you see. The horses are splendid, and we'll make it in twenty minutes.'

'What time is it?'

'A quarter past ten.'

Sleepy and disgruntled, Lyzhin donned boots, coat, cap and hood, and went out with the doctor. Though the cold was not intense, a piercing gale blew, driving clouds of snow downwn the road

There were already deep snowdrifts by fences and doorways. Doctor and coroner got into the sledge, and a white driver bent over them to button up the cover. They were boch hot. 'We're off!' Off they drove through the village. The coroner idly watched che trace-horse's legs working, and thought of Pushkin's 'He clove the snow in powdered furrows'. There were lights in all the huts, as on the eve of a major festival: the villagers were too scared of the corpse to go to bed. Bored, no doubt, by his wait outside the hut-brooding, too, on the dead body-their driver preserved a sullen silence. 'When Taunitz's people realized you were staying overnight in that hut,' said Scarchenko, 'they all went on ac me for not bringing you along.' On a bend at che end of the village the driver suddenly yelled at the top of his voice chat someone should 'get out of che way!' They glimpsed a figure knee-deep in snow: someone who had stepped off the road and was watching the sledge with its three horses. The coroner saw

before it— seenungly in panic-stricken rout.

smiling! Ic was just a glimpse and then he vanished. The road first skirted a wood, then ran downwn a broad forest ride. They glimpsed old pines, young birches and call, gnarled young oaks standing alone in clearings where timber had recently been felled, but soon the air was aU ablur with snow flurries. The driver claimed to see trees, but the coroner saw oidy the trace-horse. The wind blew against their backs. Suddenly the horses halted. 'What is it this time?' asked Starchenko crossly. The driver silently climbed off his box and ran round the sledge, digging in his heels. He described ever wider circles further and further from the sledge, and seemed to be dancing. At last he came back and tumed right. 'Missed the road, did you, my man?' asked Starchenko. 'We're all right' Here was some village without a single light. Then came more woods, more fields, they lost the

a crook, a beard, a slung satchel. It was Loshadin, ic struck him, a Loshadin who was actually

road again, che driver climbed off the box and danced again. The sledge careered down a dark avenue, flying rapidly on while the heated tracehorse kicked into the front of the bodywork. Here the trees gave a hollow roar. It was terrifying, pitch black—as if they were hurtling into an abyss. Then, suddenly, the bright light of a drive and windows struck their eyes, a welcoming bark rang out, there were voices. They lwd arrived. As they took off their coats and boots in the hall, someone was playing the waltz 'Un petit verre de Cliquot' on a piano upstairs, and the stamp of children's feet was heard. Warm air suddenly breathed on the travellers the scent of rooms in an old manor where life is always so snug, clean and comfortable, never mind the weather out-side. 'Capital, capital!' said von Taunitz, a fat man with side-whiskers and an unbelievably broad neck, as he shook the coroner's hand. 'Now do come in-delighted to meet you. After all, we're colleagues in a way, you and I. I was deputy prosecutor once, but not for long-only two years. I carne here to run this place, and I've 'Do come in,' he went on, obviously trying not to speak too loud, and took the guests upstairs. 'I have no wife. She died, but here are my daughters. May I introduce you?'

He turned round. 'Tell Ignaitius to bring the sledge round for eight o'clock tomorrow,' he shouted downstairs in a voice ofthunder.

His four daughters were in the drawing-room: pretty young girls, all in grey dresses, all with the same hair style. There was an attractive young cousin too, with her children. Having met them already, Starchenko at once asked them to sing

grownwn old here. I'm an old fogy, in fact.

they rendered a quavering duet from **The** *Queen* of Spades. 'Un petit verre de Cliquot' was played again, while the children skipped and beat time with their feet. Starchenko pranced a bit too, and everyone laughed.

Then the children said good night and went to

something, and two of the young ladies assured him at length that they couldn't sing and had no music. Then the cousin sat down at the piano and

bed. The coroner laughed, danced a quadrille, flirted, and wondered ifhe was dreaiing. The peasants' quarters in the council hut, the hay pile

in the corner, the rustle of cockroaches, the revoltingly mean appointments, the witnesses' voices, the wind, the snowstorm, the danger oflosing one's way—then, suddenly, these superb, brightly-lit roois, piano-playing, lovely girls, curly-haired children and gay, happy laughter! The transformation seemed magical. And for it to be accomplished within a couple ofmiles or so, a single hour . . . that seemed incredible. Dismal thoughts marred his enjoyment. This wasn't life around him, he mused, it was only scraps of life-mere fragments. You could draw no conclusions, things were all so arbitrary. He even felt sorry for these girls who lived, who would end their lives, out here in this provincial dump, far from the sort of cultured setting where nothing is arbitrary, where evcrything makes sense and conforms with its ov.n laws-and where, for instance, every suicide is intelligible, where one can explain why it happened, and what part it plays in the general scheme ofthings. Ifhe couldn't make sense ofthe life around him in this backwater, ifhe couldn't even see it—then there couldn't be any life round here, he supposed.

'Thcseneuroticsandother mentalJy unstable persons ... I wouldn't let them marry, I'd deny them the right and opportunity to reproduce their kind. It's a crime to bring mentally disturbed children into the world.'

'Poor young fellow,' von Taunitz sighed quietly, shaking his head. 'What brooding, what

agony one must suffer before fmally venturing to take one's life—a young life. It can happen in any family, such a disaster. It's terrible, it's hard to

Conversation at supper turned to Lesnitsky. 'He left a wife and child,' said Starchenko.

endure, it's unbearable'
The girls all listened silently, with grave faces, looking at their father. Lyzhin felt that he was expected to comment too, but all he could think ofwas that, yes, suicides were an 'undesirable phenomenon'.

He slept in a warm room on a soft bed with

a quilt above him and a finely woven fresh sheet beneath, but somehow failed to appreciate these amenities—perhaps because the doctor and von Taunitz kept up a long conversation next door while the storm was making just as big a racket above the ceiling and in the stove as it had back in the hut. It was that same old droning, piteous whine. Taunitz's wife had died two years before. He still hadn't resigned himself to the fact, and kept mentioning her no matter what he was talking about. There was nothing of the lawyer about him any longer. 'Could I ever be reduced to such a state?' wondered Lyzhin as he fell asleep, hearing the other's subdued and bereaved-sowiding voice through the wall. The coroner slept badly. He was hot and uncoi^ortable. In his sleep he seemed not to be in Taunitz's house, or in a soft clean bed-but still back in the hut on the hay, listening to the wimesscs' muffied voices. He felt as if Lesnitsky was near: about fifteen paces away. In his dreams he once more remembered the msurance man—black- haired, pale, in dusty boots—approaching the cashier's counter. ('This is our insurance man.') Then he imagined Lesnitsky and Constable Loshadin walking side by side through the snow-fields, supporting each other. The blizzard whirled above them, the wind blew at their backs, while they went on their way quietly singing that they were 'marching along, marching along'. The old man looked like an operatic wizard, and both were singing as though on stage. 'We're marching, marching along. You're warm, you have light and comfort, but we are marching into the freezing cold and blizzard through the deep snow. We know no peace, no joy. We bear all the burdens of this life, our own and vours. 'We are marching, marching along,' they droned. Lyzhin woke and sat up in bed. What a confused, evil dream! Why had he dreamt of the insiirance man and the constable together? What noisense! But while Lyzhin's heart throbbed, while he sat up in bed clutching his head in his hands, it occurred to him that the insurance man and the constable really did have something in common. Had they not indeed been marching along through life side by side, clinging to each other? There was some link-invisible, but significant and essential—between the two, between them and Taunitz, even . .. between all

men. Nothing in this life, even in the remotest

backwater, is arbitrary, everything is imbued by a single common idea, everything has but one spirit, one purpose. Thinking and reasoning are not enough to furnish insights into these things. Very likely one also needs the gift of penetrating life's essence—a gift which has obviously not been granted to everyone. The miserable, brokendown, suicidal 'neurotic' {the doctor's word for him), the old peasant who had spent every day of his life wandering from one person to another ... only to someone who also finds his own existence arbitrary are these arbitrary fragments of life. To him who sees and understands his own life as part of the common whole these things are all part of a single miraculous and rational organism. Thus did Lyzhin brood, such was his own long-<herished secret idea. But only now had it unfurled itself so broadly and clearly in his mind. He lay down, began dozing off Then, suddenly, they were walking along together again. 'We're marching, marching along,' they sang, 'We take upon ourselves all the hardest and bitterest clements in life. We leave you the easy, enjoyable things, and so you can sit at your before, but as an idea somehow masked by other ideas. It had flickered timidly like a distant light in foggy weather. This suicide, this village tragedy ... they lay heavy on his conscience, he felt. To resign oneself to the fact that these

people, so submissive to their fate, have taken on the burden of everything most grim and black in life . . . how horrible! To resign oneself to that

The burden of their song had occurred to him

supper table coldly and sensibly discussing why we suffer and perish, why we are less healthy

and happy than you.'

going to their help.

while yet desiring a bright, lively life for oneself amid happy, contented people, and while yea^^g constantly for such a life ... this was to desire yet more suicides among those crushed by toils and tribulations, among the weak and the outcast:

among those very people who may be the subject of the occasional annoyed or sardonic mention over the supper-table . .. yet without anyone ever

Once again he heard their 'marching, marching along', and he felt as if someone was banging his temples with a hammer.

Next morning he woke early with a headache,

'You can't leave now,' von Taimitz was shouting at the doctor in the next room. Just look out of doors! Don't argue, you ask the driver—he won't take you in this weather for a million roubles.' 'But it is only two miles, isn't it?' the doctor pleaded. 'I don't care if it's two hundred yards. What can't be done can't be done. The monient vou're through those gates all hell will break loose, you'll be off that road inside a minute. Say what you like, but nothing would induce me to let you go.' 'It'll guieten do^ by evening, I reckon,' said the peasant who was tending the stove. The doctor next door was talking about

roused by a noise.

The doctor next door was talking about Russia's rugged climate influencing her national character, about the long winters impeding freedom of movement and thus retarding the people's intellectual growth. Meanwhile Lyzhin listened with vexation to these disquisitions, gazing through the windows at the snowdrifts

against the fence, at the white dust filling all visible space, at the trees bending desperately to

banging. 'Well, what moral can we draw?' he wondered gloomily. 'That this is a blizzard, that's all.' They lunched at noon, then wandered aimlessly about the house and went to the windows. 'Lesnitsky lies there,' thought Lyzhin, looking at the snow flurries whirling furiously above the drifts. 'There he lies, while the witnesses wait.' They talked about the weather, saying that a snowstorm usually lasts forty-eight hours, rarely longer. They dined at six, then played cards, sang, danced and finally had supper. The day was over, they went to bed. The storm droppedjust before dawn. When they got up and looked out of the windows, bare willows with their feebly drooping branches stood completely still. It was overcast and quiet, as ifnature was now ashamed ofher orgy, of her mad nights, of giving vent to her passions. Harnessed in tandem, the horses had been waiting at the front door since five o'clock that morning. When it was fully daylight, doctor and coroner put on their coats and boots, said good-

right and left. He listened to the howling and

bye to their host, and went out. By the porch, near the driver, stood the familiar figure of the 'conshtible'. Hatless, with his old leather bag across his shoulder, Eli Loshadin was covered with snow. His face was red and wet with sweat. A footman—he had come out to help the guests into the sledge and wrap up their feet—looked at the old man sternly. 'Why are you hang- ing around, you old devil? Clear out!' 'The village people are upset, sir,' said Loshadin, smiling innocently all over his face—and obviously glad to see, at last, those whom he had so long awaited. 'Very restive, them peasants are, and the kids are crying. They thought you'd gone back to town, sir. Have pity on them, good, kind sirs' Doctor and coroner said nothing, got in the sledge and drove to Symva. AT CHRISTMAS 'Tell me what to write,' said Yegor as he dipped lispen in the ink. Not for four years had Vasilisa seen her daughter. The daughter, Yefimya, had gone to St. and she had written home twice. Dut not a word had been heard of her after that, she might have vanished into thin air. Milking the cow at dawn, making up the stove, dreaning at night, the old woman had only one thing on her lind: how was Yefimya getting on, was she alive? Vasilisa ought to send a letter, but her old man couldn't write—and there was no one else to ask. Well, when Christmas came round Vasilisa could bear it no longer, and went to sec Yegor at the inn. This Yegor was the landlady's brother who had been hanging round that pub doing nothing ever since he had come home from the army. He was said to turn out a good letter if he was properly paid. Vasilisa first had a word with the pub cook, and then with the landlady, and fmally with Yegor hinuelf. A fifieen-copeck fee was agreed. And now, in the pub kitchen on Boxing Day, Yegor sat at the table holding a pen. Vasilisa stood before him brooding. She had a care- worn, griefstricken air. Her old husband, Peter-very thin, tall, brown-pated—had come in with her and stood staring straight before him like a blind

Petersburg with her husband after their wedding,

man. On the stove a pan of pork was frying. It hissed, it spurted, it even seemed to be saying 'flue', 'flu', 'flew' or some such word. The room was hot and stuffy. 'What shall I write?' Yegor repeated. 'Nonc of that, now!' said Vasilisa with an angry and suspicious look. 'Don't you rush me. You ain't doing us no favour. You're being paid, ain't you? So you write "to our dear son-in-law Andrew and our only beloved daughter YeC.mya our love, a low bow and our parental blessing which shall abide for ever aud ever." 'O.K. Carry ou shooting!' 'We also wish you a Happy Christmas. We are alive and well, and we wish the same to you from Our Lord, er, and Heavenly King.' Vasilisa pondered, exchanged glances with the old man. 'We wish the same to you from Our Lord, er, and Heavenly King,' she repeated—and burst into tears. That was all she could say. And yet, when she had lain awake at night thinking, a dozen letters hadn't seemed enough to say it all. Since the daughter and her husband had left, a great deal their daughter. So many things had happened in the village since then, what with all the weddings and funerals. How long the winters had seemed, how long the nights! 'It's hot in here,' said Yegor, unbuttoning his waistcoat. 'About seventy degrees, I reckon. 'All right then—what else?' he asked. The old people said nothing. 'What's your son-in-law's job?' asked Yegor. 'He was a soldier, sir, as you know,' answered the old man in a frail voice. 'He left the service same time as you. He was a soldier, but now he works in St. Petersburg, like—in the hydropathetics. There's a doctor cures the sick with the waters, and he's a doorman at that doctor's institution.' 'It's all written here,' said the old woman, taking a letter out of her kerchief. 'This came from Yefimya, God knows when. Perhaps they ain't alive no more.' Yegor reflected and wrote rapidly. 'At the present j uncture,' he wrote, 'seeing as

of water had flowed under the bridge, and the old people had lived a life of utter loneliness, sighing deeply of night as ifthey had buried Soldiering Feild we advises you to look in the Regulations of Disciplinnary Penalties and the Criminal Law of the War Department and you will see in them said Laws the civilization of the Higher Ranks of the War Deppartment.' After writing this, he read it out aloud while Vasilisa was thinking that he ought to write how miserable they had been last year, when their grain hadn't even lasted till Christmas and they'd had to sell the cow. She ought to ask for money, she ought to write that the old man was often poorly—and was bound, soon, to be called to his Maker. But how could she put it in words? What did you say first and what next? 'Pay attenshon,' Yegor went on writing. 'In Volume Five of Milit- tary Regulations. Soldier is a genneral Term as is wellyour most important Genneral and the least importtant Private is both called Soldiers.' The old man moved his lips. 'It would be nice to see our grandchildren,' he said softly. 'What grandchildren?' the old woman asked,

how destinny has been determined in the

looking at him ^^rily. 'Perhaps there ain't none.' 'Ain't none? But perhaps there is. Who can tell?' 'By which you can judge,' Yegor hurried on, 'which enemy is Foreign and which Internnal the most important Inte^^l Enemy is Bacchus.' The pen squeaked, making flourishes like fishhooks on the paper. Yegor was in a hurry and read out each line several times. He sat on a stool, legs sprawling under the table: a smug, hulking, fat-faced, red- necked creature. He was the very soul of vulgarity—of vulgarity brash, overbearing, exultant, and proud of having been born and bred in a pub. That this indeed was vulgarity Vasilisa fully realized, though she could not put it into words, but only looked at Yegor angrily and suspiciously. His voice, his meaningleu words, the heat, the stuffmess ... they made her head ache and muddled her thoughts, so she said nothing, thought nothing, and only waited for that pen to stop squeaking. But the old man was looking at Yegor with absolute faith. He trusted them both: his old woman who had brought him here, and Yegor. And when he had mentioned the 'hydropathetics' institution just curative power of the waters'—had been written all over his face.

Yegor finished, stood up and read out the whole letter from the beginning. Not understanding, the old man nodded trustingly.

'Pretty good, a smooth job,' said he. 'God bles you. Pretty good.'

They put three five-copeck pieces on the table left the pub. The old man stared straight before

now, his faith—alike in that institution and in the

his face, but as they came out of the pub Vasilisa swung her fist at the dog.

'Ugly brute!' she said angrily.

The old woman got no sleep that night for

him as if he was blind, absolute faith written on

wor^mg. At da^ she rose, said her prayers and set off for the station to post the letter—a distance of between eight and nine miles.

II

Dr. B. O. Moselweiser's Hydro was open on New Year's Day, as on any orJinary day, die only difference being that Andrew the doornun wore a uniform with new galloons. His boots had an extra special shine and he wished everyone who

carne in a Happy New Year.

regulars—followed by the postman. 'Happy New Year, sir,' said Andrew, helping the general off with his cloak. 'Thank you, my good feUow. Same to you.' On his way upstairs the general nodded towards a door and asked a guestion which he asked every day, always forgetting the answer. 'What goes on in there?' 'Massage room, sir!' When the general's steps had died away, Andrew examined the postal delivery and found one letter addressed to himself He opened it, read several lines. Glancing at the newspaper, he sauntered to his room which was down here on the ground floor at the end of the pa^age. His

It was morning. Andrew stood by the door reading a newspaper. At exactly ten o'clock in carne a general whom he knew^^ne of the

Another child, the eldest, stood near her with his curly head on her lap while a third slept on the bed.

Entering his room. Andrew gave his wife the letter.

'This must be from the village.'

wife Yefimya sat on the bed feeding a baby.

door. He could hear Yefimva read out the fi.rst lines in a quavering voice. After reading them she couldnt carry on— those few lines were guite enough for her, she was bathed in tears. Hugging and kissing her eldest child, she began to speak—crying or laughing, it was hard to say which. 'This is from Granny and Grandpa,' she said. 'From the village. May the Holy Mother and the Blessed Saints be with them. They have snow drifts right up to the roofs now, and the trees are white as white. The children are sliding on their tiny toboggans. And there's dear old bald Grandpa on the stove. And there's a little yellow dog. My lovely darlings.' As he listened, Andrew remembered that his wife had given him letters three or four times, asking him to post them to the village, but some important business had always prevented him. He had not posted those letters, and they had been left lying around somewhere. 'There's little hares running about them

fields,' Yeftmya chanted, bathed in tears and

Then he went out, not taking his eyes off the newspaper, and paused in the corridor near his

live a godly life and fear the Lord. There's a little church, with such nice peasants singing in the choir. Holy Mother, our protector, take us away from this place!' Andrew came back to his room for a smoke

kissing her boy. 'Grandpa is quiet and gentle, and Granny is also kind and loving. In the village they

before anyone else arrived, and Yefimya suddenly stopped talking, quietened do^ and wiped her eyes. Only her lips quivered. She was so afraid of him, oh dear she was! His footsteps,

his glance . .. they nude her tremble with fright. She dared not iitter a word in lis presence.

No sooner had Andrew lit a cigarette than

there was a ring from upstairs. He put out his cigarette, adopted an expreuion of great solemity, and ran to his front door.

The general was descending from aloft, pink and fresh from his bath.

'What goes on in there?' he asked, pointing at

'What goes on in there?' he asked, pointing at a door. Andrew drew limself up to attention, and

announced in a loud voice that it was the 'Charcot showers, sir!'
FRAGMENT

of Professor Kaygorodov, he worked in the sweat of his brow and noted down his observations of nature. After his death these notes were inherited by his housekeeper Martha, as also were his other effects. As everyone knows, that respectable old woman pulled down the manor farm and built an excellent inn, licensed for spirits, on the site. There was a special saloon bar for travelling landowners and officials, and the deceased owner's diary was kept on a table in this bar for convenience, should customers perchance require paper. One sheet of these notes has come into my possession. It evidently refers to the very beginning of the deceased's agricultural activities and it contains the following entries. 3 March. Spring. The birds have begun to fly back. Yesterday I saw some sparrows. Greetings, feathered children of the south! In your sweet twittering I seem to hear the words: 'Wishing you every h.ippiness, sir.' 14 March. Today I asked Martha why a cock

K.ozerogov, a senior civil servant, retired, bought a small estate and settled down on it. Here, in partial emulation of Cincinnatus but also me. I have a throat too, I told her, but I don't crow. Nature holds so many mysteries. When working in St. Peters- burg, I fiequently ate turkey, but yesterday was the first time I ever saw a live turkey. Most remarkable bird. 22 March. The local police officer called. We had a long conversation about virtue: I seated, he standing. 'Would you like to have your youth restored, sir?' he asked, among other things. 'No, I wouldn't,' I answered, 'because if I was young again I shouldn't hold my present high rank.' He agreed and went away visibly moved. April. I personally dug two beds in my kitchen garden and sowed buckwheat in them. I didn't say a word about it as I wanted to surprise Martha, to whom I owe so many happy moments of my life. Yesterday at tea she complained bitterly of her build, claiiing that increasing corpulence now prevented her going through the larder door. 'On the contrary, dearest,' I noted in reply, 'the fullness of your figure serves to adorn you and only disposes me more favourably towards you.' She blushed, and I stood up and embraced her

crows so often. 'Because it has a throat,' she told

with both arms, for one arm alone wouldn't go round her. jS May. An old fcllow saw inc nc.nr the women's bathing place and asked what I was doing there. Tin making sure no young men loiter and hang around,' I answered. 'Let's make sure of it together.' With these words the old man sat down by my side and we started to talk about virtue. THE STORY OF A COMMERCIAL VENTURE AndrewSiderov inherited four thousand roubles from his mother and decided to open a bookshop with the money. Such a shop was greatly needed, for the townwn was stagnatingin ignorance and prejudice. Old men did nothing but visit the public baths, civil servants played their cards and knocked back their vodka, ladies gossiped, young people lacked ideals, unmarried girls thought about getting married and ate porridge all day long, husbands beat their wives, pigs wandered the streets. 'Ideas, and then more ideas!' thought Siderov. 'That's what we need.' Having rented premises for his shop he went to Moscow and brought back numerous authors, arranged all these wares on shelves. In the first three weeks he had no customers at all. Siderov sat behind the counter, read his Mikhaylovsky and tried to think high-minded thoughts. Whenever he suddenly felt like buying some bream and gruel, say, he would immediately fi.nd himself thinking how very cheap such thoughts were. Every day a frozen wench, in kerchief and leather galoshes on bare feet, nuhed headlong into his shop and asked for two copecks' worth of vinegar. 'You have come to the wrong address, madam,' Siderov would answer scornfully. Whenever a friend visited him he adopted a portentous, enigmatic expression, took downwn Volume Three of Pisarev from the remotest shelf, blew off the dust and spoke, his expression hinting that he had a few other items in the shop, but was afraid to show them. 'Yes, old man. That's quite something, I assure

you, er Yes, er At this point, old man, in a word, I must say, er, you understand, er, you'll be really shaken ifyou read this, indeed you will.'

old and new, and plenty of textbooks, and

'You mind you don't get into trouble, old boy.' Three weeks later the first customer arrived. This was a fat, white- haired individual with sidewhiskers, wearing a peaked cap with a red band and looking like a country squire. He demanded Part Two of Our Native Word and asked for slate pencils. 'I don't keep them.' 'Well, you should. It's a pity you don't. One doesn't want to go to market for a little thing like that.' 242 the story of a commercial venture 'Now, I really should keep slate pencils,' thought Siderov after his customer liad left. 'One shouldn't specialize too narrowly here in the provinces, one should sell anything cmmected with education: any-thing which fosters it in some way or other.' He wrote to Moscow and within a month his window display included pens, pencils, fountainpens, exercise-books, slates and other school requisites. Boys and girls took to dropping in occasionally, and there was even a day when he made one rouble forty copecks. Once the girl in leather galoshes hurtled in. He had already opened his mouth to tell her scornfully that she had come to the wrong addres*. but 'Give me one copeck's worth of paper and a seven-copeck stamp!' she shouted. Thereafter Siderov started keeping postage and revenue scamps, and also forms for promissory notes. About eight months after the opening of the shop a lady came in to buy pens and asked if he kept school-children's satchels. 'No, alas, madam.' 'Oh, what a pity! Then show me your dolls: just the cheap ones.' 'I don't keep dolls either, madam,' said Siderov dolefully. He wrote to Moscow without more ado and soon satchels, dolls, drums, sabres, mouthorgans, balls and various other coys appeared in his shop. 'This is all rubbish,' he told his friends. 'But just wait till I get some teaching aids and educarional toys. My cducational section shall be grounded, so to speak, in the most refmed deductions of science, see, in other words' He ordered dumb-bells, croquet and backgammon sets, a child's billiard-table, gardening tools for children and a couple of dozen highly ingenious educational g.imes. Then, to their immense delight, passing townsfolk noticed two bicycles, one large, the other smaller. Business picked up splendidly. Trade was particularly brisk at Yuletide when Sidcrov put up a notice in his window stating that he sold Christmas tree decorations. Tll slip in a spot ofhygiene too, see?' he told his friends, and rubbed his hands. 'Just wait till my next trip to Moscow. I'll have filters and sundry scientific gadgets-you"l be crazy about them, in a word. One mustn't ignore science, old man, that one mustn't.' Having made a tidy profit, he went to Mo.scow and bought various wares there for about five thousand roubles, cash and credit. There were filters, there were first-rate desklamps, there were THE STORY OF A COMMERCIAL VENTURE 243 guitars. There were hygienic luiderpants for children, babies" dummies, purses, sets of toy animals. And he incidentally bought some excellent crockery for five hundred roubles, and was glad of that because hand- some things stands. Once when he climbed up to clear his top shelf there was a bit of a commotion and ten volumes of Mikhaylovsky fell down one after the other. One volume hit him on the head, the others fell straight on to the lamps and broke two globes. 'But what, er, great thick books people do write,' muttered Siderov, scratching himself He picked up all the books, tied them tightly with string and put them under the counter. A couple ofdays later he learnt tlat the grocer next door had been sentenced to penal servitude for causing his nephew bodily harm and that his shop was up to let in consequence. Delighted, Siderov took an option on it. A door was soon made in the wall, the two shops were joined

develop refmed tastes and make for mellow maimers. Returning home from Moscow, he got do-v;n to arranging his new wares on shelves and

sugar and paraftin through force of habit, Siderov did not hesitate to stock up with groceries. He is now one ofthe town's leading

together and were cr:immed with goods. Since the customers in the second shop demanded tea, soap, rolls, dress-making material, haberdashery, chand- lery, gmis, leatherware and ham. He has rented a wine-cellar in the market and he is said to be about to open family baths with individual cubicles. The books which once lay on his shelves, including Volume Three of Pisarev, have long since been sold off at three roubles per hundredweight. At name-day parties and weddings Siderov's former friends, whom he now sneeringly dubs 'Americans', occasionally talk to him about progress, literature and other lofty topics. 'Read the latest **European Herald**, Siderov?' they ask. 'No, I have not,' he answers, screwing up his eyes and toying with his thick watch-chain. 'That does not interest us, we h:ive more sub- stantial concems.' FROM A RETIRED TEACHER'S NOTEBOOK It is argued that family and school should work hand in glove. Very true, but only if the family is a respectable one unconnected with trade or shop-keeping, inasmuch as proximity to the lower orders may hinder a school's progress.

shopkeepers. He deals in crockery, tobacco, tar,

On grounds of humanity, however, one should not deprive shopkeepers and the wealthier tradesfolk of their occasional pleasures—such as asking teachers to a party, shall we say? The words 'proposition' and 'conjunction' make schoolgirls mod- estly lower their eyes and blush, but the teris 'organic' and 'copula- tive' enable schoolboys to face the future hopefully. As the vocative case and certain rare letters of the Russian alphabe.t are practically obsolete, teachers of Russian should in all fairness haVe their salaries reduced, inasmuch as this decline in cases and letters has reduced their work load. Our teachers try to persuade their pupils not to waste time reading novels and newspapers since this hampers concentration and distracts them. Besides, novels and newspapers are useless. But why should pupils believe their mentors if the latter spend so much time on news- papers and magazines? Physician, heal thyself! As for me, I am com- pletely in the clear, not having read a single book or paper for thirty years. When teaching science one should above all ensure that one's pupils have their books bound, inasmuch as one cannot bang them on the head with the spine of an unbound book. Children! What bli« it is to receive one's pension! A FISHY AFFAIR Strange as it may sound, the oily carp in the pond near General Pantalykin's cottage fell head over heiels in love with a holiday visitor, Sonya Mamochkin. But is that really so very remarkable? Lermontov's Demon fell in love with Tamara, after all, and the swan loved Leda. And don't clerks occa.sionally fall for the boss's daughter? Sonya Mamochkin came for a bathc with her aunt each morning and the lovesick carp swam near the pond cdge watching her. Close proximity to the foundry of Krandel and Sons had turned the water brown ages ago, yet the carp could see everything. He saw white clouds and birds soaring through the azure sky, he saw bathing beauties undressing, he saw pecping toms watching them from bushes on the bank and hc saw a fat old woman sitting on a rock complacently stroking herself for five minutes before going in the water. 'Why am I such a great fat cow?' she said. 'Oh,

I do look awful!'

was the c.irp. He swam up to her and began avidly kissing her feet, shoulders, neck. Their dip over, the girls went home for tea and buns while the solitary carp swam round the cnormous pond. 'Therc can be no question of reciprocity, of course,' hc thought. 'As if a beautiful girl like that would fall in love with a carp like me! No, no, a thousand times no! So don't indulge in such fancies, O wretched fish! You have only one course left: death. But what death? This pond lacks revolvers and phosphorous matches. There is only one possible death for us carp: a pike's jaws. But where can I find a pike? There was a

Doffing her ethereal garments, Sonya dived into the water with a shriek, swam about, braced herself against the cold—and there, sure enough,

Brooding on dcath, the yoiing pessimist buried himself in mud and wrote a diary.

Late one afternoon Sonya and her atmt were sitting at the edge of the pond fisling. The carp

pike in this pond once, but even it died of

boredom. Oh, I am so miserable!'

swam near the floats, feasting **lis** eyes on his beloved. Suddenly an idea flashed through his

head. 'I shall die by her hand,' thought he with a gay flip of the fins. 'How marvellous, how sweet a death!' Resolute yet blenching slightly, he swam up to Sonya's hook and took it in his mouth. 'Sonya, you have a bite!' shricked Aunty. 'You've caught some-thing, my dear!' 'Oh. oh!' Sonya jumped up and tugged with all her might. Something golden flashed in the air and flopped on the water, making ripples. 'It got away!' both women shouted, turning pale. 'It got away! Oh, my dear!' They looked at the hook and saw a fi.sh's lower lip on it. 'Oh, you shouldn't have pulled so hard, dear,' said Aunty. 'Now that poor fi.sh has no lip.' After snatching himself off the hook our hero was flabbergasted and it was some time before he realized what was happening to him. Then he came to. 'To live again!' groaned he. 'Oh, mockery of fate!' But noticing that he was minus a lower jaw, the carp blenched and uttered a wild laugh. He had gone mad. It may secm odd, I fear, that I should wish to detain the serious reader's attention with the fate of so iruignificant and dull a creature as a carp. What is so odd about that, though? After all, ladies in literary magazines describe utterly futilc tiddlers and snails. And I am imitating those ladies. Perhaps I may even be a lady and am just hiding behind a man's pseudonym. So our carp went mad. That unhappy fish is still alive. Most carps like to be served fried with sour cream, but my hero would scttle for any death now. Sonya Mamochkin has married a man who keeps a chemist's shop and Aunty has gone to her married sister's in Lipctsk, though there is nothing odd in that because the married sister has six children and they all adore their aunt. But let us continue. Engineer Krysin is director of the foundry of Krandcl and Sons. He has a nephew Ivan, well known as a writer of verse which he eagerly publishes in all the magazines and papers. Passing the pond one hot noontide, our young poet conceived the notion of taking a dip, rcmoved his clothes and entercd the carp infected our poet with pessimism. Suspecting nothing, the poet climbed out of the water and went home uttcring wild guffaws. Several days later he went to St. Petersburg. Having visited some editorial offices there, he infected all the poets with pessinism, from which time onwards our poets have been writing gloomy, melancholy versc. NOTES THE STEPPE a school of the type intended for gentlemen's sons: in the context this phrase effectively translates the original gimnaziya. These 'high schools', as the word is elsewhere rendered, were maintained by the State, set exacting standards, and though originally intended for .sons of the gentry (dvoryanstvo), were not exclusive to them. Chekhov, himself a shopkeeper's son, had graduated from the gimnaziva at Taganrog in

a minor official: literally, 'a Collegiate Secretary': Class Ten in the Tablc of Ranks

south Russia in 1879.

the pond. The mad carp took him for Sonya Mamochkin, swam up and tenderly kissed his back. That kiss had most fatal consequences:

government and the court, with equivalents in the armed forces. the day of Our Lady of Kazan: according to tradition the Kazan Icon of the Virgin had been miraculously discovered in the ground at Kazan in 1.579 by a jo-year-old girl. This event was celebrated annually, on 8 July, from 1595 onwards. Lomonosov: M. V. Lomonosov (1711-65) was the son of a fisherman in the north Russian port of Archangel. He ran away to Moscow at the age of 17, and became famous as a scientist, educationist, poet, and grammarian. 8 on the saint'.< day of our most pious Sovereign Alexander the First of Blessed Memory: reference is to the Emperor Alexander I (1777-1825), who succeeded to the Russian throne in 1801, his saint's day being 30 August. 10 And the Cherubims: Ezekiel 10: 19. 17 the Two-Headi'd Eagle: the emblem of Imperial Russia. the Molokan's farm: the Molokans were members of a religious sect that arosc in about

instituted for the civil service by Peter the Great in 1722. It provided grades for all officials of the

during Lent.

19 an official application form: in order to possess legal validity official applications of certain types had to be transcribed on gerbovaya bumaga: special paper bearing the Imperial Russian crest and sold at a price that constituted a form of taxation on the given transaction.

20 Chernigov: large town in the Ukraine, about So miles nonh of Kiev.

1765, and are sometimes said to derive their name from a habit of drinking milk (moloko)

'broad-striding people like llya Muromets and Solovey the Brigand': two heroes from Russian folk myth.

Slavyanoserbsk: small town in the Donbass, about Ioo miles north of Taganrog.

St. Georgie-Porgie: St George, the patron saint of England, martyred in Palestine, probably in

3 I giants with seven-league boots: literally,

the third or fourth century ad. The name 'Yegor' (of which 'Yegorushka' is a derivative) is an alternative form to Russian 'Georgy' (George); the speaker here employs other variants: 'Yegory' and the comicaUy eccentric form 'Yegorgy'.

Tim in Kursk County: Tim is a small town,

administrative centre of Kursk in central European Russia. St. Barbara: martyred under Maximinus Thrax (235-8) according to legend; the patron saint of pyrotechnicians. 36 Lugansk: large town in the Ukraine, about IOO miles north of Taganrog. Donets: river in the Ukraine and the south of European Russia, a tributary of the Don. 43 Vyazma: large town about I60 miles west of Moscow. 45 Nizhny Novgorod: large town, about 250 miles east of Moscow, now called Gorky. 47 Oryol: large town, about 200 miles south of Moscow. 50 Morshansk: small town, about 240 miles south-east of Moscow. 54 a Dissenter: an adherent of the 'Old BelieP—the ritual of the Russian Orthodox Church as practised before the reforms of the Patriarch Nikon in the mid-seventeenth century. 56 St Peter's Day: 29 June. 76 Peter Mogila: a leading seventeenthcentury cleric and educatio- nist (1596-1647), who

about 400 miles south of Moscow, near the

carried ahout . . . : Hebrews I 3: 9-Basil the Great: leading fourth-cemury churchman (329-79). St. Neslor: ancient Russian historian and chronicler whose exact dates arc unknown but who was probably a monk at the Monastery of the Caves, Kiev, in the late eleventh century. AN AWKWARD HUSINESS 86 Thr Physician: Vrach: a monthly medical newspaper, published in St Petersburg from x880 onwards. 92 had aliained high rank: literally, 'held the rank of Actual State Councillor': Class Four in the Table of Ranks. 97 Blessed are thr peacemakers: Matthew 5: 9. THE HEAUTIES 99 Don Region . . . Rostov-on-Don: Rostov-on-Don, a large town on the River Don, about 13 miles from its mouth in the Sea of Azov. 103 Nakhichevan: Nakhichevan-on-Don was a small town, an Arme- nian colony founded in 1780 near Rostov-on-Don, with which it is now merged. Belgorod; town about 40 miles north-east of

became Metropolitan of Kiev in 1632. Be not

105 The second bell; passengers on Russian railways were warned of a train's departure by a succession of three rings. The first (single) ring took place a quarter of an hour before departure, the second (double) ring gave five minutes' warning, and on the third (triple) peal the train pulled out. THE BET 118 E/brus: 'the highest mountain (18,470 ft.) in the main Caucasian range. THIEVES 123 lhe war. . . San Stefano: the Russo-Turkish War which broke out in 1877, and ended with the Treaty of San Stefano in 1878. 125 Shamil: Shamil (1797-1871) was political and religious leader of the Moslem peoples of the Caucasus in their resistance to conquest by the Russians, who captured him in 1859. I 26 Samoylovka: village in the Province of K harkov. Penza: town, about 500 miles south-east of Moscow. 127 Village community: the village community,

Kharkov. Kharkov: large city in the Ukraine.

was charged with certain administrative responsibilities. I 28 Kuban: the area of the River Kuban, north of the Caucasus. **GUSEV** I 34 Suchan: town in the far east of Siberia, about miles east of Vladivostok. I 37 Captain Kopeykin: a comic Captain Kopeykin figures in Gogol's novel Dead Souls, Part I (1842). Midshipman Dyrka: a comic Midshipman Dyrka is described by Zhevakin, hero of Gogol's play Marriage (1842). i 39 Odessa: large Russian port on the Black Sea. PEASANT WOMEN 148 Oboyan: small town, about 340 miles south of Moscow. I 54 watchman started banging . . in order to warn thieves that they were about, and show their masters that they were awake, Russian watchmen used to bang a stick against a wall, or use some kind of improvised rattle.

IN EXILE

or mir, took decisions about village affairs, and

modern Ulyanovsk) being over 400 miles east of Moscow. The province had a sizeable Tatar element in its population. I6o Kursk: city in central Russia, about 300 miles south of Moscow. Ifi>3 community court: the legal provision whereby a village commune (mir, obshchestvo, or obshchi1U1) was empowered to sentence offending members to exile in Siberia, flogging, etc. rothschild's fiddle 170 St.John's Day . . .: 8 May-the day of St John the Evangelist. St. Nicholas's Day . . . : 9 May—the day ofthe Transference of the Remains of St Nicholas the Miracle-Worker. THE STUDENT Ryurik: Rurik, or Ryurik, a late ninth-century Viking prince of Novgorod, was traditionally the founder of the Rurikid line— the Russian ruling house from 862 to 1598. Ivan the Terrible: Ivan IV, Tsar of Muscovy; born 1530, acceded 1533, died 1584. Peter the Great: Peter I, the first Russian

i 59 Simbirsk Province: this was situated on the middle Volga, the provincial capital (Simbirsk;

'At the Last Supper . . .': in the account which follows Chekhov's student quotes or paraphrases material from the Gospels (Mark 14; Luke 22; John 18), and the translation draws on the Authorized Version at the appropriate points. THE HEAD GARDENER'S STORY 180 Ibsen: the Norwegian playwright Henrik Ibsen (1828-1906). "For in the fatness . . . ': Shakespeare, Hamlet, 111. iv. **PATCH** 185 watchman: owing to the great demand for wood as fuel and building material, it was customary to appoint watchmen to guard the forests against thieves. THE SAVAGE officer of Cossacks: originally frontiersmen and grouped in various specific

emperor; born 1672, acceded 1682, died 1725.

190 officer of Cossacks: originally frontiersmen and grouped in various specific localities, of which the area of the River Don and its tributaries was one, the Cossacks enjoyed special status and privileges in return for which they were obliged to serve in special Cossack

military units.

Provalye: name of a small station about 7 5 miles north of Rostov- on-Don on the Donets

i tht- Dotn-ts Line: the: network of railway lines serving the Donets Basin in the south of European Russia 1\'oi'ocherkassk: town in southern Russia, founded in 1805 as capital of the: Don Cossack Region. IN THE CART 203 Lt>wer Gorodishche: possibly suggested by Old [Staroye] Gorodishche, name of village about 30 miles south-east of Melikhovo, cast of the: River Kashirka, a tributary of the Oka. ON OFFICIAL HUSINESS The Nevsky Prosprkt: the main thoroughfare ofSt Petersburg. Petrovka Street: a street running north from central Moscow. thegaffer on tile parish council: literally, the cantonal elder: a peasant clected to perform certain administrative duties within a volost (group of villages or canton). five years after the serfs were freed: Loshadin is saying that his appointment dates from 1866: i.e. five years after the Emancipa-tion of the Serfs. 225 Fell o.D me perch, I did-came down with a

bump: it was king of the castle one day and dirty

Railway line west of Zverevo.

for him, but now Petrak himself is working for someone else,' 228 Pushkiris 'He clove thesnow in powderedfurrows': the quotation is of line 5. verse II, Canto Five: ofPushkin's verse novel Eugene Onegin (1823-31). 22y T'he Queert of Spades: the opera (18yo) by 1'. I. Tchaikovsky (i84&-<j3), based on l'ushkin's short story with the same tide. AT CHRISTMAS 23!! Charcot: Ican Martin Charcot (1825^3), the French physician and pioneer of psychotherapy. FRAGMENT 239 a senior civil servant: literally 'an actual state councillor', grade four in the Table of Ranks. Cincinnatus: Lucius Quinctius Cincinnatus, the early Roman politician famous for his addiction to farm labour in intervals between serving the Republic as consul (460 bc) and dictator (458 bc). Kaygorodov: D. N. Kaygorodov (b. 1846) was a professor at the St Petersburg Forestry Institute and author of numerous learned works. THE STORY OF A COMMERCIAL VENTURE

rascal thr next: a literal translation would be: 'Mokey had four lackeys, but now Mokey is himself a lackey. Petrak had four men working (1842-190904).

Our Natiue Word: Rodnoye slovo (untraced) was possibly a school reader.

243 European Herald: Vestnik Yevropy: a

241 *Mikhaylovsky:* the Russian political thinker and literary critic N. K. Mikhaylovsky

historico-political and literary monthly of liberal complexion published in St Petersburg/ Petrograd, 1866-1918. A FISHY AFFAIR

Lermontov's Demon fell in love with Tamara: in the long poem The Demon (1839) by M. Yu. Lermontov (1814-41), the devil's kiss destroys

Lermontov (1814-41), the devil's kiss destroys Tamara, the girl whom he loves.

Lipetsk: town about 230 miles south of Moscow.